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13 First-Citizens Bank & Trust Company	11			
13 14	12	Attorneys for Plaintiff		
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For its Complaint, Plaintiff, First-Citizens Bank & Trust Company ("First Citizens"), states as follows against Defendants, HSBC Holdings plc a/k/a The HSBC Group a/k/a Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation ("HSBC Holdings"), HSBC USA Inc. ("HUSI"), HSBC Bank USA, N.A. ("HSBC Bank USA"), HSBC UK Bank plc ("HSBC UK"), Silicon Valley Bank UK Limited n/k/a HSBC Innovation Bank Limited ("SVB UK") (the entity defendants are sometimes collectively referred to herein as the "HSBC Entities"); Sunita Patel ("Patel"), Melissa Stepanis ("Stepanis"), Peter Kidder ("Kidder"), Kevin Longo ("Longo"), Rebekah Hanlon ("Hanlon"), and Katherine Andersen ("Andersen") (collectively "Individual Defendants"); and David Sabow ("Sabow") (all defendants collectively, "Defendants"):

I. INTRODUCTION

On March 27, 2023, First Citizens acquired certain assets and liabilities of Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB"), which had failed two weeks before. Unbeknownst to First Citizens, Defendants were already weeks into executing a scheme to plunder the "core of [SVB's] profitability engine" and create a business that, once lifted out, would be able to immediately and effectively compete against First Citizens, without investing the time or resources necessary to start and grow a new business. Defendants brazenly took and misused SVB's confidential, proprietary and trade secret information to execute their scheme. Indeed, Defendant David Sabow, the chief architect of this scheme, acted as if SVB's "profitability engine"—and the proprietary information about it—was his for the taking. He was wrong.

Just two weeks after First Citizens acquired certain assets and liabilities of SVB,

Defendants executed the first "wave" of their scheme, raiding forty-two First Citizens employees
over the Easter holiday weekend, coordinating mass resignations at around 9:00 p.m. on Easter
Sunday, April 9, 2023 without notice. Over the course of about thirty minutes, these employees
resigned *en masse* by email, effective immediately. Led to HSBC Bank USA by Sabow, who had
promised them great fortune for their defection, all forty-two were onboarded without delay.

Defendants' theft and misuse of confidential, proprietary and trade secret information, deliberate disruption of First Citizens' business operations, unfair competition, and other unlawful conduct demand a substantial award of compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be

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proved at trial, in excess of \$1 billion.

II. NATURE OF THE CASE

- 1. When SVB collapsed on Friday, March 10, 2023, it sent shockwaves through the worldwide economy and triggered immediate action from governmental regulators. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") assumed control of SVB and began looking for a healthy and stable bank to buy it.
- 2. A similar process played out across the Atlantic, where the Bank of England exercised its supervisory powers to seize the assets of SVB's UK affiliate, SVB UK. While it would take just over two weeks for SVB to find a new home in the United States with First Citizens, SVB UK was acquired by Defendant HSBC UK on Monday, March 13, 2023, for a nominal £1 (approximately \$1.21).
- 3. Immediately upon the acquisition of SVB UK, Sabow became an HSBC executive. Sabow had been a senior executive of SVB just months before. Together, the HSBC Entities and Sabow immediately engineered a scheme to plunder what Sabow deemed the "core of [SVB's] profitability engine." (The role of each of the HSBC Entities' involvement in this scheme is set forth in more detail below.) Sabow called this scheme Project Colony. As a recent SVB senior executive, he was uniquely situated to lead the execution of this scheme, which he memorialized in a written plan that he shared with the HSBC Entities.

A. Trade Secrets and Confidential Information

- 4. One part of the scheme was to unlawfully misappropriate SVB's and First Citizens' confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. That information included:
 - tables of data reflecting SVB's U.S. Accelerator & Growth "win rate" and volumes against its core competitors;
 - data and the underlying analysis supporting SVB's market share within the particular U.S. market segments and borrower types;
 - data regarding SVB's Life Sciences & Technology market share percentages based on
 market capitalization and the total amounts that SVB's Life Sciences & Technology
 team had in deposits and investments in clients with the amount of future
 commitments, broken down by types of financing arrangements SVB Life Sciences &
 Technology is to make and the expected Gross Profit growth, efficiency, and yields on
 this SVB team's investments and relationships;

- SVB's practice overview notes, including the pace at which "right now" SVB's Accelerator & Growth group adds clients, qualitative and quantitative numbers of clients, as well as an internal ranking of clients according to SVB's valuation criteria;
- extensive compilations of information regarding SVB's clients relevant to their needs for the services provided by SVB;
- information regarding SVB's employee capacity, head count, and ability to attract and meet the needs of the particular customers targeted by SVB;
- information identifying the names, positions and salaries of dozens of former SVB employees that Sabow had identified as "key professionals," as well as their locations, skillsets and performance/capability ratings, and the markets they covered;
- information regarding SVB's loan portfolios with implied revenue and growth; and
- an analysis of SVB's loans within its Accelerator & Growth Group.
- 5. Sabow's written financial projections in Project Colony were based on and incorporated SVB's and First Citizens' confidential, proprietary and trade secret information.
- 6. When Sabow needed additional proprietary information to fill in parts of Project Colony, he got it from the individually named Defendants as well as other, unsuspecting SVB/First Citizens employees in the United States—sometimes telling them (falsely) it was okay because he was coming back to SVB in the U.S. In one instance, after an employee asked Sabow whether he still worked for SVB, Sabow directed the employee to send the proprietary information he sought to Defendant Patel. Upon receiving the proprietary information, Patel provided it to Sabow to help develop Project Colony.
- 7. Like the written financial projections for Project Colony, Sabow and others formulated employment and compensation offers for future employees using SVB's and First Citizens' confidential information.
- 8. By improperly obtaining and misusing SVB's and First Citizens' confidential and proprietary information, the HSBC Entities and Sabow short-circuited the normally expensive and lengthy process to do things such as conduct market research and develop competent financial projections necessary for launching a commercial banking business of the nature contemplated by Project Colony. Instead, in a matter of a few weeks, the Defendants were able to develop and execute Project Colony. In Sabow's own words, Project Colony was about "recreating a better version of the prior dominant platform" at SVB.

B. "Lifting Out" Key Employees

- 9. Another part of the scheme required the HSBC Entities "to move quickly" to hire "six identified core leaders in the U.S.," along with an initial wave of an "additional 35 professionals already identified" who were also First Citizens employees. Sabow referred to these six core leaders interchangeably as the "Founders" or the "Pillars." Individual Defendants Patel, Stepanis, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen were chosen as the "Pillars" because Sabow considered them to be "key functional leaders" with "superb client and employee followership." In fact, First Citizens likewise considered these individuals to be "key functional leaders" and had anticipated them continuing as members of First Citizens' transition team to lead post-acquisition activity for the combined SVB-First Citizens team.
- 10. With the direction, approval, aid and encouragement of all of the HSBC Entities, Sabow and HSBC Bank USA promised the Pillars leadership roles and substantial compensation—so long as they joined Sabow's quest to "lift out" the additional thirty-five-plus employees from SVB's "profitability engine."
- 11. The leadership of each of the HSBC Entities agreed to help orchestrate and fund Project Colony, which contemplated HSBC Bank USA hiring the forty-two employees that Sabow had selected because Sabow told the leadership of each of the HSBC Entities that HSBC as an institution stood to profit well over \$1 billion from this plan within the next five years.
- bank acquires the team and assets, I am going to build something to put them out of business, because our team members and the market deserves better." (Emphasis added). Sabow also asked some of the Individual Defendants to plan for "what parts of SVB" they would want to "retain" and to dream about what they could do with those assets. Sabow ambitiously viewed the SVB team as his own, and it did not matter to him that "the team and assets" were not his to sell.
- 13. After Sabow and the HSBC Entities financially incented the Pillars, each Pillar was tasked with recruiting their "key professional" subordinates while still employed by First Citizens. Undeterred by the duties of loyalty they owed to First Citizens and, for some of them, their contractual obligations not to solicit fellow employees, the Pillars conspired with the other

Defendants to execute Project Colony. Never once did the Pillars communicate to First Citizens' leaders that the business was under attack from within, or do anything to stop it.

C. Execution of the Scheme

- 14. Over the Easter holiday weekend, HUSI, HSBC Bank USA, Sabow, and the six Pillars (who were at that time employees of First Citizens) orchestrated a massive lift-out by interviewing and extending high-pressure offers to select First Citizens employees, arranging virtual meetings and direct communications with one or more HUSI and HSBC Bank USA senior executives, preparing and coordinating *en masse* resignations, and ensuring immediate onboarding.
- 15. Around nine o'clock on Easter Sunday evening, April 9, 2023, more than forty First Citizens employees, including the six Pillars, began submitting their resignations via email, effective immediately. Within approximately thirty minutes, they had all resigned without any prior notice to First Citizens.
- 16. If stable banks are to be incented to rescue failed banks to restore financial stability, opportunistic competitors and insiders cannot take and replicate the bank's assets—its highly sensitive confidential, proprietary and trade secret information—before the resolution can be implemented, like the Defendants did here. To permit otherwise not only condones a breach of legal obligations but discourages stable banks from coming to the rescue when other banks fail.
- 17. The "profitability engine" of SVB was not Defendants' to "colonize." Rather, First Citizens properly acquired it through the process established by the government to protect SVB's customers and maintain the integrity of the financial system. First Citizens did so with the reasonable expectation that the purchase would be free from unlawful interference by third parties.
- 18. First Citizens remains the healthy and stable bank, it has been for 125 years. But as with any other rescuer of a failed bank, First Citizens is entitled to protect its rights of exclusive ownership of its property. Defendants have wrongfully interfered with those rights, and First Citizens is entitled to compensation from them. First Citizens' claims against Defendants relate to Defendants' theft and interference with the property rights that First Citizens acquired,

Defendants' intentional disruption to First Citizens' business operations, and the loss of future profits and other damages. III. THE PARTIES 19. Plaintiff First Citizens is a corporation organized under the laws of the state of North Carolina, with its principal place of business located at 4300 Six Forks Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609. 20. Defendant HSBC Holdings is a corporation organized under the laws of England, with its headquarters located at 8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, United Kingdom. HSBC Holdings is the ultimate corporate parent of each of the other entity defendants: HUSI, HSBC Bank USA, HSBC UK, and SVB UK. HSBC Holdings undertook the unlawful conduct described below by and through the actions of its employees and agents, including Noel Quinn (its CEO), Greg Guyett (its CEO of Global Banking & Markets), Barry O'Byrne (its CEO of Global Commercial Banking), Willard McLane (its Group Head of Strategy and Corporate Development), Sungmahn Seo (its Managing Director of Commercial Banking), Mary MacLeod (its Global Head of Strategy and Chief Commercial Officer, Global Banking and Markets), Michael Roberts (its Group Managing Director and a member of its Executive Committee),

Sabow, and each of the Individual Defendants.

- 21. Defendant HUSI is a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Maryland, with its headquarters located at 452 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10018. HUSI and its employees offer a full range of traditional banking products and services through its subsidiary HSBC Bank USA. HUSI undertook the unlawful conduct described below by and through the actions of its employees and agents, including Michael Roberts (its Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and Chief Executive Officer), Wyatt Crowell (its Senior Executive Vice President, Head of Commercial Banking), Mabel Rius (its Senior Executive Vice President and Head of Human Resources), Jennifer Capasso (its Head of Embedded Banking & Platforms), Sabow, and each of the Individual Defendants.
- 22. Defendant HSBC Bank USA is a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Delaware, with its headquarters located at 452 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10018.

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1	HSBC Bank V	USA has offices, branches, and ATMs in, and regularly conducts business in,
2	California. H	SBC Bank USA is HUSI's principal subsidiary. HSBC Bank USA undertook the
3	unlawful cond	duct described below by and through the actions of its employees and agents,
4	including Mic	chael Roberts (its Chairman), Wyatt Crowell (its Senior Executive Vice President,
5	Head of Com	mercial Banking), Dianna Hollin (its Head of Executive Recruitment), Sabow, and
6	each of the In	dividual Defendants.
7	23.	Defendant HSBC UK is a corporation organized under the laws of England and
8	Wales, with it	ts headquarters located at 1 Centenary Square, Birmingham, B1 1HQ, United
9	Kingdom. HS	SBC UK is the corporate parent of SVB UK, which it acquired on March 13, 2023.
10	HSBC UK un	ndertook the unlawful conduct described below by and through the actions of its
11	employees an	d agents, including Ian Stuart (its Chief Executive Officer), Stuart Tait (its Head of
12	Commercial I	Banking), Sabow, and each of the Individual Defendants.
13	24.	Defendant SVB UK is a corporation organized under the laws of England and
14	Wales, with it	ts headquarters located at Alphabeta, 14-18 Finsbury Square, London, EC2A 1BR,
15	United Kingd	om. SVB UK undertook the unlawful conduct described below by and through the
16	actions of its	employees and agents, including Erin Platts (its Chief Executive Officer), Paola
17	Parsons (its C	Chief Human Resources Officer), Shweta Solanki (its Chief of Staff), Sabow, and
18	each of the In	dividual Defendants.
19	25.	Defendant David Sabow is an individual who resides in Mill Valley, California.
20	26.	Defendant Sunita Patel is an individual who resides in Pleasanton, California.
21	27.	Defendant Melissa Stepanis is an individual who resides in Westport, Connecticut.
22	28.	Defendant Peter Kidder is an individual who resides in Palo Alto, California.
23	29.	Defendant Kevin Longo is an individual who resides in Southborough,
24	Massachusett	s.
25	30.	Defendant Rebekah Hanlon is an individual who resides in Alamo, California.
26	31.	Defendant Katherine Andersen is an individual who resides in Winchester,

Massachusetts.

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IV. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

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- 32. Subject matter jurisdiction exists in this civil action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because First Citizens asserts federal claims under the Defend Trade Secrets Act ("DTSA"), 18 U.S.C. § 1832 et seq. Among other things, the DTSA "applies to conduct occurring outside the United States if . . . an act in furtherance of the offense was made in the United States." 18 U.S.C. § 1837. The Court also has supplemental or pendent jurisdiction over First Citizens' remaining claims pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 1367 because they form part of the same case or controversy as the federal claims.
- 33. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Sabow because he is a citizen and resident of the state of California. Moreover, at all relevant times, Sabow knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees he raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, Sabow repeatedly met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of Sabow's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Sabow in California or by others in California at Sabow's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information and inducing breaches of other legal obligations. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Sabow's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Sabow regularly and frequently conducted business for SVB within the state of California including but not limited to the time period 2019 through 2022 when he worked in California for SVB. Sabow continues to regularly conduct business in California on behalf of HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, and in concert with SVB UK, HSBC UK, and HSBC Holdings.
- 34. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Patel because she is a citizen and resident of the state of California. Moreover, at all relevant times, Patel knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty

(if not more) of the First Citizens employees she raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Patel repeatedly met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of Patel's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Patel in California or by others in California at Patel's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Patel's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Patel regularly and frequently conducted business for SVB within the state of California including but not limited to the time period 2020 through 2023 when she worked in California for SVB. Patel continues to regularly conduct business in California on behalf of HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, and in concert with SVB UK, HSBC UK, and HSBC Holdings.

35. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Stepanis because, at all relevant times, Stepanis knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees she intended to raid live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Stepanis targeted and solicited employees who lived and worked in California urging them to join HSBC. Many of Stepanis' wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Stepanis in California or by others in California at Stepanis' direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Stepanis' actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Stepanis regularly and frequently visited California throughout her work as an executive for SVB and conducted business for SVB within the state of California. Numerous of the First Citizens employees that Stepanis recruited (as described below) lived and worked for

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SVB and First Citizens in California at the time Stepanis worked to divert them from First Citizens.

- 36. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Kidder because he is a citizen and resident of the state of California. Moreover, at all relevant times, Kidder knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees he raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Kidder repeatedly met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of Kidder's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Kidder in California or by others in California at Kidder's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Kidder's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Kidder regularly and frequently conducted business for SVB within the state of California including but not limited to the time period 1995 through 2023 when he worked in California for SVB. He continues to regularly conduct business in California on behalf of HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, and in concert with SVB UK, HSBC UK, and HSBC Holdings.
- 37. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Longo because, at all relevant times, Longo knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees he intended to raid live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Longo targeted and solicited employees who lived and worked in California urging them to join HSBC. Many of Longo's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Longo in California or by others in California at Longo's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential information, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California.

- The harmful and intended effects of Longo's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Longo regularly and frequently visited California throughout his work as an executive for SVB and conducted business for SVB within the state of California. Numerous of the First Citizens employees that Longo recruited (as described below) lived and worked for SVB and First Citizens in California at the time Longo worked to divert them from First Citizens.
- 38. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Hanlon because she is a citizen and resident of the state of California. Moreover, at all relevant times, Hanlon knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees she raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Hanlon repeatedly met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of Hanlon's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Hanlon in California or by others in California at Hanlon's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Hanlon's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Hanlon regularly and frequently conducted business for SVB within the state of California including but not limited to the time period 2019 through 2023 when she worked in California for SVB. Hanlon continues to regularly conduct business in California on behalf of HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, and in concert with SVB UK, HSBC UK, and HSBC Holdings.
- 39. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Andersen because, at all relevant times, Andersen knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees she intended to raid live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Andersen targeted and solicited employees who lived and worked in California urging them to join HSBC. Many of Andersen's wrongful acts complained of herein,

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including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Andersen in California or by others in California at Andersen's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Andersen's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Andersen regularly and frequently visited California throughout her work as an executive for SVB and conducted business for SVB within the state of California. Numerous of the First Citizens employees that Andersen recruited (as described below) lived and worked for SVB and First Citizens in California at the time Andersen worked to divert them from First Citizens.

- 40. The Court has personal jurisdiction over HSBC Holdings because it, at all relevant times, knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, HSBC Holdings met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of HSBC Holdings' wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of HSBC Holdings' actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. HSBC Holdings regularly conducts business in California in concert with HUSI and HSBC Bank USA.
- 41. The Court has personal jurisdiction over HUSI because it, at all relevant times, knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, HUSI met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of HUSI's wrongful acts

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complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of HUSI's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. HUSI regularly conducts business in California.

- 42. The Court has personal jurisdiction over HSBC Bank USA because it, at all relevant times, knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, HSBC Bank USA met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of HSBC Bank USA's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of HSBC Bank USA's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. HSBC Bank USA regularly conducts business in California.
- times, knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, HSBC UK met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of HSBC UK's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of HSBC UK's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. HSBC UK regularly conducts business in California in concert with HUSI and HSBC Bank USA.

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44. The Court has personal jurisdiction over SVB UK because it, at all relevant times, knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, SVB UK met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of SVB UK's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of SVB UK's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. SVB UK regularly conducts business in California in concert with HUSI and HSBC Bank USA.

45. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district and because a substantial part of the property that is the subject of this action is situated in this district.

V. DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMENT

46. Because this action is an Intellectual Property Action within the meaning of Civil Local Rule 3-2(c), the action is to be assigned on a district-wide basis.

VI. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- A. The Critical Role Played by Banks, And the Far-Reaching Consequences When Banks Fail
- 47. Banks play a critical role in the economy by serving as financial intermediaries that facilitate the flow of funds between individuals, businesses, and governments. They provide a wide range of financial services that are essential for economic growth and stability.
- 48. Banks offer a safe place for individuals and businesses to deposit their money. By pooling deposits together, banks have the ability to lend money to individuals and businesses to support their financial needs.

- 49. Banks are major providers of credit and loans. They offer a range of lending products, including personal loans, mortgages, business loans, and lines of credit.
- 50. Banks play a central role in facilitating payments and transactions. They provide payment services that allow individuals and businesses to make transactions efficiently and securely. These services include issuing debit and credit cards, providing electronic fund transfers, and processing checks.
- 51. Banks support economic growth by channeling money from savers to borrowers, which helps stimulate economic growth. Banks provide financing to businesses, enabling them to invest in new projects, purchase equipment, hire employees, and innovate. By facilitating these activities through lending and investment, banks contribute to job creation, technological advancement and economic development.
- 52. Banks work closely with governments by providing them with financial services. For example, banks process tax payments and manage government accounts. They also help governments raise funds through the issuance of bonds, and they provide advisory services on fiscal matters.
- 53. In light of the wide range of services offered by banks, it is no surprise that when a bank fails, it can cause a ripple effect throughout the economy as individuals and businesses lose access to credit and financial stability. In addition, if depositors lose confidence in the banking system, they may withdraw their funds from other banks causing further instability.
- 54. Creating and building a bank is a complex and time-consuming process, largely due to the need to develop an operational infrastructure. The first steps, among other things, include identifying a target market, validating the viability and potential profitability of a business plan to enter that market, compiling customer, developing comprehensive financial projections that forecast revenues, costs and expenses associated with a business plan, including financial modeling of estimated sales volumes, production costs, operating expenses and anticipated cashflow, formulating the operational efficiency needed to streamline processes, minimize waste, and reduce costs and identifying and assessing potential risks that could impact the profitability of the business plan, such as evaluating market risks, competitive risks and regulatory hurdles.

55. Building a highly specialized bank which incorporates a large new geographic market, such as the United States, focused on high-growth start-ups and innovators in cutting-edge sectors, namely tech and life sciences, is even more complex, risky and time-consuming. It requires in-depth research and commitment of resources to understand and develop solutions for innovation-sector customer needs and demands, as well as understanding and developing protocols and policies to navigate regulatory requirements applicable to specialized and cutting-edge sectors. This form of specialized banking also requires the development of a skilled and experienced workforce and the cultivation of expertise in the creation of tailored banking products and innovative solutions, in the form of bespoke financial services, custom loans, mortgages, and investment services. Additionally, building a strong customer base and brand reputation in this new market are critical components that require strategic planning and ongoing investment. HSBC did not have an established specialized banking platform like this in the United States.

B. When Banks Fail, the Government Steps in

- 56. In the United States, the Resolution and Receivership Rules (12 C.F.R. Part 360) were established by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act in response to the financial crisis of 2008.
- 57. The Resolution and Receivership Rules (the "Rules") are regulations implemented by financial regulators to manage and resolve the insolvency of financial institutions, particularly banks.
- 58. The Rules aim to protect depositors and prevent the spread of financial instability to the wider economy. They provide a framework for the effective management of financial institution insolvencies and contribute to the stability of the financial system.
- 59. The Rules outline the procedures that regulators use to resolve failing banks, including by appointing the FDIC as a receiver to take control of a failed bank. In its role as a receiver, the FDIC is responsible for taking over and managing a failed bank, liquidating its assets, or transferring them to a healthy bank. This helps to ensure that a failed bank's assets and

liabilities are transferred to responsible parties who can continue to serve the needs of the bank's customers and maintain the integrity of the financial system.

60. Interfering with the FDIC's efforts to resolve a failed bank is a serious matter that can have a wide array of detrimental consequences. These consequence include: (i) disrupting the orderly wind-down of a failed bank, potentially leading to panic and loss of confidence in the banking system, which in turn can have ripple effects throughout the economy impacting other financial institutions and damaging overall stability; (ii) contributing to a loss of depositors' confidence, which can trigger bank runs where depositors withdraw funds and potentially cause a liquidity crisis and additional bank failures; (iii) undermining the efficacy of the FDIC's role in stabilizing the financial system; (iv) deterring healthy banks from acquiring the assets and liabilities of failed banks; (v) augmenting costs associated with resolving failed banks thereby increasing expense to taxpayers; and (vi) delaying economic recovery and contributing to the burden imposed on individuals, businesses and the economy.

C. First Citizens' Long and Distinguished History

- 61. First Citizens is a U.S.-based financial institution that has established itself as a respected entity in the banking industry. Having celebrated its 125th year in business in 2023, it is one of the healthy and stable banks that the FDIC relies upon to help rescue failed banks. The bank is headquartered in Raleigh, North Carolina, and operates in various states, including Arizona, California, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Maryland, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.
- 62. For more than a century, First Citizens has demonstrated stability in the banking industry. Its long history indicates a track record of successfully navigating through various economic cycles and challenges, including the Great Depression, multiple recessions, and other financial crises.
- 63. First Citizens has maintained sound financial performance over the years. It has shown consistent profitability, demonstrating its ability to manage risk and generate sustainable growth.

- 64. First Citizens is actively involved in the communities it serves. It supports various community initiatives, charitable organizations, and local events. The bank's commitment to community engagement contributes to its positive reputation and demonstrates its dedication to the well-being of the areas in which it operates.
- 65. First Citizens offers a variety of personal and commercial banking products and services, including checking and savings accounts, loans, credit cards, online and mobile banking, investment and wealth management services, and more.
- 66. As all respectable institutions do, First Citizens prioritizes ethical practices and compliance with regulations. It strives to adhere to industry standards, regulatory requirements, and best practices, ensuring transparency, integrity, and the protection of customer information.
- 67. Since 2009, First Citizens has partnered with the FDIC to successfully complete more than 20 FDIC-assisted transactions—more than any bank in the country.
- 68. As noted above, when a bank fails, the government looks for a reputable and stable institution to help fix the problem. When SVB failed, the FDIC chose First Citizens.

D. History of Silicon Valley Bank

- 69. Until recently, SVB Financial Group ("Holdco") was a bank holding company. Through its various subsidiaries and divisions—such as SVB and SVB UK—Holdco offered a diverse set of banking and financial products and services to clients across the United States, as well as in key international innovation markets.
- 70. For nearly forty years, Holdco's subsidiaries had been dedicated to helping support entrepreneurs and clients of all sizes and stages throughout their life cycles, primarily in the technology, life science/healthcare, private equity/venture capital, and premium wine industries.
- 71. Holdco offered commercial and private banking products and services through its principal subsidiary, SVB, which, until recently, was a California state-chartered bank founded in 1983 and a member of the Federal Reserve System.
- 72. SVB had a unique focus among American banks. It focused on providing its products and services to clients primarily in the technology and life science/healthcare industries as well as global private equity and venture capital clients.

- 73. SVB provided solutions to the financial needs of its commercial company clients throughout their life cycles, beginning with the "emerging" or "early stage" and progressing through later stages as their businesses matured and expanded.
- 74. SVB's technology clients tended to be in the industries of frontier tech and hardware (such as semiconductors, communications, data, storage and electronics), enterprise and consumer software/internet (such as infrastructure software applications, software services, digital content and advertising technology), fintech, and climate technology and sustainability.
- 75. SVB's life science/healthcare clients tended to be in the industries of biopharma, healthtech, medical devices, healthcare services, and diagnostics and tools.
- 76. SVB offered its technology and life science/healthcare commercial clients a full range of credit solutions. These solutions included traditional term loans, growth capital term loans, equipment loans, asset-based loans, revolving lines of credit, warehouse facilities, recurring revenue facilities, mezzanine lending, acquisition finance facilities, corporate working capital facilities standby and commercial letters of credit, project finance loans, and credit card programs.
- 77. SVB's private equity and venture capital clients were often investors in the commercial companies to whom SVB provided banking services. SVB cultivated strong relationships within the private equity and venture capital communities, which in turn helped to facilitate deal flow opportunities between these private equity/venture capital firms and the commercial companies.
- 78. Key to SVB's success was its ability to attract, retain and motivate qualified employees. SVB relied heavily upon employees who have technical or other specialized expertise and/or a strong network of relationships with individuals and institutions within the markets it served.
- 79. SVB invested significant time, money and resources in recruiting, training and developing its skilled and specialized workforce.

E. The Collapse of SVB

- 80. Over a period of two days in March 2023, SVB went from being solvent to being in FDIC receivership.
- 81. On or about March 8, 2023, SVB Financial Group announced it would book a \$1.8 billion loss after selling some of its investments.
- 82. When trading opened on March 9, 2023, SVB Financial Group's stock price plummeted, panic spread across social media, and venture capital firms began pulling their money out of SVB. By the end of the day, depositors had withdrawn approximately \$42 billion.
- 83. On March 10, 2023, SVB was closed by the California Department of Financial Protection and Innovation, which appointed the FDIC as receiver. SVB's collapse marked what was then the second largest bank failure in U.S. history.
- 84. Fears of contagion and systemic failure began to spread. These fears were rooted in a recognition that banks are interlinked; if there is a run on one bank, that may lead to a lack of confidence in the market and a run on other banks.
- 85. International media added to the concerns. For example, CNN reported that "SVB's downfall continue[d] to reverberate across global financial markets." See https://www.cnn.com/2023/03/13/investing/silicon-valley-bank-collapse-explained/index.html. It also reported that in the wake of SVB's collapse, there were "already some signs of stress at other banks." https://www.cnn.com/2023/03/13/investing/silicon-valley-bank-collapse-explained/index.html. It
- 86. Also on March 10, 2023, the FDIC created the Deposit Insurance National Bank of Santa Clara ("DINB") to protect SVB's insured depositors. In an effort to calm fears, the FDIC announced that all depositors would continue to have full access to their insured deposits no later than Monday, March 13, 2023. See https://www.fdic.gov/news/press-releases/2023/pr23016.html. It also announced that uninsured depositors would receive a receivership certificate for the remaining amount of their uninsured funds. https://www.fdic.gov/news/press-releases/2023/pr23016.html. It also announced that uninsured depositors would receive a receivership certificate for the remaining amount of their uninsured funds. https://www.fdic.gov/news/press-releases/2023/pr23016.html. It also announced that uninsured depositors would receive a receivership certificate for the remaining amount of their uninsured funds. https://www.fdic.gov/news/press-releases/2023/pr23016.html. It also announced that uninsured depositors would receive a receivership certificate for the remaining amount of their uninsured funds. https://www.fdic.gov/news/press-releases/2023/pr23016.html.
- 87. On Sunday, March 12, 2023, the Department of the Treasury, the Federal Reserve, and the FDIC issued a joint statement:

Today we are taking decisive actions to protect the U.S. economy by strengthening public confidence in our banking system. This step will ensure that the U.S. banking system continues to perform its vital roles of protecting deposits and providing access to credit to households and businesses in a manner that promotes strong and sustainable economic growth.

