# Bloomberg MSCI December 2031 Maturity EUR Corporate ESG Screened Index

This document is intended to be read in conjunction with the <u>Bloomberg Euro Corporate Index Methodology</u> and the <u>Bloomberg</u> <u>MSCI ESG Fixed Income Indices Methodology</u>; these documents collectively constitute the index methodology for this Index.

The Bloomberg MSCI December 2031 Maturity EUR Corporate Bond ESG screened Index measures the investment grade, EURdenominated, fixed-rate corporate bond market with additional ESG screening. The index is a maturity constrained subset of the Bloomberg Euro Corporate Index. Issuer exposure is limited to a market capped weight of 3%. Starting on Dec 31<sup>st</sup> of the penultimate year of the target maturity year, the index becomes a static portfolio and all cash flows received from principal payments are equally distributed to a series of Euro treasuries. The index was created in December 2023, with history backfilled to September 1, 2020.

The features specific to this Index are set out below.

Index ID	38442					
Index Ticker	138442EU Index: Total Return EUR Unhedged					
Eligibility Requiremen	ts:					
Currency	Principal and interest must be denominated in EUR					
Sector	Corporate issues only except for the final year of the target maturity when treasury issuers are included for cash management purposes.					
Credit Rating	Investment Grade					
Minimum Amount Outstanding	EUR 300mn minimum par amount outstanding					
Coupon	Fixed rate coupon bonds only. Fixed-to-floating rate bonds are excluded.					
Maturity	• To be eligible for a December 2031 Maturity Corporate Index, securities must mature on or between January 1, 2031, and December 02, 2031.					
	• For callable bonds, include only if next call date and maturity date are in the final 12 months (calendar year) of the Index. For Make whole bonds, next call date need not be in the final 12 months (calendar year) of the index.					
Minimum Liquidity Requirements	See Minimum Amount Outstanding specified above					
Rebalance Date	Monthly					
Issuer Capping	Issuers that exceed 3% of the market value of an uncapped December Maturity Corporate index are limited at 3%. The excess market value over the 3% cap is redistributed on a pro rata basis to all other					

## Bloomberg

issuers' bonds in the index that are under the 3% cap. The process is repeated until no issuer exceeds the 3% limit.

Reinvestment of Cash Flows Intra-month cash flows from interest and principal payments contribute to monthly index returns but are not reinvested at a short-term reinvestment rate between rebalance dates. At each rebalancing prior to an index's target maturity window, cash is effectively reinvested into the Returns Universe for the following month so that index results over two or more months reflect monthly compounding. Each index's universe will become static on Dec 31st of penultimate target maturity year. No ESG/Credit rating upgrades are considered for inclusion in the final year, but downgrades are processed and are treated like maturing bonds.

In the final year, principal amount received from matured/downgraded bonds is invested in the government debt securities (government bonds and T-bills) issued by Germany and France. Only government securities with amount outstanding greater than or equal to 5bn EUR are eligible for selection. A maximum of 20% of the index can be invested in any single government security. Cash is first reinvested in equal amounts across the German and French government securities that mature closest to (either on or after) December 15th, 2031. Once 10% is invested in each government securities that mature after December 15th, 2031. Once 10% is invested in the third and fourth government securities that mature after December 15th, 2031. Once 10% is invested in equal amounts across the next German and French government securities that mature after December 15th, 2031. Once 10% is invested in the third and fourth government securities arcoss the existing 4 government securities and the next German and French government bonds that mature after December 15th, 2031, until 100% of the fund is invested in a minimum of 6 government debt securities, each capped at 20%.

#### **Publication Currency**

Bloomberg may offer this index in additional currencies for both unhedged and hedged indices.

- See Appendix 2 of the <u>Bloomberg Fixed Income Index Methodology</u> for Currency Hedging and Currency Returns.
- See Appendix 12 of the <u>Bloomberg Fixed Income Index Methodology</u> for Index Identification and Publication Currency.

#### Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

This section is not intended to be exhaustive and is being provided for information purposes only - detailed ESG disclosures set out in dedicated section below.