After receiving a recommendation from the boards of the FDIC and the Federal Reserve, and consulting with the President [of the United States of America], [Treasury] Secretary Yellen approved actions enabling the FDIC to complete its resolution of Silicon Valley Bank, Santa Clara, California, in a manner that fully protects all depositors. Depositors will have access to all of their money starting Monday, March 13. No losses associated with the resolution of Silicon Valley Bank will be borne by the taxpayer.

* * *

[T]oday's actions demonstrate our commitment to take the necessary steps to ensure that depositors' savings remain safe.

See https://www.fdic.gov/news/press-releases/2023/pr23017.html

- 88. That same day, the Federal Reserve Board announced that it would make available additional funding to eligible depository institutions to help ensure that banks would have the ability to meet the needs of all their depositors. <u>Id.</u>
- 89. Meanwhile, fears of contagion continued to spread, and Signature Bank was closed on March 12, 2023 by its state chartering authority. <u>Id.</u> At the time, this was the third largest bank failure in U.S. history.
- 90. The immediate actions of the Department of the Treasury, the Federal Reserve, and the FDIC illustrated the magnitude of the emergency.
- 91. On Monday, March 13, 2023, in a televised address, President Biden sought to restore confidence in the banking system. Despite his assurances, shares of numerous regional banks continued to slide.
- 92. Also on or about Monday, March 13, 2023, the FDIC transferred all deposits—both insured and uninsured—and substantially all assets of DINB (<u>i.e.</u>, the former Silicon Valley Bank of Santa Clara, California) to a newly created, full-service FDIC-operated "bridge bank" with the stated intent of protecting all depositors of SVB. <u>See https://www.fdic.gov/news/press-releases/2023/pr23019.html.</u> A bridge bank is a chartered national bank that operates under a

board appointed by the FDIC. <u>Id.</u> It assumes the deposits and certain other liabilities and
purchases certain assets of a failed bank. <u>Id.</u> The bridge bank structure is designed to "bridge" the
gap between the failure of a bank and the time when the FDIC can stabilize the institution and
implement an orderly resolution. Id.

- 93. The FDIC also announced that all depositors of the new bank, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, N.A. (the "Bridge Bank") would continue to have full access to their money. <u>Id.</u> All depositors and borrowers of SVB immediately became customers of the Bridge Bank. <u>Id.</u> Additionally, all employees of SVB became employees of the Bridge Bank.
- 94. On March 13, 2023, the Bridge Bank enacted an Enabling Resolution, adopting, among other things: (1) SVB's Standards of Conduct, however identified; (2) SVB's policies and procedures; and (3) SVB's compliance regime. Defendants Patel, Stepanis, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen became employees of the Bridge Bank and remained bound by SVB's Standards of Conduct and policies and procedures, which were adopted by the Bridge Bank.

F. The FDIC Puts the Bridge Bank Up For Auction

- 95. The FDIC is statutorily required to resolve failed institutions in a way that minimizes losses to the Deposit Insurance Fund. See

 https://www.fdic.gov/buying/franchisemarketing/index.html. When doing so, the FDIC's "primary objective is to maintain financial system stability and public confidence." Id.. The FDIC also "tries to reduce the impact on the community." Id..
- 96. With respect to SVB, the FDIC elected to hold an auction. Pursuant to its established practices, the FDIC invited "qualified bidders" to submit bids to acquire the assets and assume the liabilities of the Bridge Bank. Although qualified bidders may participate in the resolution process for a variety of strategic reasons, a successful resolution can provide a seamless transition for depositors and borrowers and calm financial markets and systems. Consequently, the public, businesses, the government, and the entire U.S. and global financial system are all stakeholders in the successful resolution of a failed bank.
- 97. The collective shared interest in successful resolution of SVB was illustrated by a "Statement of Support" signed by approximately 100 venture capitalists shortly after SVB's

1	collapse. Since that time, the Statement of Support has been adopted by an additional 600 or so		
2	venture capitalists. The Statement of Support provides as follows:		
3	Silicon Valley Bank has been a trusted and long-time partner to the venture		
4	platform that played a privotal fore in serving the startup community and		
5	supporting the innovation economy in the US.		
6	The events that unfolded over the past 48 hours have been deeply disappointing and concerning. In the event that SVB were to be purchased		
7	and appropriately capitalized, we would be strongly supportive and encourage our portfolio companies to resume their banking relationship		
8	with them.		
9	98. The Statement of Support reflects the venture banking market's collective		
10	experience and desire—when a bank failure threatens the stability of our financial markets and		
11	systems, someone must come to the rescue. In this case, First Citizens was that someone.		
12	99. The auction period lasted about two weeks. As of March 20, 2023, the media was		
13	reporting that First Citizens had submitted a bid to purchase the Bridge Bank (see, e.g.,		
14	https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2023-03-20/first-citizens-said-to-continue-pursuit-of-		
15	silicon-valley-bank). According to the FDIC, nineteen other companies submitted bids for at least		
16	some portion of the Bridge Bank. HSBC was not one of them.		
17	100. On Sunday, March 26, 2023, the FDIC announced that it had entered into a		
18	purchase and assumption agreement for all deposits and loans of the Bridge Bank by First		
19	Citizens.		
20	G. The HSBC Entities Seek to Take That Which They Would Not Buy		
21	Through Unlawful Conduct		
22	101. On or about March 13, 2023, HSBC UK acquired SVB UK for £1 (approximately		
23	\$1.21). The acquisition was announced on HSBC's website: "We've acquired the UK arm of US		
24	lender Silicon Valley Bank (SVB)." See https://www.hsbc.com/news-and-media/hsbc-news/hsbc-		
25	buys-silicon-valley-bank-uk. Portraying HSBC Holdings (and the other HSBC Entities) as a		
26	savior, Noel Quinn, HSBC Holdings' Chief Executive Officer stated, "SVB UK customers can		
27	continue to bank as usual, safe in the knowledge that their deposits are backed by the strength,		
28	safety and security of HSBC." <u>Id.</u>		

- 102. While the FDIC was scrambling to stabilize matters in the United States,

 Defendant Sabow and all of the HSBC Entities were plotting to exploit the situation for their own economic gain.
- 103. On March 13, 2023, Sabow was an employee of SVB UK. It had barely been two months since he left SVB to join SVB UK. Indeed, until March 1, 2023, Sabow still had an executive function within SVB with respect to awarding 2022 year-end performance awards and compensation to those SVB employees within the Technology and Healthcare Banking group that he had led until the end of 2022. With his knowledge of SVB fresh in his head, Sabow began drafting what he called Project Colony.
- 104. Project Colony was Sabow's written, narrative business plan, supported by financial modeling, to take and operate some of the most lucrative portions of SVB's business, creating a competitor entity that would take SVB's business and quickly displace it in the market.
- 105. Sabow began working on Project Colony as early as March 14, 2023. In Sabow's words, the "collapse of Silicon Valley Bank" presented a "narrow window of opportunity for a scaled, stable, and well-capitalized platform [such as HSBC] to become the landing ground for key talent across the market recreating a better version of the prior dominant platform." He further explained, "I have identified 6 core leaders to serve as our "Founders" for this US venture banking business." (Boldface emphasis in original). The six "core leaders" identified by Sabow were Defendants Patel, Stepanis, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen.
- 106. Sabow chose these particular six "core leaders" because they were "key functional leaders" with "superb client and employee followership." He further noted that they were well positioned to carry out two "waves" of hiring: "Wave 1," which would begin with "an additional 35 professionals already identified," and "Wave 2," which would target "an additional 40 professionals at junior levels." Sabow noted that the SVB professionals he was targeting cut "across Venture Capital Relationship Management, Relationship Management, and Credit Solutions," i.e., the business groups that were essential to successfully lifting out "the core of [SVB's] profitability engine."

- 107. Sabow noted that previous efforts to establish a foothold in the market by hiring key individuals away from SVB had shown signs of success: "In 2019 JP Morgan lifted out a small group of individuals with Venture relationships and venture debt Credit Solutions expertise and in a very short period they became the #2 player in the market."
- 108. Sabow crafted his written plan and financial models by using confidential and proprietary information he obtained from SVB, the Bridge Bank, and First Citizens. For example, he began by setting forth tables reflecting SVB's "win rate" against its core competitors segmented by deal size and numbers of loans. Recognizing the confidential nature of this data, Sabow redacted it. Curiously, however, Sabow only redacted some, but not all of the confidential information he included in Project Colony. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow later shared the unredacted data with all of the HSBC Entities when seeking their input, assistance and approval to execute Project Colony, including after First Citizens purchased the assets of the Bridge Bank.
- 109. Sabow also outlined his intent to seize percentages of various market shares identical to those held by SVB (the amounts of which are not publicly available), and he justified the merits of his plan by citing and leveraging confidential information. This included his recitation of SVB's "annual gross profit per core borrower" and "per non-core borrower." It also included non-public statistical information identifying by percentage the amount of SVB clients falling within certain borrowing classifications. He laid out a "preliminary financial model leveraging [his] key assumptions" which were predicated on specific dollar amounts for loan portfolios, implied revenue and growth, and employee compensation, which include non-public data he obtained as a result of his role as an executive and fiduciary of SVB and from the Individual Defendants. As explained in more detail below, Sabow filled in parts of his plan in March and in April of 2023 by obtaining additional non-public data from Bridge Bank and First Citizens employees, and by incorporating information provided by the six "core leaders" or "Pillars."
- 110. Sabow urged quick action: "If the strategy described [in this Project Colony plan] is of interest, we need to move quickly to secure the six identified core leaders in the U.S. that

will become the pillars for this US venture banking business." (Boldface and italics emphasis in original).

- H. Background Facts: Defendants Laid the Foundation for the Execution of Project Colony Before First Citizens Acquired the Assets of the Bridge Bank on March 27, 2023
- 111. Sabow's creation of Project Colony, and the Defendants' actions in concert with him, began on March 14, 2023 and continued through the Easter holiday weekend on April 8 and 9, 2023. Some, but not all, of the Defendants' actions throughout this time period are chronicled below. Dates and times referenced herein are as of U.S. Pacific time, except when otherwise noted.

Tuesday, March 14, 2023

- 112. On or about March 14, 2023, Sabow began drafting Project Colony.
- 113. On March 14, 2023, Sabow sought assistance and input from Patel asking for her managerial knowledge of historical workload capacity for Venture Capital Relationship Managers segmented by numbers of top tier clients. At this time, Patel was an employee of the Bridge Bank living and working in California, and she promptly provided him with this information.
- 114. Also on March 14, 2023, Sabow asked another employee of the Bridge Bank for Client Lifetime Value ("CLV") data for various types of SVB's clients. CLV data is confidential data that provides the total value the bank expects to derive from its relationship with a client over the duration of their association, and it is derived using a combination of historical company data and modeling that is not publicly available. CLV data was used by SVB to segment clients into groups based on profitability to enable allocation of resources in a cost-effective and strategic manner.
- 115. Contemporaneous with his work on Project Colony on March 14, 2023, Sabow accessed various spreadsheets and files including a twenty-five slide PowerPoint labeled "SVB Confidential" containing non-public business planning information predicated on profit data, CLV information, projected expenses, projected profits, and more.

1	Wednesday, March 15, 2023
2	116. On March 15, 2023, Sabow met with Noel Quinn, CEO of HSBC Holdings, and
3	Ian Stuart, CEO of HSBC UK, about Project Colony. Later that day, Sabow and Quinn met for a
4	second time. This meeting also included Bob Hoyt, Chief Legal Officer of HSBC Holdings and
5	Greg Guyett, CEO of Global Banking & Markets for HSBC Holdings. On information and belief,
6	Sabow made a pitch for HSBC to back Project Colony.
7	117. Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony. Sabow received an invitation
8	to have lunch with Stuart Tait later that week to discuss Project Colony. Stuart Tait is HSBC
9	UK's Head of Commercial Banking.
10	118. On March 15, 2023, Sabow sought assistance and information from a senior
11	manager of the Bridge Bank, asking for his managerial knowledge of historical workload capacity
12	for certain employees as well as client portfolio growth rate data. Sabow told the manager he
13	needed the information because he was "[h]elping with some analysis." Sabow falsely implied
14	this analysis was for the Bridge Bank's benefit and did not disclose that his "analysis" was hostile
15	to the Bridge Bank and its future acquirer.
16	Thursday, March 16, 2023
17	119. On March 16, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony. Sabow
18	sent an instant message to an employee of the Bridge Bank in which he asked the employee to
19	provide information that he intended to use (and which he did in fact use) to further refine,
20	enhance and develop Project Colony. Specifically, Sabow asked the employee the following:
21	1) What is the average annual gross profit for the Tech AG Non-Core
22	Borrower 2) What is the everyone annual areas mustit for the Tech AC Core Borrower
23	2) What is the average annual gross profit for the Tech AG Core Borrower (including loan, deposits, everything)
24	3) Same as 1, and 2 above for the LS AG [i.e., Life Science & Accelerator
25	& Growth Group] portfolio under Kevin Longo 4) What is the total population of the venture backed U.S. market in the
	4) What is the total population of the venture backed U.S. market in the

segments we serve (not those that have gone public but those that have raised any round of venture capital over the last couple of years)

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27

28

- 5) Per 4 above, do we have a map showing where those are located around the US by chance? (I think this may have been part of the Series A work you did, but not sure if that is just Series A or all prospects).
- 120. Sabow asked the employee to turn this information around the same day.
- 121. Unsure as to whether Sabow was an employee of the Bridge Bank, the employee asked, "Hi Dave checking if you are still an employee of the US entity?" Sabow responded, "Good point [employee name] I have a UK co tract [sic] but am no longer the CEO here" and he falsely told the employee he was "likely heading back to US with SVB." To assuage the employee's concern, he told the employee to "send [the requested information] to Sunita [Patel]" because Patel was an SVB employee in the U.S.
- 122. The employee followed Sabow's direction and provided the requested information by email to Patel in California with the subject line "RE: Dave Sabow requests on Gross Profit across Segment and Borrower types." The employee described Sabow's requests and asked Patel to "pls confirm that you would still like these?" Patel said, "Yes please send them as you get them." After receiving the information, Patel thanked the employee. It is evident that Patel then provided the requested information to Sabow because Sabow incorporated the information into Project Colony.
- 123. On March 16, 2023, Sabow began making plans to fly to San Francisco from London. He told SVB UK's Chief Human Resources Officer, Paola Parsons, that he was returning to the United States on Saturday and was making progress on Project Colony.
- 124. That same day, consistent with Project Colony, Sabow began reaching out to Bridge Bank employees in California to arrange meetings with them to discuss Project Colony.
 - Sabow messaged Patel to say, "Hi I am back in the US next week. Should we get together?"
 - b. He also messaged Stepanis to say, "Know you and the team are drowning. I am headed back to the US this weekend can't wait to get back to my support network! I was hoping I might be able to connect with you for a bit time for us to start focusing on the future."

- 128. Also on March 17, 2023, Sabow worked on a spreadsheet tracking his contact with the Pillars. On this spreadsheet (the "Tracking Spreadsheet"), he listed each Pillar, stated whether he had successfully contacted them to discuss Project Colony, and then noted if they were "In" (meaning that they agreed to participate in his Project Colony scheme). He also provided the same information for dozens of then-Bridge Bank employees he was targeting in California and across the country.
- 129. Also on March 17, 2023, Sabow sought feedback on Project Colony from Solanki. Providing her with a copy, Sabow wrote that he "would love for you to give this a quick review if you are willing." He also stated, "Highly confidential so please do not discuss or share."
- 130. Solanki asked Sabow what would happen when the Bridge Bank was acquired. Later that day, March 17, 2023, Solanki and Sabow spoke by phone. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, they discussed Project Colony.
- Guyett, HSBC Holdings' CEO of Global Banking & Markets. Sabow wrote, "I am sharing a rough overview of the opportunity for US venture banking that we discussed (redacting select sensitive information)." Sabow told Guyett that the financial model was "driven by client acquisition and past platform experience around profitability and capacity characteristics." He added, "if this is of strategic interest we would need to lock down some of the key senior hires in the near term. (Noel [Quinn] had mentioned it may make sense to meet with Michael Roberts [HSBC Holdings' Group Managing Director and Executive Committee member, HUSI's Chairman, President and CEO; and HSBC Bank USA's Chairman] . . . I am of course happy to do a call or visit him in New York.)."
- 132. When Sabow provided Project Colony to Guyett, it was redacted in part. By redacting portions of the plan, Sabow made plain to Guyett that he was willfully and maliciously using Bridge Banks's confidential and proprietary information. Guyett did not respond with any concerns about Sabow's use of redacted information in Project Colony.
- 133. On March 17, 2023, Sabow sent a copy of Project Colony to Patel in California with a note saying, "Please take a look and let me know what you think."

Saturday, March 18, 2023

- 134. On March 18, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
- 135. On March 18, 2023, Sabow communicated with another Bridge Bank employee who ultimately followed him to HSBC Bank USA. Sabow said, "[j]ust flying back to see my family need some support and want to spend some time with my SVBers from the colony. Something great will emerge from these ashes I am working on it. Keep your phone on my friend and let's stay connected."
 - 136. On March 18, 2023, Sabow flew from London to San Francisco.
- 137. On March 18, 2023, Kidder communicated with Sabow to say, "Look forward to seeing you in person some time."
- 138. On March 18, 2023, Sabow continued his campaign to seek buy-in from the various HSBC Entities by touting the economic benefits all of the Entities would enjoy if they approved of Project Colony. Sabow sent a copy of Project Colony to Stuart Tait, HSBC UK's Head of Commercial Banking, and said, "there has never been a combination of this scale in the venture banking area and it creates a once in a generation opportunity I thought I would share the attached overview I prepared around the potential for a global expansion for this effort if nothing else hopefully this provides you with some additional insight on the venture banking component of the business specifically." Tait responded to say, "Many thanks for sharing the attached deck, which sounds exciting." Tait added, "We need to maximise all the opportunities created by coming together."
- 139. When Sabow provided Project Colony to Tait, it was redacted in part. By redacting portions of the plan, Sabow made plain to Tait that he was willfully and maliciously using SVB's confidential and proprietary information. Tait did not respond with any concerns about Sabow's use of redacted information in Project Colony. Project Colony
- 140. On March 18, 2023, Sabow also provided Ian Stuart, HSBC UK's CEO, a copy of Project Colony and said, "I wanted to share the attached materials I pulled together (also shared these with Greg Guyett yesterday)." Stuart responded in part by saying, "there is no doubt, HSBC see [sic] this as a key market where we want to operate." He also asked Sabow if he had time to

meet with Greg Guyett (HSBC Holdings' CEO of Global Banking & Markets) and Michael Roberts (HSBC Holdings' Group Managing Director and Executive Committee member, HUSI's Chairman, President and CEO; and HSBC Bank USA's Chairman). Stuart also acknowledged "if we are going to move, we will have to move at pace." Sabow responded, "I had an engaging discussion with Greg on Wednesday and we spoke again last evening. I have not yet connected with Michael but would welcome the opportunity to do so – I believe Greg was going to reach out to him to discuss. I am in the SF Bay Area this week meeting with many of the key players to support this strategy."

- 141. When Sabow provided Project Colony to Stuart, it was redacted in part. By redacting portions of the plan, Sabow made plain to Stuart that he was willfully and maliciously using SVB's confidential and proprietary information. Stuart did not respond with any concerns about Sabow's use of redacted information in Project Colony. Project Colony
- 142. On March 18, 2023, Michael Roberts contacted Sabow and said, "Welcome to HSBC. I did speak to Greg [Guyett] and have your memo, which I've read." He added that he "would love to discuss your [i.e., Sabow's] views of the business and your memo."

Sunday, March 19, 2023

- 143. On March 19, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony. While doing so, he repeatedly toggled back and forth over a four-hour period to a spreadsheet dated January 20, 2023 which contained a large amount of confidential information concerning the performance of his direct reports (including Andersen, Longo, Patel, Hanlon and Stepanis) and the business under their supervision, including information concerning incentive gross profit, direct expense management, direct return on equity, revenue information, year over year loan growth, year over year headcount growth, year over year client growth, loan and deposit data, and direct net income.
- 144. On March 19, 2023, Stuart Tait asked Sabow whether Project Colony had been shared with Noel Quinn and others. Sabow responded, "this has been shared with Michael Roberts, Greg Guyett, and Ian [Stuart] at this point. I know the team was also discussing with Noel (believe there was a meeting yesterday)." Thus, at this point, Project Colony had been

1	disclosed to, and was under consideration by executives of HSBC Holdings, HSBC UK, SVB		
2	UK, HUSI, and HSBC Bank USA.		
3	Monday, March 20, 2023		
4	145. On March 20, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony. He also		
5	met in California with at least three of the employees he had listed among his targets in Project		
6	Colony.		
7	146. On March 20, 2023, Andersen and Hanlon spoke by phone for approximately		
8	twenty-one minutes. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and		
9	discovery, they discussed Project Colony.		
10	<u>Tuesday, March 21, 2023</u>		
11	147. On March 21, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.		
12	148. On March 21, 2023, Hanlon googled "michael roberts hsbc." As First Citizens		
13	expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Hanlon made this Google search		
14	because Sabow had discussed Project Colony with her.		
15	149. On March 21, 2023, Greg Guyett contacted Sabow and suggested that they find		
16	some time to speak in the morning. Guyett also introduced Sabow to Barry O'Byrne, HSBC		
17	Holdings' Chief Executive of Global Commercial Banking and said it "[w]ould be good for [the]		
18	two of you to speak." Sabow and O'Byrne spoke later that day.		
19	150. On March 21, 2023, Ian Stuart (HSBC UK's CEO) provided a copy of Project		
20	Colony to Willard McLane, whom he introduced to Sabow as "our Group Head of strategy."		
21	Stuart told Sabow that McLane was "keen to speak with you."		
22	151. On March 21, 2023, Sabow met in California with one of the employees on		
23	Stepanis' team whom he had listed among his targets in his Project Colony.		
24	152. On March 21, 2023, Sabow provided an update to Paola Parsons (SVB UK's Chief		
25	Human Resources Officer). Sabow noted that he was taking calls from HSBC's head of strategy,		
26	global head of commercial banking, and head of investment bank regarding Project Colony.		
27	153. On March 21, 2023, Sabow spoke with Guyett and Will McLane by phone		
28	concerning Project Colony.		

- 154. On or about March 21, 2023, Sabow met with Defendants Patel, Stepanis, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen to discuss the vision for Project Colony. During this meeting, Sabow obtained, discussed, and validated the confidential information contained in, and upon which Project Colony was based, and he also solicited the executives to leave SVB *en masse*. Sabow took detailed notes of the meeting. Sabow, Hanlon and Patel participated in person in California. The others joined by Zoom. At that time, all of the Individual Defendants were employees of the Bridge Bank.
- what he needed Defendants Patel, Stepanis, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen to do. In his opening, Sabow noted that "[N]o one has any commitment by being here right now . . ." and he explained that the situation with SVB "creates an amazing market opportunity . . . If we find out that a top 5 balance sheet with a strong reputation is acquiring the core of the Accelerator & Growth portfolio, I want to be part of that platform; . . . if a no name regional bank acquires the team and assets, I am going to build something to put them out of business, because our team members and the market deserves better" (Emphasis supplied). Sabow additionally explained what HUSI brought to the table and noted that the Defendants "Need to actually hire this at size in order for this to be meaningful;" and he exhorted them, "Don't nibble at this show your commitment; Every person you hire is going to bring accounts with it can gain market share fast; . . . going to be a big leap and need to be comfortable with this this might be the best time in history to enter this market; what are the limits on size and scale for this quick decision making." Sabow also noted that they "Need to make a splash with 30, 40, 50 people out of the gate"
- 156. On or about March 21, 2023, Andersen prepared and saved notes concerning her evaluation of Project Colony and her input on business development and what staffing would be needed for lift-out and support from HSBC, based on SVB's confidential and proprietary information.
- 157. Andersen's notes of March 21, 2023 include numerous pieces of SVB's confidential and proprietary information concerning SVB's Life Science & Healthcare Technology team's deployment of SVB's resources and expected Gross Profit and growth from

SVB's customers. This confidential information included the total amount of SVB's Life Science & Healthcare Technology group's commitments broken down by "Sponsor Finance / LevFin & Corporate Banking" and venture debt and growth capital invested in categories of healthcare technology clients. Andersen's notes discuss how they need to "create followership" to get other employees to come with them. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Andersen shared this confidential and proprietary information with Sabow.

- 158. Andersen's notes reflect her thoughts on taking clients and employees from SVB and what was needed from the HSBC Entities to handle the projected volume of clients and loan commitments. Her notes specify that "MISSION CRITICAL FOR SUCCESS" is "THE RIGHT PEOPLE FOR TALENT" and "SUB-SECTOR SPECIALIZATION." (Emphasis in original).
- 159. Sabow also sought input from each of the Individual Defendants regarding Project Colony. Sabow spoke with each Individual Defendant numerous times to refine and further develop the plan, both before and after March 27, 2023. As explained above and below, these meetings were by telephone and in person, and they occurred while the Individual Defendants were employees of the Bridge Bank, and then, after March 27, 2023, First Citizens.

Wednesday, March 22, 2023

- 160. On March 22, 2023, Sabow met in California with one of the employees whom he had listed among his targets in Project Colony, an employee who later resigned to join Sabow and Stepanis at HSBC Bank USA.
- 161. On March 22, 2023, Will McLane (HSBC Holdings' Head of Strategy) directed Sungmahn Seo and Mary MacLeod to speak with Sabow regarding rolling out their future venture debt business. Sungmahn Seo is Managing Director of Commercial Banking at HSBC Holdings. Mary MacLeod is the Global Head of Strategy and Chief Commercial Officer, Global Banking and Markets for one of the HSBC Entities.
- 162. A short while later, on March 22, 2023, Sabow informed Barry O'Byrne (HSBC Holdings' Chief Executive of Global Commercial Banking) that he "just spoke to Will [McLane] and he is connecting me with your strategy team to build out the model and approach in more granular detail."

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163. Later on March 22, 2023, Sabow told Will McLane, Sungmahn Seo and Mary Macleod that some people whom he had targeted had resigned from the Bridge Bank, and "[w]e need to move faster if we want to do this."

Thursday, March 23, 2023

- 164. On March 23, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
- 165. Sabow contacted Barry O'Byrne (HSBC Holdings' Chief Executive of Global Commercial Banking) to say, "We are seeing some material departures starting to happen at SVB. I have a call with your strategy team on Sunday I think we will need to move faster if we want to make this happen. Please ping my mobile when you can (regardless of time in California)."
- 166. Sabow updated his Tracking Spreadsheet to reflect who else indicated they were "In." Among those Sabow listed as "In" were Patel, Longo, Stepanis, and Hanlon. Kidder was listed as an "Alternate." Andersen was listed as one of his targets, but no status was provided.
- 167. On March 23, 2023, Sabow met in California with one of the employees on Andersen's team whom he had listed among his targets in Project Colony, an employee who later resigned to join Sabow and Andersen at HSBC Bank USA.
- 168. On March 23, 2023, Sabow met in California with an employee [AC] whom he had listed among his targets in Project Colony, an employee who later resigned to join Sabow and Stepanis at HSBC Bank USA.
- March 23, 2023, Sabow met with Matt Perlow regarding Project Colony. Perlow was an employee of the Bridge Bank whose title was Senior Vice President, Technology Banking. After their meeting, Perlow prepared a draft email to Sabow. The draft email stated, "Dave, it was great to see you" and "I appreciate the candidacy." It further stated, "I appreciate that you guys are needing to move quickly on bringing over a lot of people." Perlow further noted that he needed to be "very deliberate about which decision I decide to make next. . . . I'm not fully ready to make a decision and commit. I absolutely recognize you have a deadline and I are [sic] working to bring on 100 people, and I know that that's no easy task." Perlow ultimately decided to join Sabow and the Individual Defendants at HSBC Bank USA, and he was among the forty-plus employees who resigned on Easter Sunday.

- 170. On March 23, 2023, Michael Roberts asked Sabow if he was available "for a chat around 10 EST today?"
- 171. On March 23, 2023, Mabel Rius, Senior Executive Vice President and Head of Human Resources for HUSI and HSBC Bank USA reached out to Sabow and said, "Michael [Roberts] gave me your contact" and "Are you open for a phone call or zoom call?"
- 172. Sabow sent Patel an email setting forth his "Initial idea" for staffing in the San Francisco, New York and Boston areas.
- 173. On March 23, 2023, Stepanis accessed and printed on her personal printer a report (the "9-Block Report") concerning approximately 830 employees. The 9-Block Report is a confidential report used by SVB to analyze, display, and compare employee work performance and potential. It is a talent management tool that helps human resources and managers effectively identify leaders and strategically prepare employees for future roles. It identifies employees by name, level, performance rating, and potential. It contains notes specific to employees detailing their strengths and experience and it assigns them a numerical rating. Employees are ranked on a scale of 1-9, with 9 being the best.
- 174. Stepanis did not have any legitimate business need to print the entire 9-Block Report concerning 830 employees. Stepanis printed the 9-Block Report at the same time she was considering and planning her defection and the departure of dozens of SVB employees. Stepanis used this information to assist Sabow in shaping Project Colony and to aid the scheme against First Citizens and its workforce that was carried out as described below.
- 175. The information contained within the 9-Block Report is a compilation of SVB's business information that is secret and valuable because it is not generally known to, and not capable of being readily ascertained through proper means by competitors such as HSBC who can obtain economic value from the disclosure or use of the information.
- 176. Information contained in the 9-Block Report printed by Stepanis was used by the Defendants after March 27, 2023.
- 177. On March 23, 2023, Longo noted to Stepanis he had not heard from Sabow since the meeting with the Pillars two days earlier, though he had not proactively reached out.