MSCI ESG Controversy	Excludes all issuers with a "red" MSCI ESG Controversy Score (equal to zero), and corporate issuers not covered by MSCI ESG Controversy Research.				
UNGC Compliance	Excludes all that are not in compliance with the United Nations Global Compact Principles				
UN Sanctions	The index excludes sovereign issuers sanctioned by the United Nations Security Council (UNSC).				
MSCI Business Involvement Screens	<ul> <li>The index excludes issues deriving revenue from, or being involved in, business activities related to:</li> <li>Cluster munitions, landmines, biological / chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons, blinding laser weapons, incendiary weapons, and/or non-detectable fragments</li> <li>Conventional Weapons revenue &gt;= 5%</li> <li>Weapons Systems/Components/Support Systems/Services revenue &gt;= 10%</li> <li>Nuclear Dual-Use Components/ Dual-Use Delivery Platforms/ Exclusive Delivery Platforms/ Nuclear Intended-Use Components/ Warheads &amp; Missiles/ Weapons Support Services/ Components of Nuclear Exclusive Delivery Platforms</li> <li>Civilian Firearms Producers</li> <li>Civilian Firearms revenue &gt;= 5%</li> <li>Tobacco Producers</li> <li>Tobacco revenue &gt;= 5%</li> <li>Thermal Coal &gt;= 5%</li> </ul>				

- Thermal Coal Power Generation >= 5%
- Oil Sands revenue >= 5%

#### **Document Version History**

Date	Update
January 2024	Publication in new format
February 2024	Update to the rules

### **Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Disclosures**

Where an index applies MSCI screens and a security/issuer is not included in the MSCI research coverage for that screen, unless otherwise noted, this index will include such security/issuer, provided it meets the relevant index eligibility rules. This applies to Government, securitized issuers (ABS, CMBS, and MBS), and corporate issuers not covered by MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Data, MSCI ESG Controversy Scores, and MSCI ESG Climate Data & Metrics, and also to Corporate issuers not covered by MSCI ESG Research.

1. Name of the benchmark administrator.		Bloomberg Index Services Limited ("BISL")			
<b>2</b> . Type of benchmark		Fixed Income			
<b>3</b> . Name of the benchmark or family of benchmarks.		Bloomberg MSCI December 2031 Maturity EUR Corporate Bond ESG screened Index			
<b>4</b> . Does the benchmark methodology for the benchmark or family of benchmarks take into account ESG factors?		Yes			
the benchmark ı Please explain h	methodology, taking into ac ow those ESG factors are us	count the ESG fac sed for the selection	for each family of benchmarks, those ESG factors that are taken into account i ctors listed in Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816. on, weighting or exclusion of underlying assets. d average value at the level of the family of benchmarks.		
a) List of Combined factors considered:	Overall ESG rating of top ten benchmark constituents by weighting in the benchmark	N/A	The Indices do not take this ESG factor into account in the methodology.		
	ESG Controversy Score	Exclusion	<ul> <li>The Index excludes researched constituents based on the controversy score associated with the issuer. Any issuer with a "red" MSCI ESG Controversy Score (equal to zero), or issuers not covered by MSCI ESG Controversy research, are excluded from the Index.</li> <li>MSCI ESG Controversies identifies company involvement in major ESG controversies and adherence to international norms and principles such as UNGC and ILO Core Conventions.</li> <li>The methodology measures companies' public profiles based on actual or alleged involvement in adverse impact activities across the 3 ESG pillars. Each controversy is assigned a flag depending on severity, direct vs indirer involvement of the company and whether it's ongoing, partially or fully concluded. The overall company controversy score and corresponding flat is determined by the most severe ESG controversy case:</li> <li>A Red Flag indicates an ongoing Very Severe ESG controversy implication a company directly through its actions, products, or operations.</li> <li>An Orange Flag indicates a Severe ongoing controversy that is either partially resolved or indirectly attributed to companies' actions, products, or operations.</li> <li>Yellow indicates noteworthy ESG controversies.</li> <li>Green indicates either less significant ESG controversies or none at all.</li> </ul>		
	UNGC Global	Exclusion	Please refer to the ESG Controversies and Global Norms Methodology that can be accessed <u>here.</u> Excludes researched companies that are not in compliance with the United		

			Please refer to the ESG Controversies and Global Norms Methodology that can be accessed <u>here.</u>
b) List of environmental	Thermal Coal Power Generation	Exclusion	Excludes researched companies deriving 5% or more revenue from thermal coal based power generation.
factors considered:	Fossil Fuels	Exclusion	<ul> <li>Excludes researched companies deriving 5% or more revenue from the mining of thermal coal (including lignite, bituminous, anthracite and steam coal) and its sale to external parties. It excludes: revenue from metallurgical coal; coal mined for internal power generation (e.g. in the case of vertically integrated power producers); intra-company sales of mined thermal coal; and revenue from coal trading.</li> <li>Excludes researched companies deriving 5% or more revenue from oil sands extraction for a set of companies that own oil sands reserves and disclose evidence of deriving revenue from non-extraction activities (e.g. exploration, surveying, processing, refining); ownership of oil sands reserves with no associated extraction revenues; revenue from intracompany sales.</li> </ul>
c) List of social factors considered:	International treaties and conventions, United Nations principles or, where applicable, national law used in order to determine what constitutes a controversial weapon	Exclusion	<ul> <li>The list of treaties and conventions related to the "Controversial Weapons %" metric is provided below:</li> <li>The Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction.</li> <li>The Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on their Destruction.</li> <li>Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction.</li> <li>Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects.</li> <li>The Convention on Cluster Munitions.</li> </ul>
	Controversial Weapons	Exclusion	<ul> <li>Excludes researched companies that:</li> <li>Have any industry tie to cluster munitions.</li> <li>Have any industry tie to the manufacture of landmines except for Safety, which is a positive indicator</li> <li>Manufacture biological and chemical weapons, including weapons that use pathogens such as viruses, bacteria, and disease-causing biological agents, toxins, or chemical substances that have toxic properties to kill, injure, or incapacitate</li> <li>Manufacture key biological and chemical weapons components</li> <li>Ownership by/of a Bio/chemical weapons company</li> <li>Are 50 percent or more owned by a company with biological and chemical weapons involvement</li> <li>Own 20 to 49.99 percent of a company with involvement. When a company owns 50 percent or more of a subsidiary with involvement, MSCI treats it as a consolidated subsidiary</li> <li>Involved in the production of depleted uranium (DU) weapons, ammunition, and armor</li> <li>Ownership by/of a Depleted Uranium weapons company.</li> <li>Are 50 percent or more owned by a company with depleted uranium weapons involvement</li> </ul>

		• Own 20 to 49.99 percent of a company with involvement. When a company owns 50 percent or more of a subsidiary with involvement, MSCI treats it as a consolidated subsidiary
		• Manufacture weapons utilizing laser technology that causes permanent blindness to the target
		Ownership by/of a Blinding Laser Manufacturer
		Manufacture incendiary weapons using white phosphorus
		Ownership by/of an Incendiary Weapons Manufacturer
		• Manufacture weapons that use non-detectable fragments to inflict injury to targets
		Ownership by/of a Non-detectable Weapons Manufacturer
Civilian Firearms	Exclusion	<ul> <li>Excludes researched companies that:</li> <li>manufacture firearms and small arms ammunitions for civilian markets. The research does not cover companies that cater to the military, government, and law enforcement markets</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>derives aggregate revenue of 5% or more from the manufacture and retail of civilian firearms and ammunition</li> </ul>
Conventional Weapons	Exclusion	Excludes researched companies that: • derives aggregate revenue of 5% or more from the production of conventional weapons
		<ul> <li>derives aggregate revenue of 10% or more from weapons systems, components, and support systems and services.</li> </ul>
Weapons - Nuclear Dual-Use Components	Exclusion	Excludes researched companies that manufacture components that were not developed or not significantly modified for exclusive use in nuclear weapons (warheads and missiles). I.e., these components can be used in both nuclear and conventional weapons.
Weapons - Nuclear Dual-Use Delivery Platforms	Exclusion	Excludes researched Companies that manufacture or assemble delivery platforms that were not developed or not significantly modified for the exclusive delivery of nuclear weapons. i.e., these platforms are capable of delivering conventional weapons.
Weapons - Nuclear Intended-Use Components	Exclusion	Excludes researched companies that manufacture components that were developed or are significantly modified for exclusive use in nuclear weapon (warheads and missiles). INCLUDES companies with contracts to operate/manage government-owned facilities that manufacture components for nuclear warheads and missiles, such as fissile materials, non-nuclear components, explosives, triggers and detonators, etc.
Weapons - Nuclear Exclusive Delivery Platforms	Exclusion	Excludes researched companies that manufacture or assemble delivery platforms that were developed or significantly modified for the exclusive delivery of nuclear weapons.
Weapons - Components of Nuclear Exclusive Delivery Platforms	Exclusion	Excludes researched companies that manufacture components for nuclear- exclusive delivery platforms.
Weapons - Nuclear Warheads & Missiles	Exclusion	Excludes researched companies that manufacture nuclear warheads and/or whole nuclear missiles. Includes assembly and integration of warhead and missile body. INCLUDES companies with contracts to operate/manage government-owned facilities that manufacture nuclear warheads and missiles.
Weapons - Nuclear Weapons Support Services	Exclusion	Excludes researched companies that provide auxiliary services related to nuclear weapons, such as repairing and maintaining nuclear weapons, providing overhaul and upgrade services (including engineering), stockpiling and stewardship, R&D work, testing and simulations, etc. INCLUDES companies with contracts to operate/manage government-