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1	Friday, Marc	<u>h 24, 2023</u>
2	178.	On March 24, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
3	179.	On March 24, 2023, Sabow met via Zoom with Mabel Rius, Senior Executive
4	Vice Presider	at and Head of Human Resources for HUSI and HSBC Bank USA. As First Citizens
5	expects to est	ablish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow and Rius discussed the
6	logistics of or	nboarding en masse the employees targeted through Project Colony.
7	<u>Saturday, Ma</u>	rch 25, 2023
8	180.	On March 25, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
9	181.	On March 25, 2023, Sabow emailed a copy of the financial model underlying
10	Project Color	y to his personal email account.
11	Sunday, Marc	<u>ch 26, 2023</u>
12	182.	On March 26, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
13	183.	On March 26, 2023, Sabow sent a calendar meeting invitation titled "Follow-up
14	Colony Discu	ssion" to Longo, Andersen, Stepanis, Patel, and Hanlon.
15	184.	On March 26, 2023, the FDIC announced that it had entered into a purchase and
16	assumption a	greement for all deposits and loans of the Bridge Bank by First Citizens. The
17	purchase and assumption agreement provides that it is effective as of March 27, 2023.	
18	I.	First Citizens Acquires the Assets of SVB, and the Defendants Execute Project
19	Monday Mar	Colony
20	Monday, Mar	
21	185.	On March 27, 2023, all employees of the Bridge Bank who are relevant to the
22	claims allege	d herein—including Patel, Stepanis, Andersen, Hanlon, Longo and Kidder—became
23	employees of	First Citizens.
24	186.	By March 27, 2023, Longo had already told Sabow he was "In." Anticipating his
25		w employment, on March 27 he googled "hsbc glassdoor." (Glassdoor is a website
26		and former employees anonymously review companies.)
27	187.	On March 27, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony. He also
28		pent many hours working on a document he titled "HSBC Future State Document 3-

1	27-23.docx." The document was the planned vision of Project Colony, projected five years into
2	the future. He described it as "HSBC Venture Banking Case Study – Five Years Later." He listed
3	the "unique things" HSBC did when it started its "U.S. venture-banking business" through Project
4	Colony. He wrote: "HSBC assembled a team of 40 people hand-picked based on their
5	relationships, reputations, and functional expertise across the innovation ecosystem." The
6	document sketched out a staffing model mirroring that which was contained in Project Colony.
7	188. On March 27, 2023, Sabow sent his Future State document to Sungmahn Seo,
8	Managing Director of Commercial Banking at HSBC Holdings, and he spoke to Seo by Zoom
9	about it.
10	<u>Tuesday, March 28, 2023</u>
11	189. On March 28, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony, using
12	and including the SVB trade secrets and confidential information.
13	190. On March 28, 2023, Sabow sent a copy of his Future State document and Project
14	Colony, including all confidential information contained therein, to Erin Platts (SVB UK's CEO)
15	and Paola Parsons (SVB UK's Chief Human Resources Officer). He told them he was "sharing
16	some documents I have pulled together to support my discussions around the opportunity." Platts
17	and Sabow then discussed the Future State document, Project Colony, and Platt's comments for
18	improving or implementing Sabow's plans.
19	Wednesday, March 29, 2023
20	191. On March 29, 2023, HSBC Bank USA sent Sabow various documents explaining
21	the benefits it offers to employees in the USA. Sabow provided these documents and a copy of
22	his Future State document to each of the Pillars.
23	192. On March 29, 2023, Sabow introduced Hanlon to Sungmahn Seo (Managing
24	Director of Commercial Banking at HSBC Holdings) and Jennifer Capasso (HUSI's and HSBC
25	Bank USA's Head of Embedded Banking & Platforms). He asked them to include Hanlon in a
26	discussion about the "US onboarding journey." Sabow explained that he and Hanlon were "biased

to connecting sooner rather than later." As First Citizens expects to establish upon further

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investigation and discovery, the planned discussion was about onboarding the first "wave" of First Citizens employees targeted for hiring as contemplated by Project Colony.

- 193. On March 29, 2023, Paola Parsons (SVB UK's Chief Human Resources Officer) connected Sabow with SVB UK employee Tom Dearden. Sabow offered to send Project Colony (which would necessarily include the confidential information contained therein) to Dearden via WhatsApp. Dearden and Sabow then coordinated a time to talk. Sabow sent a copy of Project Colony and his Future State document to Dearden.
- 194. On March 29, 2023, Sabow urged Michael Roberts to move Project Colony along more quickly stating, "Pressure is building for leaders to make decisions." As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, the "leaders" include the senior executives of each of the HSBC Defendants who would decide to operationalize Project Colony. *Thursday, March 30, 2023*
- 195. On March 30, 2023, HSBC Bank USA extended to Sabow an offer of employment effective April 17, 2023. In his new role, Sabow would be reporting directly to Wyatt Crowell, Senior Executive Vice President, Head of Commercial Banking. His employment offer included substantial financial inducements to motivate and incentivize Sabow to execute and implement Project Colony.
- 196. Sabow's offer of employment was conditioned upon him agreeing that if and when he leaves HSBC Bank USA, he will not solicit or hire anyone who works for any HSBC Entity worldwide. The HSBC entities required Sabow—a California resident and employee—to agree to this condition to protect their interests.
- 197. On March 30, 2023, Sabow worked on a spreadsheet which, among other things, set forth the details of the compensation to be offered by HUSI to Andersen, Kidder, Patel, Stepanis, Hanlon, Longo, and the SVB managing directors and venture capital relationship managers. For each solicited target, Sabow specified how much they were currently making at First Citizens in terms of salary, fixed pay, and variable pay. He also listed the "new" compensation they would be offered at HUSI, which represented substantial increases.

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1	198. Sabow drafted a letter to another potential employer declining their employment
2	offer. Sabow explained that he was declining their offer because it was contrary to his vision,
3	which he described in part as follows: "I would run a newly combined Technology & Healthcare
4	group for [the potential employer] I would want the empowerment to design the org chart,
5	including bringing on key leaders to oversee Technology, Investor Coverage and Life Sciences. I
6	know you have a strong team in place so we would navigate this thoughtfully and with empathy. I
7	am fortunate to have some core talent 'pillars' who will follow me wherever I go for my next role
8	- these are individuals with a unique combination of followership and incredible market
9	relationships. They will require leadership positions and they will bring the best talent in the
10	industry with them."
11	Friday, March 31, 2023
12	199. On March 31, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
13	200. On March 31, 2023, Michael Roberts reached out to Sabow to ask if he had time
14	for a call. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Roberts
15	and Sabow spoke later that day concerning the specifics of whether, how and when to execute the

- On March 31, 2023, Stepanis searched for the following on Google: "negotiating salary job offer" and "hsbc glass door."
- 202. On March 31, 2023, Longo informed Stepanis that he was on the phone with Michael Roberts (HSBC Holdings' Group Managing Director and Executive Committee member, HUSI's Chairman, President and CEO; and HSBC Bank USA's Chairman):

Kevin Longo 3/31/2023 2:33:32 PM jesus. on the phone with HSBC CEO right now. he called me out of the blue Melissa Stepanis MStepanis@svb.com +surprised 3/31/2023 2:33:40 PM

Stepanis wondered whether she had missed a call from Roberts and asked Longo, "Was it a White Plains #?" Longo indicated it was. A few days later, Longo told Stepanis he was looking favorably upon the possibility of joining HSBC Bank USA:

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Project Colony scheme.

Kevin Longo 4/3/2023 8:19:21 AM White Plains looking better

- 203. On March 31, 2023, while Longo was on the phone with Roberts, Stepanis told Longo to ask Roberts for 100 offer letters and revised salaries that could be presented to First Citizens' employees.
- 204. On March 31, 2023, a First Citizens employee asked Longo, "can we get [S]abow back?" Longo responded, "I keep texting him to please come back." Longo intentionally misled this employee to keep the impending raid a secret. Longo deliberately chose to put his interests and the interests of HSBC USA, his future employer, ahead of First Citizens.
- 205. On March 31, 2023, Hanlon accessed the 9-Block Report. As noted above, the 9-Block Report, containing trade secrets and compilations of trade secrets belonging to First Citizens is a confidential report used to analyze, display, and compare employee work performance and potential. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Hanlon did not have any legitimate need to access and utilize this information at the time she did so, and she misused the information contained in this spreadsheet in furtherance of Project Colony, including the scheme to target and recruit certain First Citizens employees.
- 206. After March 27, 2023, in the days leading up to her departure, Hanlon repeatedly accessed, modified or downloaded (dozens of times) spreadsheets and other documents containing trade secrets and confidential information. In fact, some of them had the word "Confidential" or "Do Not Share" in their titles. The contents of these spreadsheets align with information used to develop and execute Project Colony:
 - a. Two of the files contain a compilation of detailed information about SVB employees, including many of those specifically targeted by Project Colony. These spreadsheets specify the state where the employee lives, when the employee was hired, whether their role is exempt, their "Compensation Grade," their total base pay, compensation ranges, the markets and sub-specialties in which they worked,

- their managers, and information about their incentive targets. Hanlon's "team" members who followed her to HUSI are contained within these spreadsheets.
- b. Another spreadsheet contains a compilation of data concerning hundreds of employees, including their 9-Block ratings, salaries, variable compensation information, bonus information (including how their bonuses are computed), their managers, when they were hired, where they are located, whether employees were slated to receive a promotion and their proposed new roles with supporting rationales.
- c. Another spreadsheet listing 170 employees, many of the employees' 9-Block ratings, their hire dates, job titles, tenure, management level, the division the employee is in, work location, work emails, and their managers in level down from the CEO.
- d. Two other spreadsheets contain compensation information across all levels of relationship advisors and relationship service advisors, e.g., what SVB was paying someone with the job title "Senior Relationship Advisor," including low, midpoint, and high ranges for salaries across different geographic tiers.
- e. Yet another spreadsheet contains 9-Block information for 167 relationship advisors across SVB. Notably, it includes two of the three employees who left to join Hanlon's team at HSBC, both of whom were rated at the highest level, "Block 9 Leading Edge."
- 207. After March 27, 2023, in the days leading up to her departure, Andersen repeatedly accessed, modified or downloaded (dozens of times) spreadsheets and other documents containing confidential information. The contents of these spreadsheets align with information used to develop and execute Project Colony:
 - a. One spreadsheet shows information for approximately 50 employees, including their names, job titles, tenure, management level, their managers, their executive group ("Tech & Healthcare Banking" for all), their respective division (a mix of "Life Sciences" and "Healthcare Corporate Banking"), their department, their

- business unit, their location, their salaries and total cash compensation, whether they were a "Franchise Player," a final "Retention Score," and the status of their retention (with notes like "SENT 3.31.23").
- b. One slideshow contains a comprehensive overview of SVB's Life Sciences and Healthcare ("LSHC") team as it existed in August 2022, complete with statistics about the team and strategy for building the team and the team's capacity over time.
- c. Another spreadsheet contains a list of hundreds of clients, broken down by team, borrower type, loan balances, whether the client also had other credit products that SVB offered, and loan statistics.
- d. Yet another spreadsheet contains information about thousands of LSHC clients, including how long they had been an SVB client; what "tier" they were in (e.g., gold, silver, bronze); the team member responsible for servicing their accounts; the subindustries in which they worked; whether they were publicly or privately owned; their core loan balances; deposit balances; and investment balances.
- e. Another slideshow contains an analysis of the Life Sciences and Healthcare team's Accelerator Group ("AG") sector, including team members; an overview of client statistics, including market shares of relevant target markets; and a geographic breakdown of clients.
- 208. After March 27, 2023, in the days leading up to his departure, Longo repeatedly accessed and modified (fifteen times) a spreadsheet containing confidential information that aligns with information used to develop and execute Project Colony. For each of the members on his team, it contains their hire dates, positions, salaries, bonuses, and data underlying their bonuses, as well as aggregate statistics about loan performance (broken down by loan type, region, and loan growth numbers for the members of his team).
- 209. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Hanlon, Andersen, and Longo did not have any legitimate need to access and utilize this information at the time they did so, and they misused the information in furtherance of Project

Colony. As First Citizens also expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Hanlon, Andersen, and Longo retained information contained in these documents upon their departure and have used it in their capacity as employees and agents of the HSBC Entities to compete unfairly with First Citizens. Saturday, April 1, 2023 210. On April 1, 2023, Sabow spent several hours further drafting and refining a spreadsheet detailing potential compensation for Andersen, Kidder, Patel, Stepanis, Hanlon, Longo, and the SVB managing directors and venture capital relationship managers. While doing so, he toggled back and forth between it and the Project Colony plan. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow was using the confidential information within and upon which Project Colony was based to further shape the compensation packages to offer to First Citizens' employees. Sunday, April 2, 2023 211.

On April 2, 2023, Andersen saved a spreadsheet containing notes regarding (i) the financial terms of an offer that she received or expected to receive from HUSI/HSBC Bank USA, (ii) the financial terms of offers certain members of her team received or were going to receive, and (iii) specific matters she discussed or intended to discuss with Michael Roberts. Regarding the latter, Andersen's notes concerning her discussion with Roberts state: "curious to hear how you're thinking about this." She also wrote: "I can promise followership."

Monday, April 3, 2023

- On April 3, 2023, Sabow and Kidder spoke by phone. As First Citizens expects to 212. establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow and Kidder spoke about Project Colony, including what employees Kidder could and would recruit and concerning the specifics of whether, how and when to execute the Project Colony scheme.
- 213. On April 3, 2023, Sabow flew from San Francisco to Newark, New Jersey in order to meet with executives from HUSI and HSBC Bank USA the next day in New York.

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Tuesday, April 4, 2023

- 214. On April 4, 2023, Sabow told Erin Platts (SVB UK's CEO) that he was expecting to discuss the specifics of HSBC's investment in Project Colony later that day.
- 215. On April 4, 2023, Sabow met with Michael Roberts (HUSI's Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and CEO), Mabel Rius (Senior Executive Vice President and Head of Human Resources for HUSI and HSBC Bank USA), Wyatt Crowell (HSBC Bank USA's Senior Executive Vice President, Head of Commercial Banking) and Mauricio Rose (HSBC Bank USA's Head of Performance & Rewards USA & Americas) in person. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow, Roberts, Rius, Crowell, and Rose spoke about 'Project Colony" during their meetings, including the confidential information on which it was predicated and the specifics of whether, how and when to execute the Project Colony scheme.
- 216. On April 4, 2023, Sabow created and worked on a spreadsheet detailing his staffing model for Project Colony. While working on this spreadsheet, Sabow referred to two other spreadsheets: (1) the spreadsheet detailing potential compensation for Andersen, Kidder, Patel, Stepanis, Hanlon, Longo, and the SVB managing directors and venture capital relationship managers, and (2) a spreadsheet containing calculations for Project Colony. The staffing model tethers together the names, positions, markets, and salaries of the employees who were targeted because of their skills and business relationships. This compilation of information was not known or readily ascertainable to others outside of First Citizens. Sabow, HUSI, and HSBC Bank USA put together a staffing plan using the confidential, proprietary and trade secret information described in this section. By using this information, HSBC Bank USA and HUSI were able to offer compensation packages that enabled them to entice targeted employees to leave First Citizens while still leaving room to generate profits off the business it was lifting out of First Citizens.
- 217. On April 4, 2023, another First Citizens employee told Longo she believed Sabow was not coming back and asked if he (Sabow) was going to HSBC. Longo said he had "no clue." Longo intentionally misled this employee to keep the impending raid a secret. Longo deliberately

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chose to put his interests and the interests of HSBC USA, his future employer, ahead of First Citizens.

Wednesday, April 5, 2023

- 218. On April 5, 2023, Paola Parsons (SVB UK's Chief Human Resources Officer) sent Sabow a spreadsheet dated April 5, 2023 containing compensation proposals. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, this spreadsheet contains proposed compensation data for the employees targeted by Project Colony that was created and shaped using First Citizens' confidential information.
- 219. On April 5, 2023, Sabow sent himself a spreadsheet dated April 4, 2023 containing general compensation metrics." He also sent it to Mabel Rius (Senior Executive Vice President and Head of Human Resources for HUSI and HSBC Bank USA), Mauricio Rose (HSBC Bank USA's Head of Performance & Rewards USA & Americas), Dianna Hollin (Head of Executive Recruitment for HSBC Bank USA), Catherine Twarowski (HUSI/HSBC Bank USA Human Resources) and others at HUSI and HSBC Bank USA. This spreadsheet contains a list of compensation for various positions (managing directors for venture & growth, directors, vice presidents, and venture capital relationship managers), including how much employees in those positions were currently earning in total compensation, broken down by salary and variable pay, and projecting payments made to people in those positions in the coming years. This compilation of information is not known or readily ascertainable to others outside of First Citizens. Sabow discussed this spreadsheet with Mabel Rius, Mauricio Rose, Dianna Hollin, and Catherine Twarowski during a Zoom call with the subject "Org Chart Walk Through."
- 220. On April 5, 2023, Sabow and Patel spoke by Zoom. During the call, Sabow accessed the spreadsheet detailing his staffing model for Project Colony. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow and Patel discussed operationalizing Project Colony and an offer for her, the other Pillars, and the other targeted employees to join HSBC Bank USA.
- 221. As demonstrated above, Sabow created various spreadsheets containing a compilation of valuable, non-public information that is not readily ascertainable by SVB's or

First Citizens' competitors including: (i) the identities, names, positions, and salaries of the
Defendant executives and more than three dozen of their subordinates that Sabow had identified
as "key professionals," as well as their locations and the markets they cover; (ii) "preliminary
financial model leveraging [Sabow's] key assumptions" which were predicated on specific dollar
amounts for SVB's loan portfolios with implied revenue and growth; (iii) an analysis of SVB's
loans for its US Accelerator & Growth Group with "compromised institutions"; (iv) tables
reflecting SVB's "win rate" against its core competitors segmented by deal size and numbers of
loans; (v) data underlying analysis of SVB's "win rate"; (vi) SVB practice overview notes,
including numbers of clients ranked by value to SVB, total value of loans, total client funds, total
value of deposits, total revenue, total pre-tax income, total dollar amount of core fees, total
number of clients, total percentage of return on equity, percentage of market share, headcount of
Life Science employees, and total headcount of employees in relationship management, business
development, and credit solutions groups. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further
investigation and discovery, Sabow shared these spreadsheets with the Entities and the Individual
Defendants.

Thursday, April 6, 2023

- 222. On April 6, 2023, Stepanis called one of the First Citizens employees on her team. This employee was one of the employees expressly targeted in Project Colony and as First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, this call related to Project Colony. As explained below, this employee, along with dozens of other First Citizens' employees resigned to join HSBC Bank USA.
- 223. On April 6, 2023, Sabow wrote to Mabel Rius (Senior Executive Vice President and Head of Human Resources for HUSI and HSBC Bank USA), Dianna Hollin (Head of Executive Recruitment for HSBC Bank USA) and Mauricio Rose (HSBC Bank USA's Head of Performance & Rewards USA & Americas) and said, "Hopefully the discussions with the pillars are going well today." Rius responded, "Getting the engine ready...." Sabow replied, "Whoo hoo!" As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Rius, Hollin and Rose were making offers to the Pillars on this date, the content and fact of which were based

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27 28 on and enabled by Project Colony, which was devised by Sabow using First Citizens' confidential information detailed above.

- On April 6, 2023, a First Citizens Senior Market Manager sent an email to Kidder (his boss) who at the time was the Head of Loan Administration. The email sought to alert Kidder about existing competitive threats to the bank in the wake of SVB's failure. The email expressed concern about a potentially escalating "run on the bank's talent" and noted that "[e]ach departure adds to the snowball of the momentum towards leaving." It specifically named two competitors (neither of which were HSBC) who were rumored to be looking to hire First Citizens' former SVB employees. Despite receiving this report because of his status as a senior executive charged with the duty of stabilizing matters, Kidder remained silent. He did not respond or tell anyone that he, the other Pillars, Sabow, and HSBC were plotting to turn that "snowball" into an avalanche by imminently diverting more than forty of the bank's key employees. Kidder deliberately chose to put his interests and the interests of HSBC US, his future employer, ahead of First Citizens, and he plowed ahead with Project Colony.
- 225. The email to Kidder also stated that "There is confidence around [the bank's Chief Banking Officer] and the idea of bringing back Sabow." Kidder did not correct this misimpression; he did not respond or tell anyone that he knew Sabow was not open to the idea of returning to the bank.

Good Friday, April 7, 2023

226. On Good Friday, April 7, 2023, Sabow provided an update to Michael Roberts (HSBC Holdings' Group Managing Director and Executive Committee member, HUSI's Chairman, President and CEO; and HSBC Bank USA's Chairman) and Wyatt Crowell (HSBC Bank USA's Senior Executive Vice President, Head of Commercial Banking). Sabow informed them that he and Mabel Rius and her team were "hitting the phones hard" calling the targeted First Citizens employees regarding proposed compensation packages.

Saturday, April 8, 2023

227. On April 8, 2023, Sabow asked Hanlon, "can you be my partner in crime to design the first week and 'shadow ops' prior to the go live?" He further requested her thoughts on

building out an agenda, training, and operational readiness to help prepare for the launch of the new business.

- 228. Also on April 8, 2023, Michael Roberts—together with Sabow and the Pillars—was again involved in the execution of Project Colony by interviewing and extending offers to dozens of First Citizens' (formerly SVB) employees. Dividing them into two groups, Roberts led a Zoom call with the targeted "key professionals" to persuade them to leave First Citizens together and join HSBC Bank USA. Roberts' first call was with Sabow, Patel, Kidder and the employees on Patel's and Kidder's teams. Roberts' second call was with Sabow, Andersen, Stepanis and the employees on Andersen's and Stepanis' teams. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, on and/or after March 28, 2023, each of the Individual Defendants recruited one or more of the targeted First Citizens employees to attend the call with Roberts and to leave First Citizens.
- 229. During each call, the employees were told they all were receiving job offers with significant financial inducements that had to be accepted within hours.
- 230. Sabow celebrated the success of each call telling Michael Roberts and Wyatt Crowell, as executives of HSBC Holdings, HSBC Bank USA, and HUSI: "Really great call this morning big thanks to both of you for making the time. I think the message was perfectly on point and people are excited." Sabow also reported that he "connected with Noel" Quinn, CEO of HSBC Holdings, who wanted "to do a quick 'welcome' via Zoom to the new hires on Wednesday evening UK time."

1 Easter Sunday, April 9, 2023

- 231. On Easter Sunday, April 9, 2023, Roberts asked for a status update. Mabel Rius said, "We have a team gathering in one hour and we will report then . . . Trying to get everybody to start asap." Sabow added that he "just pinged the team" and it "seems we are likely to have a 100% conversion rate."
- 232. At the direction of HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, around 9:00 p.m. Eastern time on Easter Sunday, more than forty employees (including the Individual Defendants) began sending notice of their resignations, effective immediately. In less than half an hour, they were gone.

Many of their resignation emails were nearly identical. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, HUSI and/or HSBC Bank USA provided a template for the employees to use for their resignation emails.

233. Michael Roberts sent a welcome message to all of the employees saying, "While I know tonight has probably been an emotional one, I wanted to personally welcome you to the HSBC family."

Monday, April 10, 2023

- 234. Sabow confirmed the successful lift-out the next day in a report to Paola Parsons (SVB UK's Chief Human Resources Officer).
- 235. In sum, the Individual Defendants identified the employees essential to the business they aimed to take and carried out the scheme over a holiday weekend when First Citizens would be unable to respond. Through this, they attempted to carry out Sabow's plan to put the acquirer of the Bridge Bank "out of business."

J. Impact of Mass Resignations

- 236. Sabow and the individual Defendants set their sights on employees who had access to and familiarity with SVB's trade secrets and confidential information, such as its lending and pricing strategies, deal lists, deal structuring strategies, research, business plans, technology, and finances, as well as SVB's customers' and prospective customers' financial information, points of contact information, borrowing practices, purchasing habits, service requirements, prices, and costs, among other things.
- 237. Not surprisingly, and perhaps by design, some of the employees took more than they should have on their way out the door. For example, Perlow (who followed the Individual Defendants to HSBC Bank USA) emailed himself (to his personal email address) a spreadsheet on Monday, April 10, 2023, the day after the Easter Sunday raid (i.e., the day after Perlow resigned from First Citizens). The spreadsheet contained an array of confidential and trade secret information including: (i) names of more than 100 clients and prospects; (ii) notes regarding the content of his interactions with the clients and prospects concerning facts pertinent to their financial needs, in some instances related to specific transactions; (iii) value of client deposits;

(iv) investment balances; (v) dollar amount of loans and credit lines; (vi) segmentation of clients/prospect by geographic region; (vii) classification of clients based on value, importance and level of engagement with the business; and (viii) dates of last call with the client/prospects. Accompanying this spreadsheet, Perlow also emailed himself a list of the clients'/prospects' names and email addresses. First Citizens informed Defendants through their counsel about this theft in May 2023, but Defendants never responded and have done nothing to address it. The documents have not been returned to First Citizens.

- 238. The unfair competitive advantage seized by Defendants enabled them to short-circuit the time normally required by a market entrant to: (i) identify a target market and to validate the viability and potential profitability of a business plan to enter that market; (ii) develop comprehensive financial projections that forecast revenues, costs and expenses associated with a business plan, including financial modeling of estimated sales volumes, production costs, operating expenses and anticipated cashflow; (iii) formulate the operational efficiency needed to streamline processes, minimize waste, and reduce costs; (v) identify and assess potential risks that could impact the profitability of the business plan, such as evaluating market risks, competitive risks, regulatory risks, financial risks, and operational risks; (vi) develop risk mitigation strategies to minimize the impact of pertinent risks and protect profitability. By seizing these unfair advantages, the HSBC Entities were able to expedite the timeframe it normally takes to enter this market—a market that itself has an incredibly high barrier to entry.
- 239. The HSBC Entities further secured an unfair advantage because the employees delivered a readymade business without having to build it from the ground up. Consequently, HUSI and HSBC Bank USA can target their products, services and marketing to a preselected elite group of clients without the need to spend the significant amount of time, money and resources that are normally required.
- 240. There can be no mistake that Sabow understood he was talking about taking business away from the entity that would acquire the Bridge Bank's assets (<u>i.e.</u>, First Citizens). In his Project Colony plan he stated: "re-taking this position of dominance will be core to the strategic thesis of any ultimate acquiror of SVB's U.S. portfolio." He continued: "If a 'super-

regional' or institution outside of the top 10 U.S. banks acquires the assets of SVB US, they will have an inherent governor on their growth and market share in the near term."

- 241. On April 11, 2023, just sixteen days after First Citizens acquired the Bridge Bank, HSBC Bank USA announced they had hired a slate of SVB executives from First Citizens. See https://www.about.us.hsbc.com/newsroom/press-releases/hsbc-usa-hires-silicon-valley-veterans-to-lead-new-dedicated-offering-for-innovation-economy (last visited February 7, 2024). These were the very same executives who had resigned *en masse* with their subordinates on April 9, 2023. In the words of HSBC Bank USA, the group was "led by David Sabow." Id. Sabow was the former Head of SVB's Life Sciences and Technology Banking. In this position, Sabow had unique and extensive knowledge of SVB's proprietary information and trade secrets, and he had extensive knowledge about and relationships with SVB's workforce. Sabow was uniquely situated to exploit and undermine SVB's significant investments of time, money and resources in recruiting, training and developing its workforce.
- 242. On April 28, 2023, First Citizens, by and through its counsel, sent letters to Sabow and each and every one of the Individual Defendants. True and correct copies of the letters, not including their attachments, are filed with this Court as ECF Nos. 1-1 through 1-7 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
- 243. Each letter outlined Sabow's and the Individual Defendants' obligations not to use confidential information they acquired from SVB/First Citizens (the "Company") and not to compete unfairly with the Company.
- 244. Each letter expressed the Company's concern that Sabow and each Individual Defendant has violated his/her obligations.
- 245. Each letter contained four specific demands that the Defendant receiving the letter: (i) immediately purge and return all confidential information relating to the Company's business; (ii) immediately cease and desist from using or disclosing the Company's confidential information and provide a written assurance that s/he will refrain from such use and disclosure; (iii) provide a list of each and every employee of the Company with whom s/he communicated concerning her/his actual and/or potential departure from the Company; and (iv) provide a written

assurance that s/he will take steps necessary to ensure that all evidence will be preserved. <u>See</u> ECF Nos. 1-1 through 1-7.

- 246. To this date, except to state that evidence will be preserved, neither Sabow nor any one of the Individual Defendants has provided the requested written information or assurances. To be clear, Sabow's and the Individual Defendants' counsel, who also represents the HSBC entities, communicated with First Citizens' counsel and stated that no confidential information had been misappropriated. First Citizens' counsel requested a written response to the four specific demands in ECF Nos. 1-1 through 1-7. To date, no such written response has been provided (except to state that evidence will be preserved). Instead, Sabow and the Individual Defendants have taken an "I only intend to address that which you can specifically prove" approach to First Citizens' demands, and they have asked First Citizens to "inform [them] if [First Citizens is] aware of any specific confidential information that First Citizens believes was disclosed to HSBC and which employee First Citizens believes made that disclosure." None of the confidential, proprietary, and confidential information disclosed above has been returned.
- 247. Each Individual Defendant and Sabow understood that Project Colony was predicated upon valuable, confidential information that was not publicly available.
- 248. Each Individual Defendant and Sabow understood that Project Colony required a simultaneous "lift-out" of dozens of key employees, the effect of which was intended to inflict serious damage upon First Citizens' ability to preserve its Technology & Healthcare Accelerator & Growth market share.

K. The Defendants' Actions Have Caused Significant Harm to First Citizens

- 249. By and through their wrongful conduct described throughout this Complaint, the Defendants have caused significant harm to First Citizens.
- 250. As explained above, the FDIC's role in the face of a bank failure is to bring calm and stability to the situation. One way it does that is to liquidate the assets of a failed bank and sell them to a healthy bank.
- 251. When one bank buys another bank, it typically does so in order to expand its operations and increase its profitability. Increased profitability comes from:

- Increased market share, <u>i.e.</u>, gaining access to new customers and markets, which leads to increased revenue and profitability;
- b. Cost savings, <u>e.g.</u>, streamlining the two banks' operations through elimination of duplicate systems and processes, and consolidating physical locations; and
- c. Cross-selling opportunities, <u>e.g.</u>, gaining access to new customers, products and services that the acquiring bank did not previously have, and by offering new customers, products and services to the acquired bank that it previously lacked.
- 252. In bidding for SVB's assets, First Citizens had a reasonable expectation that it would acquire the assets it purchased free from unlawful interference. The Defendants deliberately undermined the value of the assets acquired by First Citizens.
- 253. In addition to causing economic harm and loss, the Defendants have eroded the integrity of the auction process and diminished the trust that future buyers will have in the fairness and reliability of such transaction.
- 254. By poaching the targeted executives and "key professionals"—both through the use of confidential, proprietary and trade secret information, and the egregious breaches of other duties—the Defendants unfairly replicated and took a large cross section of SVB's operational knowledge and unlawfully acquired an unfair competitive advantage.
- 255. When banks fail, their employees face uncertainty and potential job loss. By poaching employees here and seeking to have them provide confidential, proprietary and trade secret information, the Defendants exacerbated this uncertainty and contributed to the disruption of the job market.
- 256. The Defendants' actions were not only unethical, but they distort the fairness of the auction process, serve to discourage future buyers, and undermine the stability of the banking industry.
- 257. First Citizens is entitled to damages that include compensation for the diminution of the value of the business it acquired which is traceable to the Defendants' wrongful conduct, including such damages as are reflected by lost profits and expenses incurred. It is also entitled to

1	recover amounts (without seeking a double recovery) that reflect the unjust enrichment of the	
2	Defendants and/or a reasonable royalty.	
3	258. The fact that the Defendants' actions harm the public interest and undermine the	
4	public trust only makes the conduct at issue that much more reprehensible. In addition to all	
5	damages requested herein, punitive damages of a significant magnitude are warranted to	
6	discourage the HSBC Entities and others from undermining and destabilizing the FDIC's	
7	resolution and receivership process for the purpose of enriching themselves at the expense of their	
8	competitors.	
9	259. Aside from ambitious plans, Sabow touted the merits of Project Colony by telling	
10	the other Defendants that the business they aimed to take would yield immediate and	
11	extraordinary profits. Misusing the data described above, Sabow projected that Project Colony	
12	would generate more than \$66 million of direct profit contribution in its first year alone. He	
13	further projected that it would generate direct profit contribution in years two through five	
14	amounting to more than \$278 million, \$541 million, \$868 million, and \$1.275 billion	
15	respectively.	
16	260. There can be no doubt—a substantial damages award is warranted in this case. Just	
17	based on Sabow's projections, that amount should be at least \$1 billion.	
18	VII. CAUSES OF ACTION	
19	A. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION	
20	(Breach of Contract – Confidentiality, Assignment, Non-Solicitation, and Unauthorized	
21	Competition Obligations – Against Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon)	
22	261. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if	
23	set forth in full herein.	
24	262. On March 10, 2023, SVB was closed by the California Department of Financial	
25	Protection and Innovation, which appointed the FDIC as receiver for SVB ("FDIC-Receiver-	
26	SVB").	
27	263. On March 10, 2023, FDIC-Receiver-SVB entered into a "Transfer Agreement"	
28	through which it transferred substantially all of the deposits and assets to the Bridge Bank.	

- 264. Under section 2.03(a) of the Transfer Agreement, among the assets that were transferred from the FDIC-Receiver-SVB to the Bridge Bank were SVB's ongoing operations, including its Technology and Healthcare Banking group and all of SVB's intellectual property related thereto, including trade secrets and confidential and proprietary information (the "Intellectual Property")—as well as all agreements that:
 - a. protect the Intellectual Property, such as the "Confidential Information and
 Invention Assignment Agreements for Employees" filed with the Court as ECF
 Nos. 1-8 through 1-12 as (collectively, the "Confidentiality Agreements"). The
 Confidentiality Agreements are incorporated by reference as if set forth in full
 herein; and
 - b. preserve the staff to continue SVB's ongoing banking operations, such as the Confidentiality Agreements and their non-solicitation covenants.
- 265. On March 27, 2023, the Bridge Bank was closed by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, which appointed the FDIC to serve as receiver for the Bridge Bank.
- 266. The position of the FDIC as receiver for the Bridge Bank ("FDIC-Receiver-Bridge Bank") is that the Confidentiality Agreements were transferred to the Bridge Bank. <u>See</u> ECF No. 53-1.
- 267. Also on March 27, 2023, the FDIC-Receiver-Bridge Bank entered into a "Purchase and Assumption Agreement All Deposits" ("P&A Agreement") through which it transferred substantially all deposits and assets of the Bridge Bank to First Citizens.
- 268. Under section 3.1 of the P&A Agreement, among the assets that were transferred from the FDIC-Receiver-Bridge Bank to First Citizens were the ongoing operations of SVB's Technology and Healthcare Banking group and the Intellectual Property—as well as all Confidentiality Agreements that protect the Intellectual Property and preserve the staff to continue such operations.
- 269. The position of the FDIC is that the Confidentiality Agreements and the right to enforce them were acquired by First Citizens. <u>See</u> ECF No. 53-1.
 - 270. First Citizens has the right to seek to enforce the Confidentiality Agreements.

purchasing habits, service requirements, prices and costs; or other business information disclosed to me by the Company either directly or

indirectly in writing or orally or by observation of documentation, data,

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parts or equipment or created by me during the period of the Relationship, whether or not during working hours. . . . [Further,] "Confidential Information" includes, but is not limited to, information pertaining to any aspects of the Company's business which is either information not known by actual or potential competitors of the Company or is proprietary or trade secret information of the Company or its customers or suppliers, whether of a technical nature or otherwise.

- 275. Sabow's Agreement contains his obligation to assign any rights to "Works," and "concepts, know-how, improvements or trade secrets" to the Company so that it is clear that the Company owns these rights and not Sabow. Specifically, the Agreement provides in paragraphs 4(b) and 4(c) as follows:
 - Assignment of Works. I agree that I will promptly make foil 4(b) written disclosure to the Company, will hold in trust for the sole right and benefit of the Company, and hereby assign to the Company, or its designee, all my right, title and interest throughout the world in and to any and ah inventions, original works of authorship, developments, concepts, know-how, improvements or trade secrets which I may solely or jointly conceive or develop of reduce to practice, or cause to be conceived of developed or reduced to practice, during the period of time in which I am employed by the Company (collectively referred to as "Works") related to the Company's business Or which relate to any actual or anticipated research or development which results from any work that I perform for the Company, of any inventions, original works of authorship, developments, concepts, know-how, improvements or trade secrets which involves, in any way, the use of the Company's equipment, supplies, facilities, trade secrets, or confidential information.. I further acknowledge that all inventions, original works of authorship, developments, concepts, know-how,-improvements Or trade secrets which are made by me (solely or jointly with others) within the scope of and during the period of my Relationship with the Company are "Works made for hire" (to the greatest extent permitted by applicable law) and are compensated by my salary, unless regulated otherwise by the mandatory law of the state of California or the State in which 1 perform the majority of my service for the Company. I agree to execute all documents necessary to the perfection of the assignment or for the perfection and/or protection of the Company's interest or rights in such intangible assets.
 - 4(c) Consistent with subsection 4(b) above, this Agreement does not

require assignment of any inventions which fully qualifies for protection under Section 2870 Of the California Labor Code which provides as follows: Any provision in an employment agreement which provides that an employee shall assign or offer to assign any of his or her rights in any invention to his or her employer Shall not apply to an invention for which no equipment, supplies, facilities or trade secret information of the employer was used and (a) which does not relate (l) to the business of the employer or (2) to the employer's actual of demonstrably anticipated research or development, or (b) which does not result from any work

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performed by the employee for the employer. Any provision, which purports to apply to such an invention, is to that extent against public policy of this state and is to that extent void and unenforceable.

276. Sabow's Agreement also contains his commitment to return all of the Company's property and documents upon the termination of his employment with the Company. Specifically, the Agreement provides in paragraph 5 as follows:

I agree that, at the time of termination of my Relationship with the Company, I will immediately, without delay, deliver to the Company (and will not keep in my possession, recreate or deliver to anyone else) any and all Company property and documents obtained or provided to me during the Relationship. Such Company property and documents, includes, but is not limited to: records, data, notes, reports, proposals, plans, lists, forecasts, formulas, projections, bids, financial data, promotional or marketing materials, client related information or correspondence, customer lists, correspondence, tools, equipment, devices, specifications, programs, plans, proposals, ideas, drawings, blueprints, sketches, laboratory notebooks, materials, flow charts, confidential information as defined above in paragraphs 3(a) and 3(c), and any other documents or property as well as any copies, reproductions or electronic storage files containing any of the aforementioned items including but not limited to any files downloaded to cellular phone, computers or other electronic devices, or forwarded to third parties or other electronic data storage depositories.

277. Sabow's Agreement also contains his acknowledgement that his "knowledge of the Company's employees' and consultants' skills, knowledge, relationships and abilities itself constitutes the Company's trade secret information." <u>Id.</u> at ¶ 8. Accordingly, he promised in paragraph 8 that during his employment and for a period of six months thereafter, he would not solicit, induce, recruit or encourage the Company's employees or consultants to terminate their relationship with the Company. Specifically, paragraph 8 of the Agreement states:

I agree that during the term of my Relationship with the Company, and for a period of six (6) months immediately following the termination of my Relationship with the Company for any reason, whether with or without cause, I shall not either directly or indirectly solicit, induce, recruit or encourage any of the Company's employees or consultants to terminate their relationship with the Company, or take away such employees or consultants, or attempt to solicit, induce, recruit, encourage or take away employees or consultants of the Company, either for myself or for any other person or entity without first notifying and obtaining the express written approval of the Company's President and CEO.

278. Sabow's Agreement also contains his promise not to compete unfairly with the Company either during or after his employment. To this end, paragraph 9 states:

I agree that for any period during which I am employed by the Company, I will not participate in selling product lines that compete with the Company to existing Company customers or identified prospects. I further agree that, after my employment with the Company ends, that I shall not participate in selling product lines that compete with the Company to existing Company customers or its identified prospects if such conduct would require or in any way cause the disclosure, use or exploitation of any of the Company's trade secrets or confidential information (as defined by the Uniform Trade Secrets Act) or if trade secrets or confidential information obtained during my employment at the Company would give a competitive advantage over the Company. I agree that these limitations are necessary and reasonably calculated to protect the Company's trade secrets and confidential information. There shall be no exceptions to these limitations on competition unless I obtain express written approval for any exception from the Company's President and CEO. Except for these reasonable limitations, I am free to obtain employment with other companies in the financial services industry. Accordingly, I understand this provision shall not be construed to prevent me from being gainfully employed in the financial services industry by a competitor of the Company.

Confidentiality Agreements with the Company. True and correct copies of their Agreements are filed with this Court as ECF Nos. 1-9 through 1-12 and incorporated by reference as if set forth in full herein. Although the verbiage of Patel's, Stepanis', Longo's, and Hanlon's Agreements differs slightly from Sabow's Agreement, the substance is the same. Like Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon agreed that: (a) they will not use or disclose the Company's Confidential Information except on behalf of the Company; (b) they will return the Company's property and documents upon the termination of their employment; (c) "Works for Hire" belong to the Company; (d) during their employment and for a period of at least six months thereafter, they would not solicit, induce, recruit or encourage the Company's employees or consultants to terminate their relationship with the Company; and (e) they will not compete unfairly with the Company. See ECF No. 1-9 ¶ 3, 4, 5, 8 and 9; ECF Nos. 1-10 and 1-11 ¶ 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8; ECF No. 1-12 ¶ 3, 4, 5, 8 and 9.

280. By and through their conduct described above, Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon breached the provisions of their Agreements referenced above.

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1	281. The Company has performed, or substantially performed, all of its obligations
2	under the Agreements and met and satisfied all conditions precedent.
3	282. The Agreements of Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon are valid and
4	enforceable.
5	283. The Agreements were supported by adequate consideration including initial
6	employment with SVB and continued employment with First Citizens, access to confidential and
7	trade secret information, compensation, benefits and more.
8	284. First Citizens has been damaged by these breaches in an amount to be determined
9	at trial.
10	B. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
11	(Breach of Contract – First Citizens Agreements – Against Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen)
12	Againsi Siepanis, Faiet, Kiaaer, Longo, Hanton, and Andersen)
13	285. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if
14	set forth in full herein.
15	286. After First Citizens won the auction for SVB, Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo,
16	Hanlon, and Andersen each applied to become and subsequently became employees of First
17	Citizens.
18	287. As a condition of their employment with First Citizens, Stepanis, Patel, Kidder,
19	Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen each executed First Citizens' New Hire Acknowledgement
20	agreement. True and correct copies of the New Hire Acknowledgement agreements are filed with
21	this Court as ECF Nos. 1-16 through 1-21 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
22	288. The New Hire Acknowledgement agreements state in pertinent part as follows:
23	I read, understood, and agree to comply with the Code of Ethics.
24	 I read, understood, and agree to comply with [First Citizens'] policies and standards, including but not limited to:
25	
26	 Corporate Compliance Policy Information Security Acceptable Use Standards
27	information occurry receptable ose standards
28	

1 2	 At the beginning of my employment, I will review additional [First Citizens] policies and standards applicable to my role, including but not limited to, [First Citizens'] Human Resources policies and standards.
3	289. The <u>Code of Ethics</u> to which the <u>New Hire Acknowledgement</u> agreements refer
4	states in part as follows:
5	You must comply with all laws and regulations applicable to your role at
6	First Citizens and avoid even the slightest appearance or suspicion of wrongdoing, conflict of interest or other improper conduct.
7	* * *
8	You must promptly report: (i) Any act or omission you know or suspect to be illegal, dishonest, fraudulent, or unethical that may affect or involve
9	First Citizens; (ii) Any act or omission you suspect to be a violation of the
10	Code of Ethics or First Citizens' policies, standards, or procedures to which you are subject;
11	* * *
12	1. Comply with All Laws, Regulations, and First Citizens' Policies,
13	Standards and Procedures
14	1.1 In General
15	You are responsible for understanding and obeying all laws, regulations,
16	policies, standards, and procedures to which you are subject and that govern your actions within and for First Citizens. Strict attention to and
17	compliance with federal and state laws and regulations applicable to the financial services business as well as ethical business conduct rules and
18	regulations, such as the Federal Bank Secrecy Act, are REQUIRED to
19	protect you and First Citizens.
20	* * *
21	1.4 First Citizens' Policies, Standards and Procedures
22	You are responsible for understanding and following all First Citizens'
23	policies, standards, and procedures to which you are subject
24	2. Maintain Integrity
25	2.1 In General
26	As used in this Code, "integrity" means possessing and steadfastly adhering to principles of honesty, reliability, courtesy, accuracy,
27	confidentiality, and trustworthiness. Associates are expected to act with
28	integrity in all matters and protect and maintain the first citizens integrity and reputation at all times.

1	2.2 Confidentiality and Privacy of Information
2	You must not access, disclose, or use non-public information concerning First Citizens, its customers, suppliers, vendors, or anyone doing business
3 4	with First Citizens unless there is a business need to do so and you have the appropriate authorization. Your responsibilities regarding non-public information include, but are not limited to, the following:
5 6	Use information only for its intended use in carrying out your duties as a First Citizens associate;
7 8	• Do not send non-public information to your personal email address;
9	Do not use information for unauthorized purposes, such as for your personal advantage or to provide advantage to others
11	Safeguarding and protecting non-public information are continuing obligations, even after you are no longer employed by First
12	Citizens. When you leave First Citizens' employ, you must immediately do the following regarding non-public information:
13 14	Return to First Citizens all records or files in any format, whether written, printed, or electronic (including all originals and any copies)
15 16	or other reproductions), and all lists, summaries, compilations, extracts, or other representations of information, in your possession or control;
17	Permanently delete any information electronically stored on any personal devices; and
18 19	 Not use information for your own personal benefit or for the benefit of any third party.
20	* * *
21	3.0 Avoid Conflicts of Interest
22	3.1 In General
23	As used in this Code, a conflict of interest means a situation or activity that
24	could compromise, or appear to compromise, your judgment, objectivity, or effectiveness in the performance of your duties with First Citizens.
25	Conflicts of interest, whether real or perceived, can undermine the trust and
26	confidence of our customers, vendors and suppliers, the public, and our fellow associates. Whether or not a conflict of interest exists or will exist
27	can be unclear. You must avoid any activity or situation that involves, or
28	appears to involve, a conflict of interest

1 A conflict of interest may also arise when your personal activities and relationships with immediate family members, friends, coworkers, etc. 2 interfere, or appear to interfere, with your ability to act in the best interest of First Citizens. 3 3.2 Using Position for Personal Gain 4 You must manage your personal and business affairs to avoid situations 5 that cause, or appear to cause, a conflict of interest between your self-6 interest and your duty to First Citizens. . . 7 Self-dealing means using your employment or position for personal gain, to advance personal interests, or to obtain favors or unauthorized benefits for 8 yourself or any other person . . . 9 3.3 Activities Detrimental to the First Citizens' Business 10 You must avoid in engaging in activities that place you in competition with 11 or which are otherwise detrimental (directly or indirectly) to First Citizens' business. Examples of activities that are considered inappropriate include, 12 but are not limited to, the following: 13 14 Diverting business or personnel away from First Citizens[.] 15 16 (All emphases in original). A true and correct copy of the Code of Ethics is filed with this Court 17 as ECF No. 1-22 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein. 18 19 290. The Acceptable Use Standards state in part as follows: 20 2. Overview 21 The Acceptable Use Standards (Standards) define specific requirements 22 that must be followed when using First Citizens BancShares Inc. and subsidiaries including First-Citizens Bank & Trust Company, (FCB or 23 Bank) technology and information resources (assets) to protect FCB from illegal or damaging actions, either knowingly or unknowingly, that could 24 affect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information created, collected, and maintained. 25 26 Access to and use of assets is a privilege granted to Associates and Non-Employee Workers as defined in the Human Resources Policies & 27 Standards Manual (collectively, Users). All Users are expected to use FCB assets in a responsible and ethical manner for their intended business 28 purpose in serving the interests of FCB and of FCB's clients and

1 customers. Effective security is a team effort involving the participation and support of every User who deals with FCB information and/or 2 information systems. 3 The purpose of this Standards is to define the acceptable use of FCB's assets by Users. Inappropriate use exposes FCB to risk including virus 4 attacks, compromises of the network systems and services, violation of 5 license and contractual agreements, and legal and regulatory requirements. 6 3. Scope 7 All assets that process, store, receive, transmit or otherwise could impact the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of FCB data and information 8 must meet the required security controls defined in these Standards that are based on the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) SP 9 800-53, Security and Privacy Controls. 10 These Standards apply to all business units, departments, and functions 11 within FCB, as well as Users that access, process, store, and/or transmit FCB data and information. 12 4. General Requirements – Acceptable Use of Information Assets 13 4.1 Intended Business Purpose 14 Except as permitted in these Standards or under applicable law, FCB 15 owned and managed technology resources and information assets must be 16 used only for the intended business purpose. 17 18 4.6 Return FCB Assets 19 Users must return FCB owned hardware, software, and Restricted Data (as defined in the Data Classification & Handling Standards) to FCB upon 20 request or termination of access. 21 22 8. Acceptable Use of Company Information 23 8.1 Business Need 24 Users must not attempt to access any Restricted data (as defined in the Data 25 Classification and Handling Standards) without a direct business need and authorization to do so. 26 8.2 Disclosure 27 28

1	Restricted data may be used only for legitimate FCB business purposes and
2	may not be used or disclosed by any User for any personal purpose as per the Data Classification and Handling Standard.
3	8.3 Processing and Storage
4	FCB data that is classified as Restricted or Business Use Only may only be
5	processed or stored on technology resources owned, leased, contracted, or approved by FCB. Any other use of technology resources or service
6 7	providers to process or store Restricted or Business Use Only data is prohibited.
8	* * *
9	FCB managed data loss prevention controls
10	FCB approved vendor provided data loss prevention controls
11	Other solutions as approved by Information Security
12	* * *
13	8.7 Mobile Devices
14	Mobile devices must not store, transmit, or receive Restricted FCB
15 16	information without FCB approved protection mechanisms (such as the secure messaging service, whole-disk encryption, or Virtual Private Network (VPN).
17	* * *
18	13. Acceptable Use of Email and Messaging Platforms
19	13.1 Business Use
20	
21	Email and instant messaging must only be used for business related communications and must not be used for personal use, except as permitted
22	by these Standards or applicable law.
23	13.2 Unlawful Messages
24	Email and instant messaging systems must not be used to send fraudulent, harassing, obscene, threatening, or other unlawful messages.
25	13.3 Approved Messaging Systems
26	
27	Users must not send business related email or electronic messages containing Restricted data to Users, clients, customers, and business
28	partners through any means other than FCB's approved email and messaging systems. Use of external / public email and instant messaging
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1	systems (e.g., Hotmail, Gmail, AOL, AIM, MSN Messenger) for sending business related information is prohibited.
2	* * *
3	
4	13.4.4 Secure Messages in Accordance with Data Classification
5 6	Email containing Restricted information must be sent securely using established FCB procedures and must not be sent without an acceptable business need and justification.
7	13.4.5 Personal Email Addresses
9	Email containing business related Restricted data must not be sent to a User's personal email address or any other User's personal email address, except when sending communications related to a customer's business to
10	the customer's email address, provided that FCB approved security standards to protect the customer's Restricted information are allowed.
11	13.5 Messaging Platforms
12 13	13.5.1 Non-Approved Platforms
14	Users must not copy or download FCB data from any FCB approved
15	instant message platform and share on non-approved platforms.
16	* * *
17	13.5.4 Text Messages Including Restricted Data
18	Users are prohibited from sending or receiving text messages that contain
19	Restricted data as defined in the Data Classification and Handling Standards.
20	13.5.5 Approved Messaging Platforms
21	Only FCB approved messaging platforms (e.g., MS Teams) may be used
22	for making material business decisions or other business communications.
23	(All emphases in original). A true and correct copy of the Acceptable Use Standards is filed with
24	this Court as ECF No. 1-23 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
25	291. The <u>Data Classification and Handling Standards</u> define "Restricted Data" to
26	include information that is intended only for First Citizens and that relates to key financial,
27	strategic, R&D, legal, or other critical aspects of First Citizens' operations. Examples of
28	Restricted Data include information that provides a competitive advantage such as details of

business and marketing strategies and pricing of services and any financial data that is held in confidence by First Citizens. A true and correct copy of the Data Classification and Handling Standards is filed with this Court as ECF No. 1-24 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.

- 292. By and through their conduct described above, Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen breached their <u>New Hire Acknowledgement</u> agreements.
- 293. The Company has performed, or substantially performed, all of its obligations under the New Hire Acknowledgement agreements and met and satisfied all conditions precedent.
- 294. The <u>New Hire Acknowledgement</u> agreements with Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen are valid and enforceable.
- 295. The New Hire Acknowledgement agreements were supported by adequate consideration including initial employment with SVB and continued employment with First Citizens, access to confidential and trade secret information, compensation, benefits and more.
- 296. First Citizens has been damaged by these breaches in an amount to be determined at trial.

C. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Duty of Loyalty Against Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen)

- 297. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if set forth in full herein.
- 298. As employees of First Citizens, the Individual Defendants owed First Citizens an undivided duty of loyalty and care to act in the utmost good faith, with undivided interests and with faithful service, and to place First Citizens' interests ahead of their own and not to act for persons or entities whose interests would conflict with those of First Citizens. This duty of loyalty included an obligation to take no actions inimical to the best interests of First Citizens. It also included an obligation to warn First Citizens of imminent threats, particularly those that were being planned and orchestrated by the Defendants. It also included an obligation to refrain from competing with First Citizens during employment, and to refrain from taking actions on behalf of or otherwise assisting a competitor of First Citizens.

299. Between March 27 and April 9, 2023, while employees of First Citizens, the Individual Defendants each violated their duty of loyalty by recruiting First Citizens employees for HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, coordinating and planning the April 9, 2023 mass resignation from First Citizens in order to set up a competing bank, and concealing this plan in direct violation of their obligations to First Citizens.

300. The Individual Defendants knew that the expressed intention of the Project Colony scheme they joined was to put First Citizens' newly acquired SVB division "out of business." The conduct of each of the Individual Defendants was willful and malicious, was performed with intent to injure First Citizens, and was without justification or privilege. The conduct of the Individual Defendants was undertaken in furtherance of their own personal interests and for the benefit of the HSBC Entities.

Patel and Kidder

- 301. Sabow recruited Patel and Kidder to join the effort to gather other First Citizens employees for execution of Project Colony, culminating in their active participation in one of Michael Roberts' April 8, 2023 calls to recruit other employees for the April 9, 2023 mass resignation.
- 302. Sabow kept a detailed spreadsheet of the employees he was recruiting. As of March 23, 2023, Patel was "in" on the plot, according to Sabow's Tracking Spreadsheet. Patel remained "in" on the plot after she became a First Citizens employee on March 27, 2023. First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery that being "in" on the plot included identifying employees that Patel would recruit and how and when to execute the Project Colony scheme.
- 303. On April 3, 2023, Sabow and Kidder spoke by phone. First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery that they spoke about Project Colony, including which employees Kidder would recruit and how and when to execute the Project Colony scheme.
- 304. On April 6, 2023, a First Citizens' Senior Market Manager sent an email to his supervisor Kidder, who at the time was the Head of Loan Administration. The First Citizens' manager alerted Kidder about existing competitive threats to the bank in the wake of SVB's

failure. The email expressed concern about a potentially escalating "run on the bank's talent" and noted that "[e]ach departure adds to the snowball of the momentum towards leaving." It specifically named two competitors (neither of which were HSBC) who were rumored to be looking to hire First Citizens' former SVB employees. Kidder remained silent. He did not respond or tell anyone that he and the other Defendants were plotting a raid of First Citizens' workforce.

305. The email to Kidder also stated that "There is confidence around [the bank's Chief Banking Officer] and the idea of bringing back Sabow." Kidder did not correct this misimpression. He did not respond or tell anyone that the Defendants were plotting a raid of First Citizens' workforce.

306. Patel and Kidder were present on a call that Michael Roberts held with First Citizens employees on Saturday, April 8, 2023. Also present on that call were employees supervised by Patel and Kidder. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, in the days prior to the call, Patel and Kidder contacted employees and asked and arranged for them to participate in this call, putting their interests and the interest of HSBC Bank USA ahead of First Citizens. During that call, Patel and Kidder, in concert with Michael Roberts, urged the employees to resign *en masse* from First Citizens and to join HSBC Bank USA. Patel and Kidder did not inform First Citizens that they and Roberts were targeting these employees for a mass departure.

Stepanis and Andersen

307. Sabow recruited Stepanis and Andersen to join the effort to gather other First Citizens employees for execution of Project Colony, culminating in their active participation in another one of Michael Roberts' April 8, 2023 calls to recruit other employees for the April 9, 2023 mass resignation.

308. As of March 23, 2023, Stepanis was "in" on the plot, according to Sabow's Tracking Spreadsheet. Stepanis remained "in" on the plot after she became a First Citizens employee on March 27, 2023. Andersen agreed to participate in Project Colony after March 23, 2023, and before April 8, 2023.

- 309. On March 31, while still an employee of First Citizens, Stepanis suggested that Co-Defendant Longo ask Michael Roberts for 100 offer letters for First Citizens employees, consistent with Project Colony's mass resignation strategy.
- 310. The following week, on April 6, 2023, Stepanis called one of the Project Colony targets, a First Citizens employee on her team, who ultimately resigned from First Citizens to join HUSI and HSBC Bank USA. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Stepanis urged the employee to resign from First Citizens and join HUSI and HSBC Bank USA.
- 311. Stepanis and Andersen communicated with HSBC's Head of Executive Recruitment on or before April 8, 2023. Stepanis and Andersen requested that the Head of Executive Recruitment set up a separate meeting on April 8 between Michael Roberts, them, and the members of their teams (First Citizens employees) they had recruited to join HSBC Bank USA
- 312. Stepanis and Andersen were present on a call that Roberts held with them and the First Citizens employees they supervised on Saturday, April 8, 2023. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, in the days prior to the call, Stepanis and Andersen contacted employees and asked and arranged for them to participate in this call, putting their interests and the interest of HSBC Bank USA ahead of First Citizens. During that call, Stepanis and Andersen, in concert with Michael Roberts, urged the employees to resign *en masse* from First Citizens and to join HSBC Bank USA. Stepanis and Andersen did not inform First Citizens that they and Roberts were targeting these employees for a mass departure.

<u>Longo</u>

313. Sabow recruited Longo to join the effort to gather other First Citizen employees for execution of Project Colony and kept a detailed spreadsheet of the employees he was recruiting. As of March 23, 2023, Longo was "in" on the plot, according to Sabow's Tracking Spreadsheet. Longo remained "in" on the plot after he became a First Citizens employee on March 27, 2023.