			owned facilities that conduct R&D, testing, simulations, and other essential sciences on nuclear weapons.			
	Tobacco	Exclusion	Excludes researched companies classified as a "Producer," or deriving 5% or more of their aggregate revenue from the production, distribution, retail, supply, and licensing of tobacco related products.			
d) List of governance factors considered:	Weighted Average Governance Rating of the Benchmark	N/A	The Indices do not take this ESG factor into account in the methodology.			
benchmark meth relevant underlyin Please explain ho The ESG factors s value of the benc Alternatively, all explanation. The	odology, taking into accoung asset concerned. We those ESG factors are us shall not be disclosed for e chmark. Of this information may be information on the websit eir website remains availab	int the ESG factors li sed for the selection ach constituent of th provided in the forr se shall be easily ava	or each benchmark, those ESG factors that are taken into account in the isted in Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, depending on the a, weighting or exclusion of underlying assets. The benchmark, but shall be disclosed at an aggregated weighted average m of a hyperlink to a website of the benchmark administrator included in this illable and accessible. Benchmark administrators shall ensure that information			
considered:						
	ctors considered:	See above.				
c) List of governa	nce factors considered:	See above.				
7. Data and stand	7. Data and standards used.					
<ul> <li>7. Data and standards used.</li> <li>a) Data input.</li> <li>(i) Describe whether the data are reported, modelled or, sourced internally or externally.</li> <li>(ii) Where the data are reported, modelled or sourced externally, please name the third party data provider.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>All ESG data for the benchmarks is sourced externally from:</li> <li>MSCI Research esgclientservice@msci.com https://www.msci.com/research-and-insights</li> <li>MSCI ESG Research relies on a proprietary methodology informed by a range of data sources.         <ul> <li>Reported data</li> <li>Corporate documents: annual reports, proxy filings, environmental and social reports, securities filings, websites and Carbon Disclosure Project responses. Externally sourced data</li> <li>Government data: central bank data, U.S. Toxic Release Inventory, Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Information System (CERCLIS), RCRA Hazardous Waste Data Management System, etc. We continue to assess the value of other, similar information sources, particularly for European companies.</li> <li>Popular, trade, and academic journals: accessed through websites, subscriptions and searches of online databases.</li> <li>News media: major news publications globally, including local-language sources across a range of markets.</li> <li>Relevant organizations and professionals: reports from and interviews with trade groups, industry experts and nongovernmental organizations familiar with the companies' operations and any related controversies</li> </ul> </li> <li>Modelled data         <ul> <li>For climate-related metrics, when data is not disclosed by companies, MSCI ESG Research uses a proprietary GHG emission estimation model.</li> <li>When companies do not report exact revenue figures for a covered business activity, MSCI ESG Research provides an estimate of the extent of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
			es (ESG Ratings, Environmental, Social and Governance pillars), MSCI ESG as macro-level risk exposure for companies´ based on the type and location of			