- 314. On March 31, 2023, an employee asked Longo, "can we get [S]abow back?" Longo responded, "I keep texting him to please come back." At this time, Longo had agreed to join with Sabow and recruit employees to leave for HSBC. Longo intentionally misled this employee to keep the impending raid a secret.
- 315. On April 4, 2023, an employee told Longo she believed Sabow was not coming back and asked if he (Sabow) was going to HSBC. Longo said he had "no clue." At this time, Longo had agreed to join with Sabow and recruit employees to leave for HSBC. Longo intentionally misled this employee to keep the impending raid a secret.
- 316. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Longo contacted employees and asked and arranged for them to participate in one or both of the calls with Michael Roberts on April 8, 2023. Longo deliberately chose to put his interests and the interests of his soon-to-be new employer ahead of First Citizens.

Hanlon

- 317. Sabow recruited Hanlon to join the effort to gather other First Citizen employees for execution of Project Colony and kept a detailed spreadsheet of the employees he was recruiting. Hanlon agreed to join the Project Colony group after March 23, 2023, and before April 8, 2023.
- 318. On March 29, 2023, Sabow introduced Hanlon to Sungmahn Seo (Managing Director of Commercial Banking at HSBC Holdings) and Jennifer Capasso (HUSI's and HSBC Bank USA's Head of Embedded Banking & Platforms). He asked them to include Hanlon in a discussion about the "US onboarding journey." Sabow explained that he and Hanlon were "biased to connecting sooner rather than later." As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow was asking Hanlon to perform work for a competitor while she was still an employee of First Citizens, and Hanlon did the work while she was still an employee of First Citizens in furtherance of the Project Colony scheme.
- 319. On April 8, 2023, Sabow asked Hanlon, "can you be my partner in crime to design the first week and 'shadow ops' prior to the go live?" He further requested her thoughts on building out an agenda, training, and operational readiness to help prepare for the launch of the

1	new business. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery,			
2	Sabow was asking Hanlon to perform work for a competitor while she was still an employee of			
3	First Citizens, and Hanlon did the work while she was still an employee of First Citizens in			
4	furtherance of the Project Colony scheme.			
5	* * *			
6	320. By and through this conduct, Patel, Kidder, Stepanis, Andersen, Longo, and			
7	Hanlon breached their duty of loyalty to First Citizens.			
8	321. First Citizens has been damaged by these breaches in an amount to be determined			
9	at trial.			
10	D. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION			
11	(Aiding and Abetting Breach of Duty of Loyalty			
12	Against the HSBC Entities and Sabow) 322. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if			
13	set forth in full herein.			
14				
15	323. Between March 27 and April 9, 2023, Sabow, HUSI and HSBC Bank USA			
16	encouraged, facilitated, and directed the Individual Defendants to recruit specific First Citizens			
17	employees to resign <i>en masse</i> and accept offers from HUSI and HSBC Bank USA. Sabow,			
18	Roberts, Rius and other HSBC executives identified in the paragraphs above acted with the actual			
19	or apparent authority of each of the HSBC Entity Defendants. The HSBC Entity Defendants, as			
20	alleged above, collaborated in the recruitment efforts, onboarded the defecting employees, and			
21	ultimately benefited and intended to benefit from the Project Colony mass recruitment scheme.			
22	324. Sabow and the HSBC Entities knew that the Individual Defendants each had a			
23	duty of loyalty to their employer, First Citizens. Sabow and the HSBC Entities were familiar with			
24	standard industry practices, including contracts and agreements between bank employers and			
25	employees prohibiting unfair competition generally and the specific types of conduct in which			
26	Sabow and the HSBC Entities had engaged. Sabow had signed such contracts and agreements			
27	himself and the HSBC Entities require their employees to sign such contracts.			
28				

325. By directing and facilitating these individuals to lift out the SVB "profitability engine" that belonged to First Citizens through a sudden mass resignation, these Defendants knew they were facilitating and directing conduct that constitutes a breach of their duty of loyalty to First Citizens.

- 326. Sabow aided the Individual Defendants in breaching their duty of loyalty. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow (a) secured leadership positions and liability protections for the Individual Defendants in exchange for their breach; (b) directed and advised them to recruit specified First Citizens employees to resign *en masse* and accept offers of employment from HSBC, and (c) assisted and coordinated the Easter weekend interviews, offers, and resignations. Through these incentives, guidance, encouragement, and direct assistance, Sabow induced the Individual Defendants to breach their duty of loyalty to facilitate the lift out and keep the scheme a secret from First Citizens.
- 327. In addition to Sabow, agents of the HSBC Entities, including Michael Roberts and Mabel Rius, were heavily involved in soliciting, onboarding, and orchestrating the Individual Defendants' recruitment of First Citizens' employees. Together with Sabow and the Individual Defendants, Roberts, Rius, and others interviewed and extended offers to First Citizens employees, then welcomed them aboard when they joined HUSI and HSBC Bank USA.
- 328. Through these executives, the HSBC Entities aided and encouraged the Individual Defendants in breaching their duty of loyalty. HUSI and HSBC Bank USA (a) offered the Individual Defendants leadership positions and liability protections in exchange for the breach; (b) directed and advised them to recruit specified First Citizens employees to resign *en masse* and accept offers of employment from HUSI and HSBC Bank USA; and (c) assisted and coordinated the Easter weekend interviews, offers, and resignations. Through these incentives, guidance, encouragement, and direct assistance, the HSBC Entities caused the Individual Defendants to breach their duty of loyalty to facilitate the lift out and keep the scheme a secret from First Citizens.

- 329. The conduct of Sabow and the HSBC Entities was a substantial factor in causing the harm that First Citizens sustained as a result of the Individual Defendants' breaches of their duty of loyalty.
- 330. The foregoing conduct of Sabow and the HSBC Entities was willful and malicious, was performed with intent to injure First Citizens, and was without justification or privilege. The conduct of Sabow and the HSBC Entities was undertaken in furtherance of their own personal interests.
- 331. First Citizens has been damaged by the HSBC Entities' and Sabow's actions in an amount to be determined at trial.

E. FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Tortious Interference with Contracts Against the HSBC Entities and Sabow)

- 332. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if set forth in full herein.
- and April 9, 2023, Sabow, HUSI and HSBC Bank USA encouraged, facilitated, and directed the Individual Defendants to engage in conduct that constitutes a breach of their contractual obligations with First Citizens by recruiting specific First Citizens employees to resign *en masse* and accept offers from HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, and plotted to put First Citizens "out of business" while still First Citizens employees. Sabow, Roberts, Rius and other HSBC executives discussed above acted with the actual or apparent authority of all HSBC Entity Defendants. The HSBC Entity Defendants collaborated in the recruitment efforts behind the scenes, onboarded the defecting employees, and ultimately benefited and intended to benefit from the Project Colony mass recruitment scheme.
- 334. The Confidentiality Agreements signed by Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon are valid and enforceable contracts.
- 335. The New Hire Acknowledgment agreements signed by the Individual Defendants are valid and enforceable contracts.

336. The HSBC Entities knew about the contracts signed by Sabow and the Individual Defendants. Sabow knew about the contracts signed by the Individual Defendants.

337. The HSBC Entities instructed, aided and encouraged Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon to engage in conduct that constituted a breach of their Confidentiality Agreements by directing and facilitating these Individual Defendants to solicit, induce, and encourage First Citizens employees to terminate their relationship with First Citizens and join HSBC. Agents of the HSBC Entities, including Michael Roberts and Mabel Rius were heavily involved in soliciting, onboarding, and orchestrating Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon's recruitment of First Citizens' employees. Together with these individual defendants, Roberts and Rius interviewed and extended offers to First Citizens employees, then welcomed them aboard when they joined HUSI and HSBC Bank USA.

Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon to engage in conduct that constituted a breach their Confidentiality Agreements with First Citizens. HUSI and HSBC Bank USA (a) offered Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon leadership positions and liability protections in exchange for the breach; (b) directed and advised them to recruit First Citizens employees to resign *en masse* and accept offers of employment from HUSI and HSBC Bank USA; and (c) assisted and coordinated the Easter weekend interviews, offers, and resignations. Through these incentives, guidance, encouragement, and direct assistance, the HSBC Entities caused Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon to breach their contractual obligations to First Citizens by facilitating the lift out of First Citizens' employees in secret.

and facilitating these defendants to solicit, induce, and encourage First Citizens employees to terminate their relationship with First Citizens and join HSBC. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow (a) secured leadership positions and liability protections in exchange for their breach; (b) directed and advised them to recruit specified First Citizens employees to resign *en masse* and accept offers of employment from

- HSBC, and (c) assisted and coordinated the Easter weekend interviews, offers, and resignations. Through these incentives, guidance, encouragement, and direct assistance, Sabow induced Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon to breach contracts with First Citizens by facilitating the lift out, keeping the scheme a secret from First Citizens, and unfairly competing with First Citizens during their employment.
- 340. Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon did in fact breach their Confidentiality Agreements.
- 341. Sabow also instructed, aided and encouraged the Individual Defendants to engage in conduct that constituted a breach of their New Hire Acknowledgment agreements, including by assisting and directing the Individual Defendants to solicit, induce, and encourage First Citizens employees to terminate their relationship with First Citizens and join HSBC. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow (a) secured leadership positions and liability protections in exchange for their breach; (b) directed and advised them to recruit specified First Citizens employees to resign *en masse* and accept offers of employment from HSBC, and (c) assisted and coordinated the Easter weekend interviews, offers, and resignations. Through these incentives, guidance, encouragement, and direct assistance, Sabow caused the Individual Defendants to breach contracts with First Citizens by facilitating the employee lift out, keeping the scheme a secret from First Citizens, and diverting business and personnel away from First Citizens.
- 342. The HSBC Entities instructed, aided and encouraged the Individual Defendants to engage in conduct that constituted a breach of their New Hire Acknowledgement agreements, including by assisting and directing the Individual Defendants to solicit, induce, and encourage First Citizens employees to terminate their relationship with First Citizens and join HSBC. Agents of the HSBC Entities, including Michael Roberts and Mabel Rius were heavily involved in orchestrating Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon's recruitment of First Citizens' employees. Together with these Individual Defendants, Roberts and Rius interviewed and extended offers to First Citizens employees, then welcomed them aboard when they joined HUSI and HSBC Bank USA.

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343. Through these executives, the HSBC Entities instructed, aided and encouraged the
Individual Defendants to engage in conduct that constitutes a breach of their New Hire
Acknowledgement agreements with First Citizens. HUSI and HSBC Bank USA (a) offered the
Individual Defendants leadership positions and liability protections in exchange for the breach;
(b) directed and advised them to recruit First Citizens employees to resign en masse and accept
offers of employment from HUSI and HSBC Bank USA; and (c) assisted and coordinated the
Easter weekend interviews, offers, and resignations. Through these incentives, guidance,
encouragement, and direct assistance, the HSBC Entities caused Stepanis, Patel, Andersen,
Longo, Kidder, and Hanlon to breach their contractual obligations to First Citizens by facilitating
the employee lift out, keeping the scheme a secret from First Citizens, and diverting business and
personnel away from First Citizens.

- 344. Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen did in fact breach their New Hire Acknowledgment agreements.
- 345. The foregoing conduct of the HSBC Entities and Sabow was willful and malicious, was performed with intent to injure First Citizens, and was without justification or privilege. The conduct of the HSBC entities and Sabow was undertaken in furtherance of their/his own personal interest.
- 346. First Citizens has been damaged by the HSBC Entities' and Sabow's actions in an amount to be determined at trial.

F. SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Tortious Interference with Prospective Economic Advantage Against All Defendants)

- 347. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if set forth in full herein.
- 348. Sabow and the HSBC Entities wished to take that which they could not or did not purchase and put First Citizens "out of business." They accomplished this objective by conspiring with, incentivizing, and inducing the Individual Defendants to breach their duty of loyalty to divert First Citizens' employees and take First Citizens' business for their individual

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and collective economic benefit. As employees and agents of the HSBC Entities, acting with the HSBC's actual or apparent authority, Sabow and other HSBC executives executed the Project Colony plan to raid First Citizens' "profitability engine" for the HSBC Entities.

- 349. Defendants knew that First Citizens entered into a purchase and assumption agreement with the FDIC for certain of the assets of the Bridge Bank.
- 350. Defendants knew that First Citizens stood to profit from the purchase. They understood that as a result of the purchase, First Citizens would gain increased market share through access to new customers and markets. They likewise understood that First Citizens would profit through cross-selling opportunities, such as by gaining access to new products and services arising from SVB's unique market. They also knew that First Citizens would profit by continuing to employ key members of SVB's workforce.
- 351. By and through their breaches of duty of loyalty, the Individual Defendants disrupted First Citizens' employment relationships with First Citizens' employees and disrupted First Citizens' economic relationships with First Citizens' customers.
- 352. The foregoing conduct of Defendants was willful and malicious, was performed with intent to injure First Citizens, and was without justification or privilege. The Defendants' conduct was undertaken in furtherance of their own personal interest.
- 353. First Citizens has been damaged by Defendants' actions in an amount to be determined at trial.

G. SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices, NCGS § 75-1.1 et seq. Against All Defendants)

- 354. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if set forth in full herein.
- 355. Defendants engaged in unfair and unethical competition by executing a mass departure of First Citizens' key employees, inducing Individual Defendants' breach of their agreements and duty of loyalty, and engaging in a coordinated action undertaken for the purpose

of gaining a competitive advantage over First Citizens and damaging its ability to maintain its market share and customers.

- Defendants engaged in unfair and deceptive competitive acts, which occurred prior to and have continued after First Citizens' acquisition of SVB on March 27, 2023, including but not limited to: (a) participating in a scheme to surreptitiously cause employee departures in the form of mass resignations in such a manner that was unfair and calculated to, and did, handicap and damage First Citizens due to its loss of forty-two employees in carefully identified business units on Easter Sunday, while also giving the Defendants the significant benefit of lifting out a readymade life sciences venture capital team in order to position HSBC as "an integrated partner in the U.S. innovation ecosystem thereby obtaining a competitive advantage through unlawful means; (b) deceiving First Citizens' representatives about Defendants' unfair competitive endeavors; (c) concealing Defendants' unethical and unscrupulous conduct described above; (d) fraudulently scheming to divert business opportunities away from First Citizens; (e) utilizing First Citizens' employees to assist in unlawfully competing against First Citizens; (f) utilizing First Citizens' resources to compete against First Citizens; (g) utilizing First Citizens' managerial employees to solicit key employees while both the soliciting and solicited employees were still employed by First Citizens; and (h) gaining an unfair competitive advantage through deceit, theft, and other unlawful, unethical, and unscrupulous conduct constituting unfair and deceptive trade practices in violation of NCGS § 75-1.1.
- 357. Defendants' unfair trade practices were in or affecting commerce within the meaning of NCGS § 75-1.1.
- 358. Defendants' conduct as set forth herein is unethical, immoral, unscrupulous and deceptive.
- 359. First Citizens has been damaged by Defendants' actions in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 360. As a proximate result of Defendants' unfair and deceptive conduct, First Citizens is entitled to all relief permitted under NCGS § 75-1.1 *et seq.*, including but not limited to treble damages and attorney fees set forth in NCGS §§ 75-16 and 75-16.1.

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H. EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of the Defend Trade Secrets Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1836 Against All Defendants)

361. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if set forth in full herein.

362. The confidential and proprietary information described above constitutes First Citizens' trade secrets.

363. This information is valuable because First Citizens, and SVB before it, invested great sums of money and years of effort to create the information, which is not generally known or readily accessible through proper means to others (such as the HSBC Entities), who can profit from its disclosure or use.

- 364. First Citizens, and SVB before it, took reasonable measures under the circumstances to maintain the secrecy of this information, including requiring passwords to be used to access Company computer systems and records, restricting access to business premises, and having employees such as the Individual Defendants sign contracts that expressly prohibit, among other things described above, the use, removal and disclosure of such information outside of the Company. This includes the Confidentiality Agreements and New Hire Acknowledgement agreements addressed above, and the written policies mentioned within the New Hire Acknowledgement agreements, with which employees are required to comply.
- 365. In addition, like First Citizens, SVB required the Individual Defendants and Sabow to sign and abide by various policies the content of which contain reasonable steps to maintain the secrecy of the information the Defendants misappropriated in this case. This includes a Code of Conduct Acknowledgment Form, which stated "I acknowledge and confirm that I have received, read, and understood the policy document listed below [i.e., the SVB Code of Conduct] and agree to comply with its requirements. True and correct copies of the Code of Conduct Acknowledgement Forms executed by the Individual Defendants and Sabow are filed with this Court as ECF Nos. 1-25 through 1-31 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.

- 366. The SVB Code of Conduct states that it "applies to all employees and entities of SVB Financial Group (SVBFG) and its subsidiaries" and that the employees "are required to comply with the Code" and must "protect Company assets." A true and correct copy of the SVB Code of Conduct is filed with this Court as ECF No. 1-32 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
- 367. The Code of Conduct requires employees, among other things, to report Code violations or suspected violations, refrain from any actions that constitute or can be perceived as constituting conflicts of interest, disclose conflicts of interest, to adhere to applicable policies concerning the use of Confidential Information, and to refrain from using, disclosing, transmitting or releasing any financial or other Confidential Information regarding SVB or any of its current or prospective clients except when necessary for a required business purpose.
- 368. In addition, SVB required the Individual Defendants to sign an Employee Handbook Acknowledgment Form for the SVB Employee Handbook United States of America. The Acknowledgement Form for the US Handbook stated "I acknowledge and confirm that I have received, read, and understood the policy document listed below [i.e., the SVB Employee Handbook United States of America] and agree to comply with its requirements. True and correct copies of the Employee Handbook Acknowledgement Forms executed by the Individual Defendants are filed with this Court as ECF Nos. 1-33 through 1-38 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
- 369. The SVB Employee Handbook states that employees must, among other things avoid conflicts of interest; avoid actions that are dishonest, fraudulent or that jeopardize the security of SVB's operations, its employees or clients; limit transmission of Confidential Information (even within SVB) to purposes that are necessary for a legitimate business purpose; comply with the Code of Conduct; understand and comply with SVB's applicable information security policies; and return all property including Confidential Information in any form upon the end of their employment.
- 370. The Bridge Bank adopted SVB's Code of Conduct, policies, procedures, and compliance regime.

- 371. Project Colony was based on and contained trade secret information belonging to First Citizens. Project Colony was developed, revised, and implemented by Defendants, acting individually and in concert with each other, after March 27, 2023, when First Citizens acquired SVB from Bridge Bank. The trade secrets contained in Project Colony were possessed and used by Defendants after March 27, 2023.
- 372. The Individual Defendants and Sabow misappropriated First Citizens' trade secrets by disclosing them to the HSBC Entities as part of Project Colony despite knowing they had a duty to maintain their secrecy. Each Individual Defendant (Hanlon, Kidder, Longo, Stepanis, Andersen, and Patel) and Sabow received copies of and knew that Project Colony contained trade secrets. Each Individual Defendant and Sabow possessed and used the trade secrets when participating in and implementing Project Colony after March 27, 2023.
- 373. Each HSBC entity or their agents was provided with copies of the Project Colony document. Each HSBC entity misappropriated First Citizens' trade secrets by acquiring them through improper means including through breach or inducement of a breach of a duty to maintain secrecy.
- 374. All Defendants misappropriated First Citizens' trade secrets by using them despite knowing that they were acquired under circumstances giving rise to a duty to maintain their secrecy.
- 375. First Citizens did not consent to the use and disclosure of its trade secrets, nor did it consent to the acquisition of its trade secrets by the HSBC Entities.
- 376. First Citizens' trade secrets at issue in this case are related to products and services that are placed in or are intended to be placed in, interstate or foreign commerce due to the fact that SVB's products and services are used and sold across the United States and internationally.
- 377. Defendants expended great effort to conceal their misappropriation of First Citizens' trade secrets including by expediting the use of trade secrets over the course of Easter weekend so that First Citizens would be caught by surprise.
- 378. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Defendants intend to continue using First Citizens' trade secrets.

- 379. Defendants' misappropriation of First Citizens' trade secrets was willful and malicious, was performed with intent to injure First Citizens, and was without justification or privilege. Defendants' conduct was undertaken in furtherance of their own personal interest.
- 380. First Citizens has been damaged by Defendants' actions in an amount to be determined at trial.

I. NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of the California Uniform Trade Secrets Act, Cal. Civ. Code § 3426, And/Or the North Carolina Trade Secrets Protection Act, § 66-152 et seq. Against All Defendants)

- 381. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if set forth in full herein.
- 382. The confidential and proprietary information described above constitutes First Citizens' trade secrets.
- 383. This information is valuable because First Citizens, and SVB before it, invested great sums of money and years of effort to create the information, which is not generally known or readily accessible through proper means to others (such as the HSBC Entities), who can profit from its disclosure or use.
- 384. First Citizens, and SVB before it, took reasonable measures under the circumstances to maintain the secrecy of this information, including requiring passwords to be used to access Company computer systems and records, restricting access to business premises, and having employees such as the Individual Defendants sign contracts that expressly prohibit, among other things described above, the use, removal and disclosure of such information outside of the Company. This includes the Confidentiality Agreements and New Hire Acknowledgement agreements addressed above, and the written policies mentioned within the New Hire Acknowledgement agreements, with which employees are required to comply.
- 385. In addition, like First Citizens, SVB required the Individual Defendants and Sabow to sign and abide by various policies the content of which contain reasonable steps to maintain the secrecy of the information the Defendants misappropriated in this case. This includes a Code of Conduct Acknowledgment Form, which stated "I acknowledge and confirm that I have received,

read, and understood the policy document listed below [i.e., the SVB Code of Conduct] and agree to comply with its requirements. True and correct copies of the Code of Conduct Acknowledgement Forms executed by the Individual Defendants and Sabow are filed with this Court as ECF Nos. 1-25 through 1-31 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.

- 386. The SVB Code of Conduct states that it "applies to all employees and entities of SVB Financial Group (SVBFG) and its subsidiaries" and that the employees "are required to comply with the Code" and must "protect Company assets." A true and correct copy of the SVB Code of Conduct is filed with this Court as ECF No. 1-32 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
- 387. The Code of Conduct requires employees, among other things, to report Code violations or suspected violations, refrain from any actions that constitute or can be perceived as constituting conflicts of interest, disclose conflicts of interest, to adhere to applicable policies concerning the use of Confidential Information, and to refrain from using, disclosing, transmitting or releasing any financial or other Confidential Information regarding SVB or any of its current or prospective clients except when necessary for a required business purpose.
- 388. In addition, SVB required the Individual Defendants to sign an Employee Handbook Acknowledgment Form for the SVB Employee Handbook United States of America. The Acknowledgement Form for the US Handbook stated "I acknowledge and confirm that I have received, read, and understood the policy document listed below [i.e., the SVB Employee Handbook United States of America] and agree to comply with its requirements. True and correct copies of the Employee Handbook Acknowledgement Forms executed by the Individual Defendants are filed with this Court as ECF Nos. 1-33 through 1-38 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
- 389. The SVB Employee Handbook states that employees must, among other things avoid conflicts of interest; avoid actions that are dishonest, fraudulent or that jeopardize the security of SVB's operations, its employees or clients; limit transmission of Confidential Information (even within SVB) to purposes that are necessary for a legitimate business purpose; comply with the Code of Conduct; understand and comply with SVB's applicable information

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security policies; and return all property including Confidential Information in any form upon the end of their employment.

- 390. The Bridge Bank adopted SVB's Code of Conduct, policies, procedures, and compliance regime.
- 391. Project Colony was based on and contained trade secret information belonging to First Citizens. Project Colony was developed, revised, and implemented by Defendants, acting individually and in concert with each other, after March 27, 2023, when First Citizens acquired SVB from Bridge Bank. The trade secrets contained in Project Colony were possessed and used by Defendants after March 27, 2023.
- 392. The Individual Defendants and Sabow misappropriated First Citizens' trade secrets by disclosing them to the HSBC Entities as part of Project Colony despite knowing they had a duty to maintain their secrecy. Each Individual Defendant (Hanlon, Kidder, Longo, Stepanis, Andersen, and Patel) and Sabow received copies of and knew that Project Colony contained trade secrets. Each Individual Defendant and Sabow possessed and used the trade secrets when participating in and implementing Project Colony after March 27, 2023.
- 393. Each HSBC entity or their agents was provided with copies of the Project Colony document. Each HSBC entity misappropriated First Citizens' trade secrets by acquiring them through improper means including through breach or inducement of a breach of a duty to maintain secrecy.
- 394. All Defendants misappropriated First Citizens' trade secrets by using them despite knowing that they were acquired under circumstances giving rise to a duty to maintain their secrecy.
- 395. First Citizens did not consent to the use and disclosure of its trade secrets, nor did it consent to the acquisition of its trade secrets by the HSBC Entities.
- 396. First Citizens' trade secrets at issue in this case are related to products and services that are placed in or are intended to be placed in, interstate or foreign commerce due to the fact that SVB's products and services are used and sold across the United States and internationally.

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- 397. Defendants expended great effort to conceal their misappropriation of First Citizens' trade secrets including by expediting the use of trade secrets over the course of Easter weekend so that First Citizens would be caught by surprise.
- 398. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Defendants intend to continue using First Citizens' trade secrets.
- 399. Defendants' misappropriation of First Citizens' trade secrets was willful and malicious, was performed with intent to injure First Citizens, and was without justification or privilege. Defendants' conduct was undertaken in furtherance of their own personal interest.
- 400. First Citizens has been damaged by Defendants' actions in an amount to be determined at trial.

J. TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Civil Conspiracy Against All Defendants)

- 401. First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if set forth in full herein.
- 402. Defendants (between them and with others) formed and operated a malicious combination with a common design to injure First Citizens by (a) performing unlawful acts by violating First Citizens' contractual, statutory and common law rights as described above for the unlawful purpose of diverting business and economic gain from First Citizens, and/or (b) performing the lawful acts of competing with First Citizens and hiring certain of First Citizens' personnel, but doing so through the unlawful means of violating First Citizens' contractual, statutory and common law rights as described above.
- 403. The foregoing conduct of the Defendants was malicious, was performed with intent to injure First Citizens, and was without justification or privilege. Sabow and the Individual Defendants' conduct was undertaken in furtherance of their own personal interests and for the benefit of HSBC.
- 404. One or some or all of the Defendants engaged in overt unlawful acts and conduct violative of First Citizens' contractual, common law and statutory rights as described above, and

1	did so with the knowledge, aid, agreement, and support of the other Defendants, causing actual			
2	harm to First Citizens.			
3	405. By virtue of the formation and operation of this conspiracy by Defendants, and as			
4	a consequence of the above-described wrongful acts and conduct and the harm and injury caused			
5	to First Citizens thereby, each Defendant as a participant in this conspiracy is liable as a joint			
6	tortfeasor for each and every one of the above-described acts committed by each Defendant/co-			
7	conspirator.			
8	406. First Citizens has been damaged by Defendants' actions in an amount to be			
9	determined at trial.			
10	VIII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF			
11	WHEREFORE, First Citizens demands judgment in its favor and jointly and severally			
12	against Defendants on each and every count, together with the following relief:			
13	A. An award of damages for such actual losses as may be proven at trial in an amount to			
14	exceed \$1 billion; and/or			
15	B. an award of damages for unjust enrichment caused by the Defendants' unauthorized			
16	use or disclosure of confidential information and trade secrets belonging to First			
17	Citizens which are not otherwise addressed in computing actual losses; and/or			
18	Citizens which are not otherwise addressed in compating actual losses, and/or			
19	C. in lieu of damages measured by other methods, an award of reasonable royalties for			
20	the Defendants' unauthorized use or disclosure of First Citizens' confidential			
21	information and trade secrets; and/or			
22	D. an award of punitive and/or exemplary and/or treble damages as permitted by law in			
23	an amount to be proved at trial; and/or			
24	E. an award of attorneys' fees, costs, and interest as permitted by law; and/or			
25	L. an award of attorneys rees, costs, and interest as permitted by raw, and/or			
26	F. an award for prejudgment interest; and/or			
27	G. such other and further relief as this Court deems just and equitable.			
$_{28}$				

1	IX.	JURY DEMAND	
2		Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil F	Procedure 38(b), First Citizens hereby demands trial by
3	jury o	f all issues properly triable thereby.	
4	Dated	: February 7, 2024	
5		•	//Mr.1
6		Ву	: /s/ Michael R. Greco Michael R. Greco (admitted pro hac vice)
7			James S. Bradbury (admitted <i>pro hac vice</i>) FISHER & PHILLIPS LLP
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17			Irvine, California 92614
18			Telephone: (949) 851-2424 Email: acrane@fisherphillips.com
19			Eman. actane@nsnerpmmps.com
		Ву	: /s/ John H. Hemann
20			John H. Hemann (165823)
21			Amy M. Smith (287813)
22			Eleanor W. Barczak (329180) 3 Embarcadero, 20 th Floor
23			San Francisco, California 94111 Telephone: (415) 693-2000
24			Email: jhemann@cooley.com
25			Email: amsmith@cooley.com Email: amsmith@cooley.com
26			
27			Attorneys for Plaintiff First-Citizens Bank & Trust Company
28			

1	ATTESTATION
2	I, John H. Hemann, hereby attest, pursuant to N.D. Cal. Local Rule 5-1(i)(3), that
3	concurrence to the filing of this document has been obtained from each signatory.
4	
5	Dated: February 7, 2024
6	/s/ John H. Hemann John H. Hemann
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<u>13</u>		NOT COURT
<u>14</u>	UNITED STATES DISTI NORTHERN DISTRICT O	
<u>15</u>		
<u>16</u>	FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY, a North Carolina Corporation,	<u>Case No. 3:23-cv-02483-LB</u>
<u>17</u>	Plaintiff,	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY'S
<u>18</u>		FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT
10		
<u>19</u>	USDC HOLDINGS 10 a/b/a THE HSDC GROUD	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
<u>19</u> <u>20</u>	HSBC HOLDINGS plc a/k/a THE HSBC GROUP a/k/a HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
	HSBC HOLDINGS plc a/k/a THE HSBC GROUP a/k/a HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, an English Corporation; HSBC USA Inc., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC BANK	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
<u>20</u> <u>21</u>	HSBC HOLDINGS plc a/k/a THE HSBC GROUP a/k/a HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, an English Corporation; HSBC USA Inc., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC BANK USA, N.A., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC UK BANK plc., an English and Welsh Corporation;	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
202122	HSBC HOLDINGS plc a/k/a THE HSBC GROUP a/k/a HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, an English Corporation; HSBC USA Inc., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC BANK USA, N.A., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC UK BANK plc., an English and Welsh Corporation; SILICON VALLEY BANK UK LIMITED n/k/a HSBC INNOVATION BANK LIMITED, an	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
 20 21 22 23 	HSBC HOLDINGS plc a/k/a THE HSBC GROUP a/k/a HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, an English Corporation; HSBC USA Inc., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC BANK USA, N.A., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC UK BANK plc., an English and Welsh Corporation; SILICON VALLEY BANK UK LIMITED n/k/a HSBC INNOVATION BANK LIMITED, an English and Welsh Corporation; DAVID	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
 20 21 22 23 24 	HSBC HOLDINGS plc a/k/a THE HSBC GROUP a/k/a HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, an English Corporation; HSBC USA Inc., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC BANK USA, N.A., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC UK BANK plc., an English and Welsh Corporation; SILICON VALLEY BANK UK LIMITED n/k/a HSBC INNOVATION BANK LIMITED, an English and Welsh Corporation; DAVID SABOW, an individual; SUNITA PATEL, an individual; MELISSA STEPANIS, an individual;	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
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20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	HSBC HOLDINGS plc a/k/a THE HSBC GROUP a/k/a HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, an English Corporation; HSBC USA Inc., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC BANK USA, N.A., a Delaware Corporation; HSBC UK BANK plc., an English and Welsh Corporation; SILICON VALLEY BANK UK LIMITED n/k/a HSBC INNOVATION BANK LIMITED, an English and Welsh Corporation; DAVID SABOW, an individual; SUNITA PATEL, an individual; MELISSA STEPANIS, an individual; PETER KIDDER, an individual; KEVIN LONGO, an individual; and KATHERINE ANDERSEN, an individual,	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT CASE NO. 3:23-CV-02483-LB

<u>297878586</u>

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<u>16</u>	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
<u>17</u>	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
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For its Complaint, Plaintiff, First-Citizens Bank & Trust Company ("First Citizens"), states as follows against Defendants, HSBC Holdings plc a/k/a The HSBC Group a/k/a Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation ("HSBC Holdings"), HSBC USA Inc. ("HUSI"), HSBC Bank USA, N.A. ("HSBC Bank USA"), HSBC UK Bank plc ("HSBC UK"), Silicon Valley Bank UK Limited n/k/a HSBC Innovation Bank Limited ("SVB UK") (the entity defendants are sometimes collectively referred to herein as the "HSBC"), David Sabow, Entities"); Sunita Patel ("Patel"), Melissa Stepanis ("Stepanis"), Peter Kidder ("Kidder"), Kevin Longo ("Longo"), Rebekah Hanlon ("Hanlon"), and Katherine Andersen (the individual defendants are "Andersen") (collectively referred to herein as the "Individual Defendants"); and David Sabow ("Sabow") (all defendants collectively, "Defendants"):

I. INTRODUCTION

On March 27, 2023, First Citizens acquired certain assets and liabilities of Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB"), which had failed two weeks before. Unbeknownst to First Citizens, Defendants were already weeks into executing a scheme to plunder what they believed to be the "core of [SVB's] profitability engine;" and create a business that, once lifted out, would be able to immediately and effectively compete against First Citizens, without investing the time or resources necessary to start and grow a new business. Defendants brazenly took and misused SVB's confidential, proprietary and trade secret information to execute their scheme. Indeed, Defendant David Sabow, the chief architect of this scheme, acted as if SVB's "profitability engine"—and the proprietary information about it—was his for the taking. He was wrong.

Just two weeks after First Citizens acquired <u>certain assets and liabilities of SVB</u>,

Defendants executed the first "wave" of their scheme, raiding forty-two First Citizens employees

<u>over the Easter holiday weekend, coordinating mass resignations at around 9:00 p.m.</u> on Easter

Sunday, <u>April 9, 2023 without notice</u>. Over the course of about thirty minutes, these employees
resigned *en masse* by <u>e-mailemail</u>, effective immediately. Led to HSBC <u>Bank USA</u> by Sabow,
who had promised them great fortune for their defection, <u>HSBC onboarded</u>-all forty-two

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PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST
COMPANY'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT
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employeeswere onboarded without delay.

Defendants' theft and misuse of confidential, proprietary and trade secret information, <u>deliberate</u> disruption of First Citizens' business operations, unfair competition, and other unlawful conduct are reprehensible and demand a substantial award of compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proved at trial, in excess of \$1 billion.

II. NATURE OF THE CASE

- 1. When SVB collapsed on Friday, March 10, 2023, it sent shockwaves through the worldwide economy and triggered immediate action from governmentgovernmental regulators. Within forty-eight hours, The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") assumed control of SVB and began looking for a healthy and stable bank to buy it.
- 2. A similar process played out across the Atlantic, where the Bank of England exercised its supervisory powers to seize the assets of SVB's UK affiliate, SVB UK. While it would take <u>just over two</u> weeks for SVB to find a new home in the United States with First Citizens, SVB UK was acquired by Defendant HSBC <u>UK</u> on Monday, March 13, 2023, for a nominal £1 (approximately \$1.21).
- 3. Immediately upon information and belief, Sabow became an executive of HSBC within days of HSBC'sthe acquisition of SVB UK, Sabow became an HSBC executive. Sabow had been a senior executive of SVB just months before. Together, the HSBC Entities and Sabow immediately engineered a scheme to plunder what Sabow deemed the "core of [SVB's] profitability engine." Sabow metaphorically (The role of each of the HSBC Entities' involvement in this scheme is set forth in more detail below.) Sabow called this scheme "Project Colony." As a recent SVB senior executive, he was uniquely situated to lead the execution of this scheme. In doing so, Sabow and , which he memorialized in a written plan that he shared with the HSBC Entities.

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8. 9. By improperly obtaining and misusing SVB's and First Citizens' confidential and proprietary information, the HSBC Entities and Sabow short-circuited the normally expensive and lengthy process to do things such as conduct market research and develop competent financial projections necessary for launching a commercial banking business of the nature contemplated by Project Colony. Instead, in a matter of a few weeks, HSBC and the Individual Defendants were able to develop and execute Project Colony. In Sabow's own words, Project Colony was about "recreating a better version of the prior dominant platform" at SVB.

B. "Lifting Out" Key Employees

- 9. Another part of the scheme required the HSBC Entities "to move quickly" to hire "six identified core leaders in the U.S.," along with an initial wave of an "additional 35 professionals already identified" who were also First Citizens employees. Sabow referred to these six core leaders interchangeably as the "Founders" or the "Pillars." Individual Defendants Patel, Stepanis, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen were chosen as the "Pillars" because Sabow considered them to be "key functional leaders" with "superb client and employee followership." In fact, First Citizens likewise considered these individuals to be "key functional leaders" and had anticipated them continuing as members of First Citizens' transition team to lead post-acquisition activity for the combined SVB-First Citizens team.
- 10. With the direction, approval, aid and encouragement of all of the HSBC Entities,
 Sabow and HSBC Bank USA promised the Pillars leadership roles and substantial
 compensation—so long as they joined Sabow's quest to "lift out" the additional thirty-five-plus
 employees from SVB's "profitability engine."
- 11. The leadership of each of the HSBC Entities agreed to help orchestrate and fund
 Project Colony, which contemplated HSBC Bank USA hiring the forty-two employees that
 Sabow had selected because Sabow told the leadership of each of the HSBC Entities that HSBC
 as an institution stood to profit well over \$1 billion from this plan within the next five years.

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12. 10. While formulating Project Colony, Sabow noted planned that "if a no name regional bank acquires the team and assets, I am going to build something to put them out of business, because our team members and the market deserves better." (Emphasis added). Sabow also asked some of the other Individual Defendants to plan for "what parts of SVB" they would want to "retain" and to dream about what they could do with those assets. Sabow ambitiously viewed the SVB team as his own, and it did not matter to him that "the team and assets" were not his to sell.

13. 11. After Sabow and the HSBC Entities financially incented the "Founders," Pillars, each "Founder" Pillar was tasked with recruiting their "key professional" subordinates while still employed by First Citizens. Undeterred by their fiduciary the duties of loyalty they owed to First Citizens and, for some of them, their contractual obligations not to solicit fellow employees, the Founders Pillars conspired with Sabow the other Defendants to execute Project Colony. Never once did they the Pillars communicate to First Citizens' leaders that the business was under attack from within, or do anything to stop it.

C. <u>Execution of the Scheme</u>

14. 12. Over the Easter holiday weekend, HUSI, HSBC Bank USA, Sabow, and the six Founders Pillars (who were at that time employees of First Citizens) orchestrated a massive lift-out by interviewing and extending high-pressure offers to select First Citizens employees, arranging virtual meetings and direct communications with one or more HUSI and HSBC Bank USA senior executives, preparing and coordinating en masse resignations, and ensuring immediate onboarding with HSBC. Like Sabow's written financial projections for Project Colony, the employment and compensation offers were formulated using SVB's confidential information.

15. 13. Around nine o'clock on Easter Sunday evening, April 9, 2023, more than forty First Citizens employees, including the six Founders Pillars, began submitting their resignations via e-mailemail, effective immediately. Within approximately thirty minutes, they had all [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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19. 17. Plaintiff First-Citizens Bank & Trust Company First Citizens is a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Delaware North Carolina, with its principal place of business located at 4300 Six Forks Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.

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Shanghai Banking Corporation is a corporation organized under the laws of England, with its

the ultimate corporate parent of each of the other entity defendants: HUSI, HSBC Bank USA,

HSBC UK, and SVB UK. HSBC Holdings undertook the unlawful conduct described below by

Guyett (its CEO of Global Banking & Markets), Barry O'Byrne (its CEO of Global Commercial

Banking), Willard McLane (its Group Head of Strategy and Corporate Development), Sungmahn

and through the actions of its employees and agents, including Noel Quinn (its CEO), Greg

Seo (its Managing Director of Commercial Banking), Mary MacLeod (its Global Head of

Strategy and Chief Commercial Officer, Global Banking and Markets), Michael Roberts (its

Group Managing Director and a member of its Executive Committee), Sabow, and each of the

the state of Delaware Maryland, with its headquarters located at 452 Fifth Avenue, New York,

New York 10018. HUSI and its employees offer a full range of traditional banking products and

services through its subsidiary HSBC Bank USA. HUSI undertook the unlawful conduct

described below by and through the actions of its employees and agents, including Michael

Roberts (its Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and Chief Executive Officer), Wyatt

Crowell (its Senior Executive Vice President, Head of Commercial Banking), Mabel Rius (its

Senior Executive Vice President and Head of Human Resources), Jennifer Capasso (its Head of

19. Defendant HSBC USA Inc. HUSI is a corporation organized under the laws of

headquarters located at 8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, United Kingdom, HSBC Holdings is

18. Defendant HSBC Holdings ple a/k/a The HSBC Group a/k/a Hongkong and

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Individual Defendants.

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20. Defendant HSBC Bank USA, N.A. is a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Delaware, with its headquarters located at 452 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10018. HSBC Bank USA has offices, branches, and ATMs in, and regularly conducts business in,

California. HSBC Bank USA is HUSI's principal subsidiary. HSBC Bank USA undertook the

unlawful conduct described below by and through the actions of its employees and agents,

Embedded Banking & Platforms), Sabow, and each of the Individual Defendants.

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PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST <u>Case No. 3:23-cv-02483-LB</u>

4 Head 5 each 6 Fing 8 Unit 9 202 10 its e 11 of C 12 und 14 Squ 15 desc 16 Chie	uding Michael Roberts (its Chairman), Wyatt Crowell (its Senior Executive Vice President, and of Commercial Banking), Dianna Hollin (its Head of Executive Recruitment), Sabow, and the of the Individual Defendants. 23. 21. Defendant HSBC UK Bank ple. is a corporation organized under the laws of gland and Wales, with its headquarters located at 1 Centenary Square, Birmingham, B1 1HQ, ted Kingdom. HSBC UK is the corporate parent of SVB UK, which it acquired on March 13, 3. HSBC UK undertook the unlawful conduct described below by and through the actions of employees and agents, including Ian Stuart (its Chief Executive Officer), Stuart Tait (its Head Commercial Banking), Sabow, and each of the Individual Defendants. 24. 22. Defendant Silicon Valley Bank SVB UK Limited is a corporation organized for the laws of England and Wales, with its headquarters located at Alphabeta, 14-18 Finsbury
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4 Head 5 each 6 Fing 8 Unit 9 202 10 its e 11 of C 12 und 14 Squ 15 desc 16 Chic 17 (its)	ad of Commercial Banking), Dianna Hollin (its Head of Executive Recruitment), Sabow, and hof the Individual Defendants. 23. 21. Defendant HSBC UK Bank ple. is a corporation organized under the laws of gland and Wales, with its headquarters located at 1 Centenary Square, Birmingham, B1 1HQ, ted Kingdom. HSBC UK is the corporate parent of SVB UK, which it acquired on March 13, 3. HSBC UK undertook the unlawful conduct described below by and through the actions of employees and agents, including Ian Stuart (its Chief Executive Officer), Stuart Tait (its Head Commercial Banking), Sabow, and each of the Individual Defendants. 24. 22. Defendant Silicon Valley Bank SVB UK Limited is a corporation organized
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6 Chie	are, London, EC2A 1BR, United Kingdom. SVB UK undertook the unlawful conduct
7 (its	cribed below by and through the actions of its employees and agents, including Erin Platts (its
/ -	ef Executive Officer), Paola Parsons (its Chief Human Resources Officer), Shweta Solanki
3	Chief of Staff), Sabow, and each of the Individual Defendants.
III .	25. Defendant David Sabow is an individual who resides in Mill Valley,
9 Cali	ifornia.
0	26. 24. Defendant Sunita Patel is an individual who resides in Pleasanton, California.
	27. Defendant Melissa Stepanis is an individual who resides in Westport,
2 Con	nnecticut.
3	28. Defendant Peter Kidder is an individual who resides in Palo Alto, California.
4	29. Defendant Kevin Longo is an individual who resides in Southborough,
5 Mas	ssachusetts.
6	<u>28.</u> Defendant Rebekah Hanlon is an individual who resides in Alamo, California.
27	<u>29.</u> Defendant Katherine Andersen is an individual who resides in Winchester,
^о II	ssachusetts. Terent first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE IV.

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30. Subject matter jurisdiction exists in this civil action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 32. § 1331 because First Citizens asserts federal claims under the Defend Trade Secrets Act ("DTSA"), 18 U.S.C. § 1832 et seq. Among other things, and the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act ("CFAA"), DTSA "applies to conduct occurring outside the United States if . . . an act in furtherance of the offense was made in the United States." 18 U.S.C. § 1030 1837. The Court also has supplemental or pendent jurisdiction over First Citizens' remaining claims pursuant to 29

U.S.C. § 1367 because they form part of the same case or controversy as the federal claims.

31. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Sabow because he is a citizen and 33. resident of the state of California. Moreover, at all relevant times, Sabow knew that First Citizens' business (like **SVBSVB**'s before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees he raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, Sabow repeatedly met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of Sabow's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Sabow in California or by others in California at Sabow's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information and inducing breaches of other legal obligations. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Sabow's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Sabow regularly and frequently conducted business for SVB within the state of California including but not limited to the time period 2019 through 2022 when he worked in California for SVB. Upon information and belief, he Sabow continues to regularly conduct business in California on behalf of HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, and in concert with SVB UK, HSBC UK, and HSBC Holdings.

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34. 32. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Patel because she is a citizen and resident of the state of California. Moreover, at all relevant times, Patel knew that First Citizens' business (like **SVBSVB**'s before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees she raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Uponinformation and belief. Patel repeatedly met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of Patel's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Patel in California or by others in California at Patel's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Patel's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Patel regularly and frequently conducted business for SVB within the state of California including but not limited to the time period 2020 through 2023 when she worked in California for SVB. Upon information and belief, shePatel continues to regularly conduct business in California on behalf of HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, and in concert with SVB UK, HSBC UK, and HSBC Holdings.

35. 33. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Stepanis because, at all relevant times, Stepanis knew that First Citizens' business (like SVBSVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees she intended to raid live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge

Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Upon information and belief, Stepanis targeted and solicited employees who lived and worked in California urging them to join HSBC. Upon information and belief, Many of Stepanis's Stepanis' wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Stepanis in California or by others in California at Stepanis's Stepanis' direction, including [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Stepanis's Stepanis' actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Stepanis regularly and frequently visited California throughout her work as an executive for SVB and conducted business for SVB within the state of California. Numerous of the First Citizens employees that Stepanis recruited (as described below) lived and worked for SVB and First Citizens in California at the time Stepanis worked to divert them to HSBC from First Citizens.

36. 34. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Kidder because he is a citizen and resident of the state of California. Moreover, at all relevant times, Kidder knew that First Citizens' business (like **SVBSVB**'s before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees he raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Upon information and belief, Kidder repeatedly met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Upon information and belief, Many of Kidder's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Kidder in California or by others in California at Kidder's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Kidder's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Kidder regularly and frequently conducted business for SVB within the state of California including but not limited to the time period 1995 through 2023 when he worked in California for SVB. Upon information and belief, He continues to regularly conduct business in California on behalf of HUSI and HSBC Bank USA, and in concert with SVB UK, HSBC UK, and HSBC Holdings.

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35. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Longo because, at all relevant times, 37. Longo knew that First Citizens' business (like SVBSVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees he intended to raid live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Upon information and belief, Longo targeted and solicited employees who lived and worked in California urging them to join HSBC. Upon information and belief, Many of Longo's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Longo in California or by others in California at Longo's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential information, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Longo's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Longo regularly and frequently visited California throughout his work as an executive for SVB and conducted business for SVB within the state of California. Numerous of the First Citizens employees that Longo recruited (as described below) lived and worked for SVB and First Citizens in California at the time Longo worked to divert them to HSBC from First Citizens.

38. 36. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Hanlon because she is a citizen and resident of the state of California. Moreover, at all relevant times, Hanlon knew that First Citizens' business (like SVBSVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees she raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Upon information and belief, Hanlon repeatedly met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Upon information and belief, Many of Hanlon's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Hanlon in California or by others in California at Hanlon's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property <u>primarily</u> located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Hanlon's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Hanlon regularly and frequently conducted business for SVB within the state of California including but not limited to the time period 2019 through 2023 when she worked in California for SVB. <u>Upon information and belief, she Hanlon</u> continues to regularly conduct business in California on behalf of <u>HUSI and HSBC Bank USA</u>, and in concert with SVB UK, HSBC UK, and HSBC Holdings.

37. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Andersen because, at all relevant 39. times, Andersen knew that First Citizens' business (like SVBSVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees she intended to raid live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. Upon information and belief. Andersen targeted and solicited employees who lived and worked in California urging them to join HSBC. Upon information and belief. Many of Andersen's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by Andersen in California or by others in California at Andersen's direction, including obtaining and misappropriating confidential, proprietary and trade secret information. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of Andersen's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. Andersen regularly and frequently visited California throughout hisher work as an executive for SVB and conducted business for SVB within the state of California. Numerous of the First Citizens employees that Andersen recruited (as described below) lived and worked for SVB and First Citizens in California at the time Andersen worked to divert them to-**HSBC** from First Citizens.

40. The Court has personal jurisdiction over HSBC Holdings because it, at all relevant times, knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, HSBC Holdings met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of HSBC Holdings' wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of HSBC Holdings' actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. HSBC Holdings regularly conducts business in California in concert with HUSI and HSBC Bank USA.

- 41. The Court has personal jurisdiction over HUSI because it, at all relevant times, knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, HUSI met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of HUSI's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of HUSI's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. HUSI regularly conducts business in California.
- 42. The Court has personal jurisdiction over HSBC Bank USA because it, at all relevant times, knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, HSBC Bank USA met [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of HSBC Bank USA's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of HSBC Bank USA's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. HSBC Bank USA regularly conducts business in California.

- The Court has personal jurisdiction over HSBC UK because it, at all relevant 43. times, knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, HSBC UK met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of HSBC UK's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and intended effects of HSBC UK's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First Citizens in California. HSBC UK regularly conducts business in California in concert with HUSI and HSBC Bank USA.
- The Court has personal jurisdiction over SVB UK because it, at all relevant times, 44. knew that First Citizens' business (like SVB's before it) was substantially carried out in California and that approximately twenty (if not more) of the First Citizens employees it raided live in California and worked for SVB, Silicon Valley Bridge Bank, and later First Citizens in California. As explained in greater detail below, by and through its agents, SVB UK met with others or initiated contact with others in California to carry out the raid. Many of SVB UK's wrongful acts complained of herein, including acts in furtherance of the Defendants' misappropriation of trade secrets, were carried out by it in California. Those intentional acts were [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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aimed at parties and property primarily located within the state of California. The harmful and
intended effects of SVB UK's actions have been felt, and will continue to be felt, by First
Citizens in California. SVB UK regularly conducts business in California in concert with HUSI
and HSBC Bank USA.
45. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because a
substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district and
because a substantial part of the property that is the subject of this action is situated in this
district.
V. DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMENT
46. 39. Because this action is an Intellectual Property Action within the meaning of
Civil Local Rule 3-2(c), the action is to be assigned on a district-wide basis.
VI. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS
A. The Critical Role Played by Banks
And the Far-Reaching Consequences When Banks Fail
47. 40. Banks play a critical role in the economy by serving as financial intermediaries
that facilitate the flow of funds between individuals, businesses, and governments. They provide a
wide range of financial services that are essential for economic growth and stability.
48. 41. Banks offer a safe place for individuals and businesses to deposit their money.
By pooling deposits together, banks have the ability to lend money to individuals and businesses
to support their financial needs.
49. 42. Banks are major providers of credit and loans. They offer a range of lending
products, including personal loans, mortgages, business loans, and lines of credit.
50. 43. Banks play a central role in facilitating payments and transactions. They
provide payment services that allow individuals and businesses to make transactions efficiently
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and securely. These services include issuing debit and credit cards, providing electronic fund transfers, and processing checks.

- 51. 44. Banks support economic growth by channeling money from savers to borrowers, which helps stimulate economic growth. Banks provide financing to businesses, enabling them to invest in new projects, purchase equipment, hire employees, and innovate. By facilitating these activities through lending and investment, banks contribute to job creation, technological advancement and economic development.
- <u>52.</u> 45. Banks work closely with governments by providing them with financial services. For example, banks process tax payments and manage government accounts. They also help governments raise funds through the issuance of bonds, and they provide advisory services on fiscal matters.
- <u>53.</u> 46. In light of the wide range of services offered by banks, it is no surprise that when a bank fails, it can cause a ripple effect throughout the economy as individuals and businesses lose access to credit and financial stability. In addition, if depositors lose confidence in the banking system, they may withdraw their funds from other banks causing further instability.
- <u>54.</u> <u>Creating and building a bank is a complex and time-consuming process, largely due to the need to develop an operational infrastructure. The first steps, among other things, include identifying a target market, validating the viability and potential profitability of a business plan to enter that market, compiling customer, developing comprehensive financial projections that forecast revenues, costs and expenses associated with a business plan, including financial modeling of estimated sales volumes, production costs, operating expenses and anticipated cashflow, formulating the operational efficiency needed to streamline processes, minimize waste, and reduce costs and identifying and assessing potential risks that could impact the profitability of the business plan, such as evaluating market risks, competitive risks and regulatory hurdles.</u>
- <u>Building a highly specialized bank which incorporates a large new geographic</u>

 market, such as the United States, focused on high-growth start-ups and innovators in

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cutting-edge sectors, namely tech and life sciences, is even more complex, risky and time-consuming. It requires in-depth research and commitment of resources to understand and develop solutions for innovation-sector customer needs and demands, as well as understanding and developing protocols and policies to navigate regulatory requirements applicable to specialized and cutting-edge sectors. This form of specialized banking also requires the development of a skilled and experienced workforce and the cultivation of expertise in the creation of tailored banking products and innovative solutions, in the form of bespoke financial services, custom loans, mortgages, and investment services. Additionally, building a strong customer base and brand reputation in this new market are critical components that require strategic planning and ongoing investment. HSBC did not have an established specialized banking platform like this in the United States.

B. When Banks Fail, the Government Steps in

- <u>56.</u> 47. In the United States, the Resolution and Receivership Rules (12 C.F.R. Part 360) were established by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act in response to the financial crisis of 2008.
- <u>57.</u> 48. The Resolution and Receivership Rules (the "Rules") are regulations implemented by financial regulators to manage and resolve the insolvency of financial institutions, particularly banks.
- <u>58.</u> 49. The Rules aim to protect depositors and prevent the spread of financial instability to the wider economy. They provide a framework for the effective management of financial institution insolvencies and contribute to the stability of the financial system.
- 59. The Rules outline the procedures that regulators use to resolve failing banks, including by appointing the FDIC as a receiver to take control of a failed bank. In its role as a receiver, the FDIC is responsible for taking over and managing a failed bank, liquidating its assets, or transferring them to a healthy bank. This helps to ensure that a failed bank's assets and

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liabilities are transferred to responsible parties who can continue to serve the needs of the bank's customers and maintain the integrity of the financial system.

51. Interfering with the FDIC's efforts to resolve a failed bank is a serious matter that can have a wide array of detrimental consequences. These consequence include: (i) disrupting the orderly wind-down of a failed bank, potentially leading to panic and loss of confidence in the banking system, which in turn can have ripple effects throughout the economy impacting other financial institutions and damaging overall stability; (ii) contributing to a loss of depositors' confidence, which can trigger bank runs where depositors withdraw funds and potentially cause a liquidity crisis and additional bank failures; (iii) undermining the efficacy of the FDIC's role in stabilizing the financial system; (iv) deterring healthy banks from acquiring the assets and liabilities of failed banks; (v) augmenting costs associated with resolving failed banks thereby increasing expense to taxpayers; and (vi) delaying economic recovery and contributing to the burden imposed on individuals, businesses and the economy.

C. First Citizens' Long and Distinguished History

61. 52. First Citizens is a U.S.-based financial institution that has established itself as a respected entity in the banking industry. Celebrating Having celebrated its 125th year in business in 2023, it is one of the healthy and stable banks that the FDIC relies upon to help rescue failed banks. The bank is headquartered in Raleigh, North Carolina, and operates in various states, including Arizona, California, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Maryland, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

<u>62.</u> <u>53.</u> For more than a century, First Citizens has demonstrated stability in the banking industry. Its long history indicates a track record of successfully navigating through various economic cycles and challenges, including the Great Depression, multiple recessions, and other financial crises.

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has shown consistent profitability, demonstrating its ability to manage risk and generate

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sustainable growth.

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to community engagement contributes to its positive reputation and demonstrates its dedication to the well-being of the areas in which it operates.

<u>65.</u> 56. First Citizens offers a variety of personal and commercial banking products and services, including checking and savings accounts, loans, credit cards, online and mobile

various community initiatives, charitable organizations, and local events. The bank's commitment

54. First Citizens has maintained sound financial performance over the years. It

55. First Citizens is actively involved in the communities it serves. It supports

<u>66.</u> <u>57.</u> As all respectable institutions do, First Citizens prioritizes ethical practices and compliance with regulations. It strives to adhere to industry standards, regulatory requirements, and best practices, ensuring transparency, integrity, and the protection of customer information.

- <u>67.</u> <u>58.</u> Since 2009, First Citizens has partnered with the FDIC to successfully complete more than 20 FDIC-assisted transactions—more than any bank in the country.
- <u>68.</u> <u>59.</u> As noted above, when a bank fails, the government looks for a reputable and stable institution to help fix the problem. When SVB failed, the FDIC chose First Citizens.
 - D. History of Silicon Valley Bank

banking, investment and wealth management services, and more.

- 69. Until recently, SVB Financial Group ("Holdco") was a bank holding company. Through its various subsidiaries and divisions—such as SVB and SVB UK—Holdco offered a diverse set of banking and financial products and services to clients across the United States, as well as in key international innovation markets.
- <u>70.</u> 61. For nearly forty years, Holdco's subsidiaries had been dedicated to helping support entrepreneurs and clients of all sizes and stages throughout their life cycles, primarily in the technology, life science/healthcare, private equity/venture capital, and premium wine industries.

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its principal subsidiary, SVB, which, until recently, was a California state-chartered bank founded in 1983 and a member of the Federal Reserve System.