	n				
	operations, distribution of products. Data sources used in the exposure calculations include, but not limited to:				
	Comprehensive Environmental Data Archive (CEDA)				
	US Department of Energy; International Council on Clean Transportation				
	Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory, Columbia University				
	Organization of Economic Co-Operation and Development (OECD)				
	Canadian Industrial Water Survey				
	Hoekstra, A.Y. and Mekonnen, M.M. (2011)				
	Ecorisk				
	World Development Indicators (WDI)				
	Annual Change of Forest Resources _ Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)				
	World Wildlife Fund (WWF)				
	US EPA's Toxics Release Inventory (TRI)				
	Risk-Screening Environmental Indicators (RSEI)				
	US Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)				
	International Labour Organization (ILO)				
	US Occupational Health & Safety Administration (OSHA)				
	UK Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR)				
	International Chemical Secretariat (ChemSec) Substitute It Now (SIN) List				
	International Monetary Fund (IMF)				
	World Health Organization (WHO)				
	UN Principles for Responsible Investments (UN PRI)				
	World Resource Institute (WRI)				
	Consultative Group to Assist the Poor (CGAP)				
	US Census Bureau Current Population Survey Supplement				
	World Bank Governance Indicators (WGI)				
	Transparency International (TI)				
	World Bank (WB)				
	SNL Financial				
	Thomson Financial				
	Refer to the <u>MSCI ESG &amp; Climate Methodologies page</u> for further details on the data sources for the relevant ESG factors.				
b) Verification of data and guaranteeing the quality of those data.	MSCI ESG Controversies and Global Norms				
Describe how data are verified and how the quality of those data is ensured.	The consistency of ESG controversies assessments and scoring based on MSCI ESG Controversies and Global Norms Methodology is ensured through ongoing peer review and MSCI ESG Controversies Methodology Committee (CMC) reviews. The CMC has direct oversight of the content of the company ESG Controversies reports and of the consistent application of the methodology.				
	The following situations require CMC review and approval:				
	• Proposed downgrades of controversy cases to Red Flag status must first be approved by the CMC before being escalated to the MSCI ESG Methodology Committee (EMC).				
	• Proposed upgrades of controversy cases from Red Flag status.				
	<ul> <li>Proposed significant score changes to existing controversy cases.</li> </ul>				

	<ul> <li>Proposed designation of a case as of Historical Concern (whereby the case no longer has a score or a corresponding flag, but is retained in the company's ESG Controversies report for context and reference).</li> </ul>
	In addition to ESG controversy case reviews and approvals, the CMC reviews and approves clarifications and updates to the MSCI ESG Controversies and Global Norms methodology.
	The CMC escalates selected individual ESG controversy cases, including upgrades from and downgrades to Red Flag status, to the EMC, which governs all MSCI ESG solutions and presides over the development, review and interpretation of all ESG Research methodologies, including the MSCI ESG Controversies and Global Norms methodology. The EMC is also responsible for the review and approval of revisions to the MSCI ESG Controversies and Global Norms methodology
	Please see the MSCI ESG Controversies and Global Norms Process via their <u>ESG</u> <u>Methodologies website</u> for further detail.
	MSCI Business Involvement Screens Initial company research and analysis is followed by a rigorous quality review process. Data accuracy and company profiles are peer-reviewed, then sent to content leads for final approval. In specific cases in which a company's business activity is not clearly defined by MSCI ESG Research's methodology and there is no precedent, the case is escalated to the Head of Screening Research. Cases that require further interpretation or an update to the methodology are brought to the MSCI ESG Impact and Screening Methodology Committee for resolution.
c) Reference standards <i>Describe the international standards used</i> <i>in the benchmark methodology.</i>	<b>MSCI ESG Controversies and Global Norms</b> The evaluation framework used in MSCI ESG Controversies is designed to be consistent with international norms represented by the UN Declaration of Human Rights, the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, and the UN Global Compact principles.
	<b>MSCI Business Involvement Screens</b> The MSCI ESG Research team utilised a combination of industry classifications, business descriptions and keyword searches in company filings to identify potential involvement in each of the screening topics.
Date on which information has been last updated and reason for the update:	February 2024 (change to Weapons screening)

#### **Disclaimer**

This document and the information contained in it, including without limitation all text, data, graphs and charts (collectively, the "Information") is the property of MSCI Inc. and/or its affiliates (collectively, "MSCI"), Bloomberg Index Services Limited and/or its affiliates (collectively, "Bloomberg"), or their licensors, direct or indirect suppliers or any third party involved in making or compiling any Information (MSCI and Bloomberg, collectively, the "Information Providers") and is provided for informational purposes only. The Information may not be reproduced or disseminated in whole or in part without prior written permission from the authorized Information Provider(s). All rights in the Bloomberg MSCI Environmental, Social & Governance (ESG) fixed income indices (the "ESG Indices") vest in MSCI and Bloomberg. The Information may not be used to create derivative works or to verify or correct other data or information. For example (but without limitation), the Information may not be used to create indices, databases, risk models, analytics or software, or in connection with issuing, offering, sponsoring, managing or marketing securities, portfolios, financial products or other investment vehicles utilizing or based on, linked to, tracking or otherwise derived from the Information.