62. Holdco offered commercial and private banking products and services through

- 63. SVB had a unique focus among American banks. It focused on providing its 72. products and services to clients primarily in the technology and life science/healthcare industries as well as global private equity and venture capital clients.
- 64. SVB provided solutions to the financial needs of its commercial company 73. clients throughout their life cycles, beginning with the "emerging" or "early stage" and progressing through later stages as their businesses matured and expanded.
- 74. 65. SVB's technology clients tended to be in the industries of frontier tech and hardware (such as semiconductors, communications, data, storage and electronics), enterprise and consumer software/internet (such as infrastructure software applications, software services, digital content and advertising technology), fintech, and climate technology and sustainability.
- 66. SVB's life science/healthcare clients tended to be in the industries of 75. biopharma, healthtech, medical devices, healthcare services, and diagnostics and tools.
- 67. SVB offered its technology and life science/healthcare commercial clients a 76. full range of credit solutions. These solutions included traditional term loans, growth capital term loans, equipment loans, asset-based loans, revolving lines of credit, warehouse facilities, recurring revenue facilities, mezzanine lending, acquisition finance facilities, corporate working capital facilities standby and commercial letters of credit, project finance loans, and credit card programs.
- 68. SVB's private equity and venture capital clients were often investors in the 77. commercial companies to whom SVB provided banking services. SVB cultivated strong relationships within the private equity and venture capital communities, which in turn helped to facilitate deal flow opportunities between these private equity/venture capital firms and the commercial companies.

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Stepanis, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen became employees of the Bridge Bank and

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employee of SVB UK. It had barely been two months, perhaps less, since he left SVB to join SVB UK. Indeed, until March 1, 2023, Sabow still had an executive function within SVB with respect to awarding 2022 year-end performance awards and compensation to those SVB employees within the Technology and Healthcare Banking group that he had led until the end of 2022. With his knowledge of SVB fresh in his head, Sabow began drafting what he called "Project Colony."

104. 95. Project Colony was Sabow's written-plan to steal, narrative business plan, supported by financial modeling, to take and operate some of the most lucrative portions of SVB's business, creating a competitor entity that would take SVB's business and quickly displace it in the market.

March 14, 2023. In Sabow's "Sabow began working on Project Colony" plan noted that as early as March 14, 2023. In Sabow's words, the "collapse of Silicon Valley Bank" presented a "narrow window of opportunity for a scaled, stable, and well-capitalized platform [such as HSBC] to become the landing ground for key talent across the market – recreating a better version of the prior dominant platform." He further explained, "I have identified 6 core leaders to serve as our "Founders" for this US venture banking business." (Boldface emphasis in original). - Upon information and belief, The six "core leaders" identified by Sabow were Defendants Patel, Stepanis, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen.

106. 97. Sabow chose these particular six "core leaders" because they were "key functional leaders" with "superb client and employee followership." He further noted that they were well positioned to carry out two "waves" of hiring: "Wave 1," which would begin with "an additional 35 professionals already identified," and "Wave 2," which would target "an additional 40 professionals at junior levels." Sabow noted that the SVB professionals he was targeting cut "across Venture Capital Relationship Management, Relationship Management, and Credit

Solutions," <u>i.e.</u>, the business groups that were essential to successfully lifting out "the core of [SVB's] profitability engine."

<u>107.</u> 98. Sabow noted that previous efforts to establish a foothold in the market by hiring key individuals away from SVB had been successful shown signs of success: "In 2019 JP Morgan lifted out a small group of individuals with Venture relationships and venture debt Credit Solutions expertise and in a very short period they became the #2 player in the market."

SVB'scrafted his written plan and financial models by using confidential and proprietary information he obtained from SVB, the Bridge Bank, and First Citizens. For example, he began by setting forth tables reflecting SVB's "win rate" against its core competitors segmented by deal size and numbers of loans. Recognizing the confidential nature of this data, Sabow redacted it. - Upon Curiously, however, Sabow only redacted some, but not all of the confidential information and belief, he included in Project Colony. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow later shared the unredacted data with all of the HSBC Entities when seeking their input, assistance and approval to execute Project Colony, including after First Citizens purchased the assets of the Bridge Bank.

109. 100. Sabow proceeded to outlinealso outlined his intent to seize percentages of various market shares identical to those held by SVB (the amounts of which are not publicly available), and he justified the merits of his plan by citing and leveraging confidential information. This included his recitation of SVB's "annual gross profit per core borrower" and "per non-core borrower." It also included non-public statistical information identifying by percentage the amount of SVB clients falling within certain borrowing classifications. He laid out a "preliminary financial model leveraging [his] key assumptions" which were predicated on specific dollar amounts for loan portfolios, implied revenue and growth, and employee salaries compensation, which include non-public data he obtained as a result of his role as an executive and fiduciary of SVB and from the other Individual Defendants. As explained in more [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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2	Roberts, Greg Guyett, and Ian [Stuart] at this point. I know the team was also discussing with
3	Noel (believe there was a meeting yesterday)." Thus, at this point, Project Colony had been
4	disclosed to, and was under consideration by executives of HSBC Holdings, HSBC UK, SVB
5	UK, HUSI, and HSBC Bank USA.
6	Monday, March 20, 2023
7	145. On March 20, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony. He also
8	met in California with at least three of the employees he had listed among his targets in Project
9	Colony.
10	146. On March 20, 2023, Andersen and Hanlon spoke by phone for approximately
11	twenty-one minutes. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and
12	discovery, they discussed Project Colony.
13	Tuesday, March 21, 2023
14 15	147. On March 21, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
16	148. On March 21, 2023, Hanlon googled "michael roberts hsbc." As First Citizens
17	expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Hanlon made this Google search
18	because Sabow had discussed Project Colony with her.
19	149. On March 21, 2023, Greg Guyett contacted Sabow and suggested that they find
20	some time to speak in the morning. Guyett also introduced Sabow to Barry O'Byrne, HSBC
21	Holdings' Chief Executive of Global Commercial Banking and said it "[w]ould be good for [the]
22	two of you to speak." Sabow and O'Byrne spoke later that day.
23	150. On March 21, 2023, Ian Stuart (HSBC UK's CEO) provided a copy of Project
24	Colony to Willard McLane, whom he introduced to Sabow as "our Group Head of strategy."
25	Stuart told Sabow that McLane was "keen to speak with you."
26	On March 21, 2023, Sabow met in California with one of the employees on
27	Stepanis' team whom he had listed among his targets in his Project Colony.
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size in order for this to be meaningful;" and he exhorted them, "Don't nibble at this – show your

fast; . . . going to be a big leap and need to be comfortable with this – this might be the best time

commitment; Every person you hire is going to bring accounts with it – can gain market share

in history to enter this market; what are the limits on size and scale for this – quick decision

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3	were by telephone and in person, and they occurred while the Individual Defendants were still
4	employees of the Bridge Bank, and then, after March 27, 2023, First Citizens.
5	<u>Wednesday, March 22, 2023</u>
6	<u>On March 22, 2023, Sabow met in California with one of the employees whom he</u>
7	had listed among his targets in Project Colony, an employee who later resigned to join Sabow and
8	Stepanis at HSBC Bank USA.
9	160. On March 22, 2023, Will McLane (HSBC Holdings' Head of Strategy) directed
10	Sungmahn Seo and Mary MacLeod to speak with Sabow regarding rolling out their future venture
11	debt business. Sungmahn Seo is Managing Director of Commercial Banking at HSBC Holdings.
12	Mary MacLeod is the Global Head of Strategy and Chief Commercial Officer, Global Banking
13	and Markets for one of the HSBC Entities.
14	161. A short while later, on March 22, 2023, Sabow informed Barry O'Byrne (HSBC)
15	Holdings' Chief Executive of Global Commercial Banking) that he "just spoke to Will [McLane]
16	and he is connecting me with your strategy team to build out the model and approach in more
17	granular detail."
18	<u>162.</u> <u>Later on March 22, 2023, Sabow told Will McLane, Sungmahn Seo and Mary</u>
19	Macleod that some people whom he had targeted had resigned from the Bridge Bank, and "[w]e
20	need to move faster if we want to do this."
21	Thursday, March 23, 2023
22	163. On March 23, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
23	164. Sabow contacted Barry O'Byrne (HSBC Holdings' Chief Executive of Global
24	Commercial Banking) to say, "We are seeing some material departures starting to happen at SVB.
25	I have a call with your strategy team on Sunday - I think we will need to move faster if we want to
26	make this happen. Please ping my mobile when you can (regardless of time in California)."
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	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

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3	Sabow updated his Tracking Spreadsheet to reflect who else indicated they were
4	"In." Among those Sabow listed as "In" were Patel, Longo, Stepanis, and Hanlon. Kidder was
5	listed as an "Alternate." Andersen was listed as one of his targets, but no status was provided.
6	166. On March 23, 2023, Sabow met in California with one of the employees on
7	Andersen's team whom he had listed among his targets in Project Colony, an employee who later
8	resigned to join Sabow and Andersen at HSBC Bank USA.
9	<u>On March 23, 2023, Sabow met in California with an employee [AC] whom he</u>
10	had listed among his targets in Project Colony, an employee who later resigned to join Sabow and
11	Stepanis at HSBC Bank USA.
12	168. On March 23, 2023, Sabow met with Matt Perlow regarding Project Colony.
13	Perlow was an employee of the Bridge Bank whose title was Senior Vice President, Technology
14	Banking. After their meeting, Perlow prepared a draft email to Sabow. The draft email stated,
15	"Dave, it was great to see you" and "I appreciate the candidacy." It further stated, "I appreciate
16	that you guys are needing to move quickly on bringing over a lot of people." Perlow further noted
17	that he needed to be "very deliberate about which decision I decide to make next I'm not
18	fully ready to make a decision and commit. I absolutely recognize you have a deadline and I are
19	[sic] working to bring on 100 people, and I know that that's no easy task." Perlow ultimately
20	decided to join Sabow and the Individual Defendants at HSBC Bank USA, and he was among the
21	forty-plus employees who resigned on Easter Sunday.
22	<u>169.</u> On March 23, 2023, Michael Roberts asked Sabow if he was available "for a chat
23	around 10 EST today?"
24	<u>170.</u> On March 23, 2023, Mabel Rius, Senior Executive Vice President and Head of
25	Human Resources for HUSI and HSBC Bank USA reached out to Sabow and said, "Michael
26	[Roberts] gave me your contact" and "Are you open for a phone call or zoom call?"
27	Sabow sent Patel an email setting forth his "Initial idea" for staffing in the San
28	Francisco, New York and Boston areas.
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111. On March 23, 2023, at least one of the Individual Defendants, Stepanis, had
access to accessed and printed on her personal printer a report (the "9-box Block Report")
concerning approximately 830 employees. The 9-box <u>Block</u> Report is a confidential report used
by SVB to analyze, display, and compare employee work performance and potential. It is a talent
management tool that helps human resources and managers effectively identify leaders and
strategically prepare employees for future roles. It identifies employees by name, level,
performance rating, and potential. It contains notes specific to employees detailing their strengths
and experience- and it assigns them a numerical rating. Employees are ranked on a scale of 1-9,
with 9 being the best.

173. 112. First Citizens believes and therefore alleges that Stepanis did not have any legitimate business need to print the entire 9-boxBlock Report concerning 830 employees. Upon information and belief, Stepanis printed the 9-boxBlock Report at the same time she was considering and planning her defection and the departure of dozens of SVB employees. First Citizens believes and therefore alleges that Stepanis used this information to aid HSBC's ecordinated attack on assist Sabow in shaping Project Colony and to aid the scheme against First Citizens and its workforce that was carried out as described below.

174. 113. The information contained within the 9-boxBlock Report is a compilation of SVB's business information that is secret and valuable because it is not generally known to, and not capable of being readily ascertained through proper means by competitors such as HSBC who can obtain economic value from the disclosure or use of the information.

114. Each Individual Defendant understood that the plan was predicated upon confidential information that was not publicly available. Each Individual Defendant also understood that the plan required a simultaneous "lift-out" of dozens of key employees, the effect of which was intended to inflict serious damage upon the Bridge Bank's (and any acquiring entity's) ability to preserve its Technology & Healthcare Accelerator & Growth market share.

PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT CASE No. 3:23-cv-02483-LB

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3	Saturday, March 25, 2023
4	<u>179.</u> On March 25, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
5	180. On March 25, 2023, Sabow emailed a copy of the financial model underlying
6	Project Colony to his personal email account.
7	<u>Sunday, March 26, 2023</u>
8	181. On March 26, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony.
9	<u>182.</u> On March 26, 2023, Sabow sent a calendar meeting invitation titled "Follow-up
10	Colony Discussion" to Longo, Andersen, Stepanis, Patel, and Hanlon.
11	183. On March 26, 2023, the FDIC announced that it had entered into a purchase and
12	assumption agreement for all deposits and loans of the Bridge Bank by First Citizens. The
13	purchase and assumption agreement provides that it is effective as of March 27, 2023.
14	I. First Citizens Acquires the Assets of SVB, and the Defendants Execute Project Colony
15	Monday, March 27, 2023
16	184. On March 27, 2023, all employees of the Bridge Bank who are relevant to the
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18	claims alleged herein—including Patel, Stepanis, Andersen, Hanlon, Longo and Kidder—became
19	employees of First Citizens.
20	185. By March 27, 2023, Longo had already told Sabow he was "In." Anticipating his
21	soon-to-be new employment, on March 27 he googled "hsbc glassdoor." (Glassdoor is a website
22	where current and former employees anonymously review companies.)
23	186. On March 27, 2023, Sabow continued to draft and refine Project Colony. He also
24	created and spent many hours working on a document he titled "HSBC Future State Document
25	3-27-23.docx." The document was the planned vision of Project Colony, projected five years into
26	the future. He described it as "HSBC Venture Banking Case Study – Five Years Later." He listed
27	the "unique things" HSBC did when it started its "U.S. venture-banking business" through
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presidents, and venture capital relationship managers), including how much employees in those positions were currently earning in total compensation, broken down by salary and variable pay, and projecting payments made to people in those positions in the coming years. This compilation of information is not known or readily ascertainable to others outside of First Citizens. Sabow discussed this spreadsheet with Mabel Rius, Mauricio Rose, Dianna Hollin, and Catherine Twarowski during a Zoom call with the subject "Org Chart Walk Through."

219. On April 5, 2023, Sabow and Patel spoke by Zoom. During the call, Sabow accessed the spreadsheet detailing his staffing model for Project Colony. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow and Patel discussed operationalizing Project Colony and an offer for her, the other Pillars, and the other targeted employees to join HSBC Bank USA.

220. 118. Before and after receiving HSBC's blessing, Sabow set out to execute "Project Colony." To that end As demonstrated above, Sabow created various spreadsheets containing a compilation of valuable, non-public information that is not readily ascertainable by SVB's or First Citizens' competitors including: (i) the identities, names, positions, and salaries of the Defendant executives and more than three dozen of their subordinates that Sabow had identified as "key professionals," as well as their locations and the markets they cover; (ii) "preliminary financial model leveraging [Sabow's] key assumptions" which were predicated on specific dollar amounts for SVB's loan portfolios with implied revenue and growth; (iii) an analysis of SVB's loans for its US Accelerator & Growth Group with "compromised institutions;"; (iv) tables reflecting SVB's "win rate" against its core competitors segmented by deal size and numbers of loans; (v) data underlying analysis of SVB's "win rate"; (vi) SVB practice overview notes, including numbers of clients ranked by value to SVB, total value of loans, total client funds, total value of deposits, total revenue, total pre-tax income, total dollar amount of core fees, total number of clients, total percentage of return on equity, percentage of market share, headcount of Life Science employees, and total headcount of employees in [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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<u>The email to Kidder also stated that "There is confidence around [the bank's Chief</u>

28 Banking Officer] and the idea of bringing back Sabow." Kidder did not correct this

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day after the employee Perlow resigned from First Citizens). The spreadsheet contained an array of confidential and trade secret information including: (i) names of more than 100 clients and prospects; (ii) notes regarding the content of his interactions with the clients and prospects concerning facts pertinent to their financial needs, in some instances related to specific transactions; (iii) value of client deposits; (iv) investment balances; (v) dollar amount of loans and credit lines; (vi) segmentation of clients/prospect by geographic region; (vii) classification of clients based on value, importance and level of engagement with the business; and (viii) dates of last call with the client/prospects. Accompanying this spreadsheet, the employeePerlow also emailed himself a list of the clients'/prospects' names and email addresses. First Citizens informed Defendants through their counsel about this theft in May 2023, but Defendants never responded and have done nothing to address it. The documents have not been returned to First Citizens.

128. The above-mentioned confidential information used by Sabow, the executives and HSBC provided them with an unfair competitive advantage. Likewise, the simultaneous lift out from First Citizens of approximately forty "key professionals," which was accomplished with the aid of the executives' breach of their fiduciary duties and duties of loyalty also provided Defendants with an unfair competitive advantage.

235. 129. The unfair competitive advantage seized by Defendants enabled them to short-circuit the time normally required by a market entrant to: (i) identify a target market and to validate the viability and potential profitability of a business plan to enter that market; (ii) develop comprehensive financial projections that forecast revenues, costs and expenses associated with a business plan, including financial modeling of estimated sales volumes, production costs, operating expenses and anticipated cashflow; (iii) formulate the operational efficiency needed to streamline processes, minimize waste, and reduce costs; (v) identify and assess potential risks that could impact the profitability of the business plan, such as evaluating market risks,

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2023. In HSBC's ownthe words of HSBC Bank USA, the group was "led by David Sabow." Id. Sabow was the former Head of SVB's Life Sciences and Technology Banking. In this position, Sabow had unique and extensive knowledge of SVB's proprietary information and trade secrets, and he had extensive knowledge about and relationships with SVB's workforce. Sabow was uniquely situated to exploit and undermine SVB's significant investments of time, money and resources in recruiting, training and developing its workforce.

239. 134. On April 28, 2023, First Citizens, by and through its counsel, sent letters to Sabow and each and every one of the Individual Defendants. True and correct copies of the

https://www.about.us.hsbc.com/newsroom/press-releases/hsbc-usa-hires-silicon-valley-veterans-t

o-lead-new-dedicated-offering-for-innovation-economy (last visited February 7, 2024). These

were the very same executives who had resigned *en masse* with their subordinates on April 9,

240. 135. Each letter outlined each of Sabow's and the Individual Defendants' obligations not to use confidential information they acquired from SVB/First Citizens (the "Company") and not to compete unfairly with the Company.

Nos. 1-1 through G1-7 and incorporated as if set forth in full herein.

letters, not including their attachments, are attached as Exhibits Afiled with this Court as ECF

241. 136. Each letter expressed the Company's concern that Sabow and each Individual Defendant has violated his/her obligations.

242. 137. Each letter contained four specific demands that the Defendant receiving the letter: (i) immediately purge and return all confidential information relating to the Company's business; (ii) immediately cease and desist from using or disclosing the Company's confidential information and provide a written assurance that s/he will refrain from such use and disclosure; (iii) provide a list of each and every employee of the Company with whom s/he communicated concerning her/his actual and/or potential departure from the Company; and (iv) provide a written assurance that s/he will take steps necessary to ensure that all evidence will be preserved. See

Exhibits AECF Nos. 1-1 through G1-7.

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138. To this date, except to state that evidence will be preserved, not neither Sabow 243. nor any one of the Individual Defendants has provided the requested written information or assurances. To be clear, Sabow's and the Individual Defendants' counsel, who also represents the HSBC Bank USA, N.A. entities, communicated with Plaintiff's First Citizens' counsel and stated that no confidential information had been misappropriated. Plaintiff's First Citizens' counsel requested a written response to the four specific demands in Exhibits AECF Nos. 1-1 through G. 1-7. To date, no such written response has been provided (except to state that evidence will be preserved). Instead, Sabow and the Individual Defendants have taken an "I only intend to address that which you can specifically prove" approach to First Citizens' demands, and they have asked First Citizens to "inform [them] if [First Citizens is] aware of any specific confidential information that First Citizens believes was disclosed to HSBC and which employee First Citizens believes made that disclosure." None of the confidential, proprietary, and confidential information disclosed above has been returned.

- Each Individual Defendant and Sabow understood that Project Colony was 244. predicated upon valuable, confidential information that was not publicly available.
- Each Individual Defendant and Sabow understood that Project Colony required a 245. simultaneous "lift-out" of dozens of key employees, the effect of which was intended to inflict serious damage upon First Citizens' ability to preserve its Technology & Healthcare Accelerator & Growth market share.
 - The Defendants' Actions Have Caused Significant Harm to First Citizens K.
- 139. By and through their wrongful conduct described throughout this Complaint, 246. the Defendants have caused significant harm to First Citizens.
- 140. As explained above, the FDIC's role in the face of a bank failure is to bring 247. calm and stability to the situation. One way it does that is to liquidate the assets of a failed bank and sell them to a healthy bank.

- <u>248.</u> <u>141.</u> When one bank buys another bank, it typically does so in order to expand its operations and increase its profitability. Increased profitability comes from:
 - a. Increased market share, <u>i.e.</u>, gaining access to new customers and markets, which leads to increased revenue and profitability;
 - b. Cost savings, <u>e.g.</u>, streamlining the two banks' operations through elimination of duplicate systems and processes, and consolidating physical locations; and
 - c. Cross-selling opportunities, <u>e.g.</u>, gaining access to new customers, products and services that the acquiring bank did not previously have, and by offering new customers, products and services to the acquired bank that it previously lacked.
- 249. 142. In bidding for SVB's assets, First Citizens had a reasonable expectation that it would acquire the assets it purchased free from unlawful interference. HSBC, with the assistance of the Individual The Defendants, deliberately undermined the value of the assets acquired by First Citizens.
- 250. 143. In addition to causing economic harm and loss, the Defendants have eroded the integrity of the auction process and diminished the trust that future buyers will have in the fairness and reliability of such transaction.
- 251. 144. By poaching the targeted executives and "key professionals"—particularlyboth through the use of confidential, proprietary and trade secret information—HSBC, and the egregious breaches of other duties—the Defendants unfairly replicated and took a large cross section of SVB's operational knowledge and unlawfully acquired an unfair competitive advantage.
- 252. 145. When banks fail, their employees face uncertainty and potential job loss. By poaching employees here and seeking to have them provide confidential, proprietary and trade secret information, HSBCthe Defendants exacerbated this uncertainty and contributed to the disruption of the job market.

253. 146. The Defendants' actions were not only unethical, but they distort the fairness of the auction process, serve to discourage future buyers, and undermine the stability of the banking industry.

147. In sum, the Defendants' conduct represents an egregious breach of confidentiality and misuse of insider knowledge. The massive resignation of employees orchestrated by HSBC and aided by the Individual Defendants disrupted First Citizens' business operations while eroding client trust. By cherry-picking key personnel who had access to and knowledge of First Citizens' confidential and proprietary information concerning SVB's operations, relationships, strategies, and other confidential information, HSBC has acquired an unfair competitive advantage, inflicted substantial damages upon First Citizens, and compromised the public interest.

- 254. 148. First Citizens is entitled to damages that include compensation for the diminution of the value of the business it acquired which is traceable to the Defendants' wrongful conduct, including such damages as are reflected by lost profits and expenses incurred. It is also entitled to recover amounts (without seeking a double recovery) that reflect the unjust enrichment of the Defendants and/or a reasonable royalty.
- 255. 149. The fact that the Defendants' actions harm the public interest and undermine the public trust only makes the conduct at issue that much more reprehensible. In addition to all damages requested herein, punitive damages of a significant magnitude are warranted to discourage the HSBC Entities and others from undermining and destabilizing the FDIC's resolution and receivership process for the purpose of enriching themselves at the expense of their competitors.

150. Defendants' naked ambitions cannot justify their actions. Sabow's own words are that it is his "ambition" "to build a market leading venture banking platform globally and my best

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2	toom mambars show this ambition " But taking property that does not rightfully belong to you is
3	team members share this ambition." But taking property that does not rightfully belong to you is
4	not building a business; that is simply theft.
5	256. 151. Aside from ambitious plans, Sabow touted the merits of his "Project Colony"
6	plan by telling the other Defendants that the business they aimed to steal take would yield
7	immediate and extraordinary profits. Misusing the data described above, Sabow projected that
8	"Project Colony" would generate more than \$66 million of direct profit contribution in its first
9	year alone. He further projected that it would generate direct profit contribution in years two
10	through five amounting to more than \$278 million, \$541 million, \$868 million, and \$1.275 billion
11	respectively.
12	257. There can be no doubt—a massive substantial damages award is warranted in
13	this case. Just based on Sabow's projections, that amount should be at least \$1 billion.
14	VII. CAUSES OF ACTION
15	A. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
16	(Breach of Contract – Confidentiality, Assignment, Non-Solicitation, and Unauthorized Competition Obligations – Against Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon)
17	Competition Congunous Figuresis Suborn, 1 arei, Steparius, 2011go, and Hanton,
18	258. <u>153. Plaintiff First Citizens</u> repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1
19	through 152260 as if set forth fully in full herein.
20	259. On March 10, 2023, SVB was closed by the California Department of Financial
21	Protection and Innovation, which appointed the FDIC as receiver for SVB
22	("FDIC-Receiver-SVB").
23	260. On March 10, 2023, FDIC-Receiver-SVB entered into a "Transfer Agreement"
24	through which it transferred substantially all of the deposits and assets to the Bridge Bank.
25	<u>Under section 2.03(a) of the Transfer Agreement, among the assets that were</u>
26	transferred from the FDIC-Receiver-SVB to the Bridge Bank were SVB's ongoing operations,
27	including its Technology and Healthcare Banking group and all of SVB's intellectual property
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3	related thereto, including trade secrets and confidential and proprietary information (the
4	"Intellectual Property")—as well as all agreements that:
5	a. protect the Intellectual Property, such as the "Confidential Information and
6	Invention Assignment Agreements for Employees" filed with the Court as ECF
7	Nos. 1-8 through 1-12 as (collectively, the "Confidentiality Agreements"). The
8	Confidentiality Agreements are incorporated by reference as if set forth in full
9	herein; and
10	b. preserve the staff to continue SVB's ongoing banking operations, such as the
11	Confidentiality Agreements and their non-solicitation covenants.
12	262. On March 27, 2023, the Bridge Bank was closed by the Office of the Comptroller
13	of the Currency, which appointed the FDIC to serve as receiver for the Bridge Bank.
14	<u>263.</u> <u>The position of the FDIC as receiver for the Bridge Bank ("FDIC-Receiver-Bridge</u>
15	Bank") is that the Confidentiality Agreements were transferred to the Bridge Bank. See ECF No.
16	<u>53-1.</u>
17	<u>Also on March 27, 2023, the FDIC-Receiver-Bridge Bank entered into a "Purchase</u>
18	and Assumption Agreement All Deposits" ("P&A Agreement") through which it transferred
19	substantially all deposits and assets of the Bridge Bank to First Citizens.
20	<u>265.</u> <u>Under section 3.1 of the P&A Agreement, among the assets that were transferred</u>
21	from the FDIC-Receiver-Bridge Bank to First Citizens were the ongoing operations of SVB's
22	Technology and Healthcare Banking group and the Intellectual Property—as well as all
23	Confidentiality Agreements that protect the Intellectual Property and preserve the staff to
24	continue such operations.
25	<u>266.</u> <u>The position of the FDIC is that the Confidentiality Agreements and the right to</u>
26	enforce them were acquired by First Citizens. See ECF No. 53-1.
27	<u>First Citizens has the right to seek to enforce the Confidentiality Agreements.</u>
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research, product plans, products, services, suppliers, business plans and strategies, markets, software, developments, inventions, technology, designs, drawings, engineering, hardware configuration information, marketing information and methods, licenses, financial proposals, financial statements, finances, transactions, budgets, all personnel information, customer lists and customers (both current and prospective, including, but not limited to, customers of the Company on whom I called or with whom I became acquainted during the Relationship) as well as customers' point of contact information, borrowing practices[,] purchasing habits, service requirements, prices and costs; or other business information disclosed to me by the Company either directly or indirectly in writing or orally or by observation of documentation, data, parts or equipment or created by me during the period of the Relationship, whether or not during working hours. . . . [Further,] "Confidential Information" includes, but is not limited to, information pertaining to any aspects of the Company's business which is either information not known by actual or potential competitors of the Company or is proprietary or trade secret information of the Company or its customers or suppliers, whether of a technical nature or otherwise.

272. 157. Sabow's Agreement contains his obligation to assign any rights to "Works," and to "concepts, know-how, improvements or trade secrets" to the Company so that it is clear that the Company owns these rights – and not Sabow. Specifically, the Agreement provides in paragraphs 4(b) and 4(c) as follows:

Assignment of Works. I agree that I will promptly make foil 4(b) written disclosure to the Company, will hold in trust for the sole right and benefit of the Company, and hereby assign to the Company, or its designee, all my right, title and interest throughout the world in and to any and ah inventions, original works of authorship, developments, concepts, know-how, improvements or trade secrets which I may solely or jointly conceive or develop of reduce to practice, or cause to be conceived of developed or reduced to practice, during the period of time in which I am employed by the Company (collectively referred to as "Works") related to the Company's business Or which relate to any actual or anticipated research or development which results from any work that I perform for the Company, of any inventions, original works of authorship, developments, concepts, know-how, improvements or trade secrets which involves, in any way, the use of the Company's equipment, supplies, facilities, trade secrets, or confidential information... I further acknowledge that all inventions, original works of authorship, developments, concepts, know-how,-improvements Or trade secrets which are made by me (solely or jointly with others) within the scope of and during the period of my Relationship with the Company are "Works made for hire" (to the greatest extent permitted by applicable law) and are compensated by my salary, unless regulated otherwise by the mandatory law of the state of California or the State in which 1 perform the majority of my service for the Company. I agree to execute all

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documents necessary to the perfection of the assignment or for the perfection and/or protection of the Company's interest or rights in such intangible assets.

4(c) Consistent with subsection 4(b) above, this Agreement does not

require assignment of any inventions which fully qualifies for protection under Section 2870 Of the California Labor Code which provides as follows: Any provision in an employment agreement which provides that an employee shall assign or offer to assign any of his or her rights in any invention to his ofor her employer Shall not apply to an invention for which no equipment, supplies, facilities or trade secret information of the employer was used and (a) which does not relate (l) to the business of the employer or (2) to the employer's actual of demonstrably anticipated research or development, or (b) which does not result from any work performed by the employee for the employer. Any provision, which purports to apply to such an invention, is to that extent against public policy of this state and is to that extent void and unenforceable.

273. 158. Sabow's Agreement also contains his commitment to return all of the Company's property and documents upon the termination of his employment with the Company. Specifically, the Agreement provides in paragraph 5 as follows:

I agree that, at the time of termination of my Relationship with the Company, I will immediately, without delay, deliver to the Company (and will not keep in my possession, recreate or deliver to anyone else) any and all Company property and documents obtained or provided to me during the Relationship. Such Company property and documents, includes, but is not limited to: records, data, notes, reports, proposals, plans, lists, forecasts, formulas, projections, bids, financial data, promotional or marketing materials, client related information or correspondence, customer lists, correspondence, tools, equipment, devices, specifications, programs, plans, proposals, ideas, drawings, blueprints, sketches, laboratory notebooks, materials, flow charts, confidential information as defined above in paragraphs 3(a) and 3(c), and any other documents or property as well as any copies, reproductions or electronic storage files containing any of the aforementioned items including but not limited to any files downloaded to cellular phone, computers or other electronic devices, or forwarded to third parties or other electronic data storage depositories.

274. 159. Sabow's Agreement also contains his acknowledgement that his "knowledge of the Company's employees' and consultants' skills, knowledge, relationships and abilities itself constitutes the Company's trade secret information." Id. at ¶ 8. Accordingly, he promised in paragraph 8 that during his employment and for a period of six months thereafter, he would not [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

solicit, induce, recruit or encourage the Company's employees or consultants to terminate their

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I agree that during the term of my Relationship with the Company, and for a period of six (6) months immediately following the termination of my Relationship with the Company for any reason, whether with or without cause, I shall not either directly or indirectly solicit, induce, recruit or encourage any of the Company's employees or consultants to terminate their relationship with the Company, or take away such employees or consultants, or attempt to solicit, induce, recruit, encourage or take away employees or consultants of the Company, either for myself or for any other person or entity without first notifying and obtaining the

relationship with the Company. Specifically, paragraph 8 of the Agreement states:

express written approval of the Company's President and CEO.

160. Sabow's Agreement also contains his promise not to compete unfairly with

the Company either during or after his employment. To this end, paragraph 9 states:

I agree that for any period during which I am employed by the Company, I will not participate in selling product lines that compete with the Company to existing Company customers or identified prospects. I further agree that, after my employment with the Company ends, that I shall not participate in selling product lines that compete with the Company to existing Company customers or its identified prospects if such conduct would require or in any way cause the disclosure, use or exploitation of any of the Company's trade secrets or confidential information (as defined by the Uniform Trade Secrets Act) or if trade secrets or confidential information obtained during my employment at the Company would give a competitive advantage over the Company. I agree that these limitations are necessary and reasonably calculated to protect the Company's trade secrets and confidential information. There shall be no exceptions to these limitations on competition unless I obtain express written approval for any exception from the Company's President and CEO. Except for these reasonable limitations, I am free to obtain employment with other companies in the financial services industry. Accordingly, I understand this provision shall not be construed to prevent me from being gainfully employed in the financial services industry by a competitor of the Company.

161. Just like Sabow, Defendants Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon signed 276. Confidentiality Agreements with the Company. True and correct copies of their Agreements are attached as Exhibits I filed with this Court as ECF Nos. 1-9 through 1-12 and incorporated by reference as if set forth fully in full herein. Although the verbiage of Patel's, Stepanis's, Longo's, and Hanlon's Agreements differs slightly from Sabow's Agreement, the substance is the [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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3	same. Like Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon agreed that: (ia) they will not use or
4	disclose the Company's Confidential Information except on behalf of the Company; (iib) they
5	will return the Company's property and documents upon the termination of their employment;
6	(iiic) "Works for Hire" belong to the Company; (d) during their employment and for a period of at
7	least six months thereafter, they would not solicit, induce, recruit or encourage the Company's
8	employees or consultants to terminate their relationship with the Company; and (ive) they will not
9	compete unfairly with the Company. See Exhibit I at ECF No. 1-9 ¶¶ 3, 4 , 5, 78 and 9; Exhibits
10	J ECF Nos. 1-10 and K at 1-11 \P 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8; Exhibit L at ECF No. 1-12 \P 3, 4, 5, 8 and 9.
11	277. 162. By and through their conduct described above, Sabow, Patel, Stepanis,
12	Longo, and Hanlon breached the provisions of their Agreements referenced above.
13	278. 163. The Company has performed, or substantially performed, all of its obligations
14	under the Agreements and met and satisfied all conditions precedent.
15	279. 164. The Agreement Agreements of Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon are
16	valid and enforceable. 165. The Agreement was supported by adequate consideration.
17	103. The Agreement was supported by adequate consideration.
18	280. The Agreements were supported by adequate consideration including initial
19	employment with SVB and continued employment with First Citizens, access to confidential and
20	trade secret information, compensation, benefits and more.
21	281. 166. Plaintiff First Citizens has been damaged by these breaches in an amount to be
22	determined at trial, but in excess of \$1 billion.
23	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
24	(Breach of Contract - Notice Obligations - Against Andersen and Patel)
25	167. Plaintiff repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 166 as if set forth-
26	fully herein.
27	
28	[Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].
	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

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Management, Life Sciences for SVB. This position was a promotion for Andersen, and she received an increase in pay. She also received additional benefits including incentive compensation and the ability to participate in SVB's Equity Incentive Plan Awards. In this position, she reported directly to Sabow, who at the time was the Head of Life Sciences and Technology Banking. In her offer letter, which was signed by Sabow, and which she accepted and signed, Andersen agreed to provide SVB with sixty days' notice of her resignation. Her offer letter, which was also signed by Sabow, stated in pertinent part as follows:

Because continuity is critical to both SVB Financial Group's operations as well as that of our clients, you agree to provide sixty (60) days' notice prior to terminating your employment with us to assure the successful completion of projects and transition of work to your successor, and you also agree not to commence employment elsewhere until completion of this sixty (60) day notice period. Similarly, SVB Financial Group agrees to provide you with sixty (60) days' notice prior to terminating your employment for performance or economic reasons. This mandatory notice period will not apply if you are terminated for fraud, harassment, conflict of interest in violation of SVB Financial Group's Code of Conduct or other acts of moral or legal turpitude. During the sixty (60) day notice period, you will continue to receive your full pay and benefits, and your duties will focus on assisting SVB Financial Group in transitioning work to which you were assigned and other administrative tasks on an as-needed basis. During this sixty (60) day notice period, SVB Financial Group in its sole discretion may cease to assign work to you, modify the work you perform, place you on leave or require you not to attend work for all or a portion of the notice period. You agree that even if you are inactive for some or all of the notice period, this notice period shall not constitute constructive discharge of your employment. You further agree that this mandatory notice period does not otherwise alter your at-will employment with SVB Financial Group. Throughout the sixty (60) day notice period, the terms of your employment will continue in force including those relating to your compensation, duty of lovalty and exclusivity of employment with SVB Financial Group. Thissixty (60) day notice period can only be modified through written agreement between you and SVB Financial Group, except that it may be waived in SVB Financial Group's sole discretion upon request.

(emphasis added). A true and correct copy of Andersen's offer letter is attached is Exhibit M

and incorporated by reference as if set forth fully herein. Andersen also agreed to provide notice

sixty (60) day notice period, the terms of your employment will continue in force including those relating to your compensation, duty of loyalty and exclusivity of employment with SVB Financial Group.

A true and correct copy of Patel's Offer Letter is attached as Exhibit O and incorporated by

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1	Case 3:23-cv-02483-LB Document 76-1 Filed 02/07/24 Page 81 of 121 [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].
2 3	reference as if set forth fully herein.
	173. At or about 9:00 p.m. on April 9, 2023, Easter Sunday, Andersen and Patel breached
	their contracts by resigning without providing sixty days' notice.
	174. The Company has performed, or substantially performed, all of its obligations under
	the Agreements and met and satisfied all conditions precedent.
	175. The notice obligations of Andersen and Patel are valid and enforceable.
	176. The notice obligations were supported by adequate consideration.
	177. Plaintiff has been damaged by these breaches in an amount to be determined at trial,
	but in excess of \$1 billion.
	B. <u>THIRD</u> <u>SECOND</u> CAUSE OF ACTION
	(Breach of Contract – First Citizens Agreements – Against Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen)
	282. 178. PlaintiffFirst Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1
	through 177260 as if set forth fullyin full herein.
	283. 179. After First Citizens won the auction for SVB, Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo,
	Hanlon, and Andersen each applied to become and subsequently became executive employees of
	First Citizens.
	284. 180. As a condition of their employment with First Citizens, Stepanis, Patel,
	Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen each executed First Citizens' New Hire Acknowledgement
	agreement. True and correct copies of the New Hire Acknowledgement agreements are attached
	as Exhibits Pfiled with this Court as ECF Nos. 1-16 through U1-21 and incorporated by
	reference as if set forth fully in full herein.
	285. 181. The New Hire Acknowledgement agreements state in pertinent part as
	follows:
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	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST

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You are responsible for understanding and following all First Citizens' policies, standards, and procedures to which you are subject....

2. Maintain Integrity

2.1 In General

As used in this Code, "integrity" means possessing and steadfastly adhering to principles of honesty, reliability, courtesy, accuracy, confidentiality, and trustworthiness. Associates are expected to act with integrity in all matters and protect and maintain the first citizens integrity and reputation at all times.

2.2 Confidentiality and Privacy of Information...

You **must not access, disclose, or use** non-public information concerning First Citizens, its customers, suppliers, vendors, or anyone doing business with First Citizens **unless there is a business need to do so and you have the appropriate authorization**. Your responsibilities regarding non-public information include, but are not limited to, the following:

- ...Use information only for its intended use in carrying out your duties as a First Citizens associate;
- Do not send non-public information to your personal email address...;
- Do not use information for unauthorized purposes, such as for your personal advantage or to provide advantage to others....

Safeguarding and protecting non-public information are continuing obligations, even after you are no longer employed by First Citizens. When you leave First Citizens' employ, you must immediately do the following regarding non-public information:

- Return to First Citizens all records or files in any format, whether written, printed, or electronic (including all originals and any copies or other reproductions), and all lists, summaries, compilations, extracts, or other representations of information, in your possession or control;
- Permanently delete any information electronically stored on any personal devices; and
- Not use information for your own personal benefit or for the benefit of any third party.

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<u>79</u>

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3	Other solutions as approved by Information Security
4	* * *
5	8.7 Mobile Devices
6	Mobile devices must not store, transmit, or receive Restricted FCB information without FCB approved protection mechanisms (such as the
7	secure messaging service, whole-disk encryption, or Virtual Private
8	Network (VPN).
9	* * *
10	13. Acceptable Use of Email and Messaging Platforms
11	13.1 Business Use
12	Email and instant messaging must only be used for business related
13	communications and must not be used for personal use, except as permitted by these Standards or applicable law.
14	13.2 Unlawful Messages
15 16	Email and instant messaging systems must not be used to send fraudulent,
	harassing, obscene, threatening, or other unlawful messages.
17	13.3 Approved Messaging Systems
18 19	Users must not send business related email or electronic messages containing Restricted data to Users, clients, customers, and business
20	partners through any means other than FCB's approved email and messaging systems. Use of external / public email and instant messaging
21	systems (e.g., Hotmail, Gmail, AOL, AIM, MSN Messenger) for sending business related information is prohibited.
22	* * *
23	13.4.4 Secure Messages in Accordance with Data Classification
24	Email containing Restricted information must be sent securely using
25	established FCB procedures and must not be sent without an acceptable business need and justification.
26	
27	13.4.5 Personal Email Addresses
28	
	[Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. 83
	Plaintiff First-Citizens Bank & Trust

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2	Standards is attached as Exhibit X filed with this Court as ECF No. 1-24 and incorporated by	
3	reference as if set forth fullyin full herein.	
4		
5	289. 185. By and through their conduct described above, Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen breached their New Hire Acknowledgement agreements.	
6		
7	290. 186. The Company has performed, or substantially performed, all of its	
8	obligations under the New Hire Acknowledgement agreements and met and satisfied all	
9	conditions precedent.	
10	291. 187. The New Hire Acknowledgement agreements with Stepanis, Patel, Kidder,	
11	Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen are valid and enforceable.	
12	292. 188. The New Hire Acknowledgement agreements were supported by adequate	
13	consideration including initial employment with SVB and continued employment with First	
14	<u>Citizens, access to confidential and trade secret information, compensation, benefits and more.</u>	
15	293. 189. Plaintiff First Citizens has been damaged by these breaches in an amount to be	
16	determined at trial, but in excess of \$1 billion.	
17	C. <u>FOURTHTHIRD</u> CAUSE OF ACTION	
18	(Breach of Duty of Loyalty Against Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and Andersen)	
19	294. 190. Plaintiff First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1	
20	through 189260 as if set forth fully in full herein.	
21	295. 191. As employees of First Citizens, Stepanis, Patel, Kidder, Longo, Hanlon, and	
22	Andersenthe Individual Defendants owed First Citizens an undivided duty of loyalty and care to	
23	act in the utmost good faith, with undivided interests and with faithful service, and to place First	
24	Citizens' interests ahead of their own and not to act for persons or entities whose interests would	
25	conflict with those of First Citizens. This duty includes of loyalty included an obligation not to	
26	take action which is no actions inimical to the best interests of First Citizens. It also	
27 28	includes included an obligation to warn First Citizens of imminent threats, particularly those that	
26	[Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].	
	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST	

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1	Case 3:23-cv-02483-LB Document 76-1 Filed 02/07/24 Page 92 of 121 [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].
2 3	and Kidder did not inform First Citizens that they and Roberts were targeting these employees for
4	<u>a mass departure.</u>
5	<u>Stepanis and Andersen</u>
6	304. Sabow recruited Stepanis and Andersen to join the effort to gather other First
7	Citizens employees for execution of Project Colony, culminating in their active participation in
8	another one of Michael Roberts' April 8, 2023 calls to recruit other employees for the April 9,
9	2023 mass resignation.
10	<u>As of March 23, 2023, Stepanis was "in" on the plot, according to Sabow's</u>
11	<u>Tracking Spreadsheet. Stepanis remained "in" on the plot after she became a First Citizens</u>
12	employee on March 27, 2023. Andersen agreed to participate in Project Colony after March 23,
13	<u>2023, and before April 8, 2023.</u>
14	<u>306.</u> On March 31, while still an employee of First Citizens, Stepanis suggested that
15	Co-Defendant Longo ask Michael Roberts for 100 offer letters for First Citizens employees,
16	consistent with Project Colony's mass resignation strategy.
17	<u>The following week, on April 6, 2023, Stepanis called one of the Project Colony</u>
18	targets, a First Citizens employee on her team, who ultimately resigned from First Citizens to join
19	HUSI and HSBC Bank USA. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and
20	discovery, Stepanis urged the employee to resign from First Citizens and join HUSI and HSBC
21	Bank USA.
22	308. Stepanis and Andersen communicated with HSBC's Head of Executive
23	Recruitment on or before April 8, 2023. Stepanis and Andersen requested that the Head of
24	Executive Recruitment set up a separate meeting on April 8 between Michael Roberts, them, and
25	the members of their teams (First Citizens employees) they had recruited to join HSBC Bank
26	<u>USA</u>
27	309. Stepanis and Andersen were present on a call that Roberts held with them and the
28	First Citizens employees they supervised on Saturday, April 8, 2023. As First Citizens expects to
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	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY'S FIRST AMENINED COMPLAINT

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guidance, encouragement, and direct assistance, the HSBC Entities caused Sabow, Patel,
 Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon to breach their contractual obligations to First Citizens by
 facilitating the lift out of First Citizens' employees in secret.
 335. Sabow instructed, aided and encouraged Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon to
 engage in the conduct that constitutes a breach of their Confidentiality Agreements by directing

engage in the conduct that constitutes a breach of their Confidentiality Agreements by directing and facilitating these defendants to solicit, induce, and encourage First Citizens employees to terminate their relationship with First Citizens and join HSBC. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow (a) secured leadership positions and liability protections in exchange for their breach; (b) directed and advised them to recruit specified First Citizens employees to resign *en masse* and accept offers of employment from HSBC, and (c) assisted and coordinated the Easter weekend interviews, offers, and resignations. Through these incentives, guidance, encouragement, and direct assistance, Sabow induced Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon to breach contracts with First Citizens by facilitating the lift out, keeping the scheme a secret from First Citizens, and unfairly competing with First Citizens during their employment.

336. Sabow, Patel, Stepanis, Longo, and Hanlon did in fact breach their Confidentiality

Agreements.

337. Sabow also instructed, aided and encouraged the Individual Defendants to engage in conduct that constituted a breach of their New Hire Acknowledgment agreements, including by assisting and directing the Individual Defendants to solicit, induce, and encourage First Citizens employees to terminate their relationship with First Citizens and join HSBC. As First Citizens expects to establish upon further investigation and discovery, Sabow (a) secured leadership positions and liability protections in exchange for their breach; (b) directed and advised them to recruit specified First Citizens employees to resign *en masse* and accept offers of employment from HSBC, and (c) assisted and coordinated the Easter weekend interviews, offers, and resignations. Through these incentives, guidance, encouragement, and direct assistance, Sabow [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].

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3	341. 221. The foregoing conduct of the HSBC Entities and Sabow was willful and
4	malicious, was performed with intent to injure PlaintiffFirst Citizens, and was without
5	justification or privilege. <u>HSBC's and Sabow's The</u> conduct <u>were of the HSBC entities and Sabow</u>
6	was undertaken in furtherance of itstheir/his own personal interest.
7	342. 222. Plaintiff First Citizens has been damaged by HSBC's the HSBC Entities' and
8	Sabow's actions in an amount to be determined at trial, but in excess of \$1 billion.
9	F. EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION
10	(Tortious Interference with Prospective Economic Advantage Against All Defendants)
11	343. 223. Plaintiff First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1
12	through 222260 as if set forth fully in full herein.
13	344. Sabow and the HSBC Entities wished to take that which they could not or did not
14	purchase and put First Citizens "out of business." They accomplished this objective by
15	conspiring with, incentivizing, and inducing the Individual Defendants to breach their duty of
16	loyalty to divert First Citizens' employees and take First Citizens' business for their individual
17	and collective economic benefit. As employees and agents of the HSBC Entities, acting with the
18	HSBC's actual or apparent authority, Sabow and other HSBC executives executed the Project
19	Colony plan to raid First Citizens' "profitability engine" for the HSBC Entities.
20	345. 224. Defendants knew that Plaintiff First Citizens entered into a purchase and
21	assumption agreement with the FDIC for all certain of the assets of the Bridge Bank.
22	346. 225. Defendants knew that Plaintiff First Citizens stood to profit from the purchase-
23	of SVB. They understood that as a result of the purchase, Plaintiff First Citizens would gain
24	increased market share through access to new customers and markets. They likewise understood
25	that Plaintiff First Citizens would profit through cross-selling opportunities, such as by gaining
26	access to new products and services arising from SVB's unique market. They also knew that
27	Plaintiff First Citizens would profit by continuing to employ key members of SVB's workforce.
28	[Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. 101
	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY'S FIRST AMENIED COMPLAINT

1	Case 3:23-cv-02483-LB Document 76-1 Filed 02/07/24 Page 106 of 121 [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].
2	226. HSBC wished to steal that which it could not or did not purchase, and it conspired
3	
4	with the Individual Defendants to engage in the misconduct described above to effectuate the
5	theft of First Citizens' business for their collective economic benefit.
6	<u>347.</u> By and through their wrongful conduct described above, <u>breaches of duty of</u>
7	loyalty, the Individual Defendants disrupted Plaintiff's First Citizens' employment relationships
8	with First Citizens' employees, and Defendants disrupted Plaintiff's First Citizens' economic
9	relationships with First Citizens' customers.
10	348. 228. The foregoing conduct of Defendants was willful and malicious, was
11	performed with intent to injure Plaintiff First Citizens, and was without justification or privilege.
12	The Defendants' conduct was undertaken in furtherance of their own personal interest.
13	349. 229. Plaintiff First Citizens has been damaged by Defendants' actions in an amount
14	to be determined at trial, but in excess of \$1 billion.
15	G. SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION
16	(Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices,
17	NCGS § 75-1.1 et seq. Against All Defendants)
18	350. <u>First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 260 as if</u>
19	set forth in full herein.
20	<u>351.</u> <u>Defendants engaged in unfair and unethical competition by executing a mass</u>
21	departure of First Citizens' key employees, inducing Individual Defendants' breach of their
22	agreements and duty of loyalty, and engaging in a coordinated action undertaken for the purpose
23	of gaining a competitive advantage over First Citizens and damaging its ability to maintain its
24	market share and customers.
25	<u>352.</u> <u>Defendants engaged in unfair and deceptive competitive acts, which occurred prior</u>
26	to and have continued after First Citizens' acquisition of SVB on March 27, 2023, including but
27	not limited to: (a) participating in a scheme to surreptitiously cause employee departures in the
28	[Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. 102
	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST 102 COMPANY'S FIRST AMENDED COMPANY ONLY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

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maintain their secrecy.

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1	Case 3:23-cv-02483-LB Document 76-1 Filed 02/07/24 Page 111 of 121 [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].		
1	[Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].		
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3	371. 243. Plaintiff First Citizens did not consent to the use and disclosure of its trade		
4	secrets, nor did it consent to HSBC's the acquisition of its trade secrets by the HSBC Entities.		
5	372. 244. Plaintiff's First Citizens' trade secrets at issue in this case are related to		
6	products and services that are placed in or are intended to be placed in, interstate or foreign		
7	commerce due to the fact that SVB's products and services are used and sold across the United		
8	States and internationally.		
9	<u>373.</u> <u>245.</u> Defendants expended great effort to conceal their misappropriation of		
10	Plaintiff's First Citizens' trade secrets including by expediting the use of trade secrets over the		
11	course of Easter weekend so that Plaintiff First Citizens would be caught by surprise.		
12	<u>374.</u> <u>246. Upon information and belief As First Citizens expects to establish upon</u>		
13	<u>further investigation and discovery</u> , Defendants intend to continue using <u>Plaintiff's First Citizens'</u>		
14	trade secrets.		
15	375. 247. Defendants' misappropriation of Plaintiff's First Citizens' trade secrets was		
16	willful and malicious, was performed with intent to injure Plaintiff First Citizens, and was without		
17	justification or privilege. Defendants' conduct was undertaken in furtherance of their own		
18	personal interest.		
19	376. 248. Plaintiff First Citizens has been damaged by Defendants' actions in an amount		
20	to be determined at trial, but in excess of \$1 billion.		
21	I. TENTHNINTH CAUSE OF ACTION		
22	(Violation of the California Uniform Trade Secrets Act,		
23	Cal. Civ. Code § 3426, And/Or the North Carolina Trade Secrets Protection Act, § 66-152 et seq. Against All Defendants)		
24	377. 249. Plaintiff First Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1		
25	through 248260 as if set forth fully in full herein.		
26	<u>378.</u> <u>250.</u> The <u>confidential and proprietary</u> information described above constitutes		
27	Plaintiff's First Citizens' trade secrets.		
28			
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	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST 107 COMPANY'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT		

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2	202 Fine China de la contrationa in this construction and contrations
3	<u>392.</u> <u>First Citizens' trade secrets at issue in this case are related to products and services</u>
4	that are placed in or are intended to be placed in, interstate or foreign commerce due to the fact
5	that SVB's products and services are used and sold across the United States and internationally.
6	393. 258. Defendants expended great effort to conceal their misappropriation of
7	Plaintiff's First Citizens' trade secrets including by expediting the use of trade secrets over the
8	course of Easter weekend so that Plaintiff First Citizens would be caught by surprise.
9	394. 259. Upon information and belief As First Citizens expects to establish upon
10	<u>further investigation and discovery</u> , Defendants intend to continue using <u>Plaintiff's First Citizens'</u>
11	trade secrets.
12	395. 260. Defendants' misappropriation of Plaintiff's First Citizens' trade secrets was
13	willful and malicious, was performed with intent to injure Plaintiff First Citizens, and was without
14	justification or privilege. The Defendants' conduct was undertaken in furtherance of their own
15	personal interest.
16	396. 261. Plaintiff First Citizens has been damaged by Defendants' actions in an amount
17	to be determined at trial, but in excess of \$1 billion. ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION
18	
19	(Violation of the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act,
20	18 U.S.C.§ 1030 Against Sabow and the HSBC Defendants)
21	262. Plaintiff repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 261 as if set forth
22	fully herein.
23	263. The computer system used by the employee from whom Sabow requested
24	information via instant message on March 16, 2023 is a "protected computer" pursuant to 18-
25	
26	U.S.C. § 1030 in that it was and is a computer used regularly and consistently by the Company to
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	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT
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2	268. Based upon such wrongful actions, the Company has incurred losses exceeding
3	\$5,000.00 in a one year period; the costs of responding to the wrongful actions of the Defendants,
' 4 	conducting damage assessments, identifying and tracing the information the Defendants have
5	misappropriated, and restoring data, programs, systems, and information to the conditions in
6 7	which they existed prior to the Defendants' wrongful activity; lost revenue; and other-
8	
9	consequential damages incurred by the Company related thereto.
10	269. As a result of the wrongful acts alleged herein, the Defendants caused the Company
10	to be damaged in an amount to be determined at trial and in excess of the jurisdictional threshold.
12	J. <u>TWELFTH TENTH</u> CAUSE OF ACTION
13	(Civil Conspiracy Against All Defendants)
14	397. 270. PlaintiffFirst Citizens repeats, realleges, and incorporates paragraphs 1
15	through 269260 as if set forth fully herein.
16	398. 271. Defendants (between them and with others) formed and operated a malicious
17	combination with a common design to injure Plaintiff First Citizens by (a) performing unlawful
18	acts by violating Plaintiff's First Citizens' contractual, statutory and common law rights as
19	described above for the unlawful purpose of diverting business and economic gain from
20	Plaintiff First Citizens, and/or (b) performing the lawful acts of competing with Plaintiff First
21	<u>Citizens</u> and hiring certain of <u>Plaintiff's First Citizens'</u> personnel, but to dodoing so through the
22	unlawful means of violating Plaintiff's First Citizens' contractual, statutory and common law
23	rights as described above.
24	399. 272. The foregoing conduct of the Defendants was malicious, was performed with
25	intent to injure Plaintiff First Citizens, and was without justification or privilege. Sabow and the
26	Individual Defendants' conduct was undertaken in furtherance of their own personal interests and
27	for the benefit of HSBC.
28	[Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. [Link-to-previous setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. 113
	PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST 113 COMPANY'S FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

.	Case 3:23-cv-02483-LB Document 76-1 Filed 02/07/24 Page 118 of 121 [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.].
1	
$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	400. 273. One or some or all of the Defendants engaged in overt unlawful acts and
4	conduct violative of Plaintiff's First Citizens' contractual, common law and statutory rights as
5	described above, and did so with the knowledge, aid, agreement, and support of the other
6	Defendants, causing actual harm to PlaintiffFirst Citizens.
7	401. 274. By virtue of the formation and operation of this conspiracy by Defendants,
8	and as a consequence of the above-described wrongful acts and conduct and the harm and injury
9	caused to PlaintiffFirst Citizens thereby, each Defendant as a participant in this conspiracy is
10	liable as a joint tortfeasor for each and every one of the above-described acts committed by each
11	Defendant/co-conspirator.
12	402. 275. PlaintiffFirst Citizens has been damaged by Defendants' actions in an amount
13	to be determined at trial, but in excess of \$1 billion.
14	VIII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF
15	WHEREFORE, PlaintiffFirst Citizens demands judgment in its favor and jointly and
16	severally against Defendants on each and every count, together with the following relief:
17	A. An award of damages for such actual losses as may be proven at trial in an amount to
18	exceed \$1 billion; and/or
19	
20	B. an award of damages for unjust enrichment caused by the Defendants' unauthorized
21	use or disclosure of confidential information and trade secrets belonging to
22	Plaintiff First Citizens which are not otherwise addressed in computing actual losses;
23	and/or
24	C. in lieu of damages measured by other methods, an award of reasonable royalties for
25	the Defendants' unauthorized use or disclosure of Plaintiff's First Citizens'
26	confidential information and trade secrets; and/or
27	
28	
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	114 PLAINTIFF FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST

Case 3:23-cv-02483-LB Document 76-1 Filed 02/07/24 Page 119 of 12 [Different first page setting changed from off in original to on in modified.]. D. an award of punitive and/or exemplary and/or treble damages as permit			
	ted by law in		
D. an award of punitive and/or exemplary <u>and/or treble</u> damages as permit	ted by law in		
an amount to be proved at trial; and/or			
5 E an award of attorneys' fees, costs, and interest as permitted by law; and	1		
E. an award of attorneys fees, costs, and interest as permitted by law, and	/or		
F. an award for prejudgment interest; and/or	F. an award for prejudgment interest; and/or		
7 G such other and further relief as this Court deems just and equitable			
8	G. such other and further relief as this Court deems just and equitable.		
9 X. JURY DEMAND	IX. JURY DEMAND		
Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Plaintiff First Citizens he	ereby demands		
trial by jury of all issues properly triable thereby.			
12 Dated: May 22 February 7, 2023 2024	Dated: May 22 February 7, 2023 2024		
13 By: <u>/s/</u>	3 By: /s/		
14 Andrew C. Crane (State Bar No. 2852	211)		
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Table Insert	2	
Table Delete	2	
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Embedded Excel	0	
Format changes	0	
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