The user of the Information assumes the entire risk of any use it makes or permits to be made of the Information. NONE OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDERS MAKES ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION (OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY THE USE THEREOF) AND, TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EACH INFORMATION PROVIDER EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF ORIGINALITY, ACCURACY, TIMELINESS, NON-INFRINGEMENT, COMPLETENESS OR MERCHANTABILITY).

Without limiting any of the foregoing and to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall any Information Provider have any liability regarding any of the Information including with respect to any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential (including lost profits) or other damages even if notified of the possibility of such damages. The foregoing shall not exclude or limit liability that may not by applicable law be excluded or limited, including without limitation (as applicable), for death or personal injury to the extent such injury results from the negligence or willful default of itself or its servants, agents or sub-contractors.

Information containing historical information, data or analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of future performance, analysis, forecast or prediction. Past performance does not guarantee future results. All levels, prices and spreads are historical and do not represent current market levels, prices or spreads, some or all of which may have changed since the publication of this document.

None of the Information constitutes an offer to sell (or a solicitation of an offer to buy), any security, financial product or other investment vehicle or any trading strategy.

MSCI's wholly-owned subsidiary, MSCI ESG Research LLC, is a Registered Investment Adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Except with respect to any applicable products or services from MSCI ESG Research LLC, none of MSCI's products or services recommends, endorses, approves or otherwise expresses any opinion regarding issuers, securities, financial products or instruments or trading strategies and none of MSCI's products or services is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and no such products or services may be relied on as such.

The ESG Indices use ratings and other data, analysis and information from MSCI ESG Research LLC. Issuers mentioned or included in any MSCI ESG Research materials may include MSCI Inc., clients of MSCI, or suppliers to MSCI, and may also purchase research or other products or services from MSCI ESG Research LLC. MSCI ESG Research LLC materials, including materials utilized in ESG Indices or other products, have not been submitted to, nor received approval from, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory body. ESG Indices are unmanaged indices that cannot be invested in directly. None of the ESG Indices recommend, endorse, approve or otherwise express any opinion regarding any issuer, securities, financial products or instruments or trading strategies and none of the ESG Indices are intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and they may not be relied on as such. Any funds, products or other securities or investment vehicles using or based on the ESG Indices are not sponsored, endorsed, or promoted by Bloomberg or MSCI.

Any use of or access to the ESG Indices requires a license from both MSCI and Bloomberg. Any use of or access to other products, services or information of Bloomberg requires a license from Bloomberg. Any use of or access to other products, services or information of MSCI requires a license from MSCI. MSCI, Barra, RiskMetrics, MSCI ESG Research, FEA, and other MSCI brands and product names are the trademarks or service marks of MSCI. BLOOMBERG is a trademark and service mark of Bloomberg Finance L.P. The Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was developed by and is the exclusive property of MSCI and Standard & Poor's. "Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS)" is a service mark of MSCI and Standard & Poor's.

©2024 Bloomberg Finance L.P. All rights reserved

Take the next step.	<b>Beijing</b>	Hong Kong	<b>New York</b>	<b>Singapore</b>
For additional information,	+86 10 6649 7500	+852 2977 6000	+1 212 318 2000	+65 6212 1000
email indexhelp@bloomberg.net or press the <help> key twice on the Bloomberg Terminal*</help>	<b>Dubai</b> +971 4 364 1000	<b>London</b> +44 20 7330 7500	<b>San Francisco</b> +1 415 912 2960	<b>Sydney</b> +61 2 9777 8600
bloomberg.com/indices	<b>Frankfurt</b>	<b>Mumbai</b>	<b>São Paulo</b>	<b>Tokyo</b>
	+49 69 9204 1210	+91 22 6120 3600	+55 11 2395 9000	+81 3 4565 8900

Bloomberg MSCI December 2031 Maturity EUR Corporate ESG Screened Index